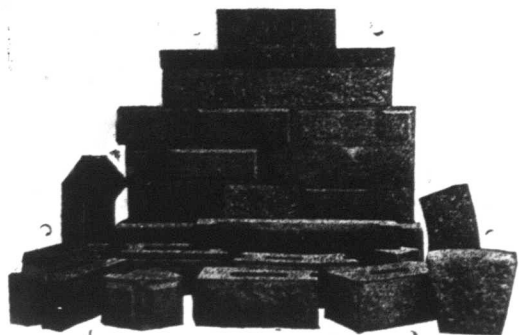


THE NAPANEE

Vol. L No 46 - E. J. POLLARD, Editor and Proprietor.

NAPANEE, ONT., CANADA



**JOY'S
Brick and
Block
Yard.**

Now is the time to build and make your repairs, while material is cheap and plentiful. JOY & SON have a large stock on hand, and are prepared to fill all orders on the shortest notice, for Brick, Concrete Blocks, and all kinds of Ornamental Stone for verandah construction.

A Full Line of Sewer and Drain Tile on Hand.

Well Curbing for all size wells.—We build a fireproof and indestructible Chimney which any handy man can put in place.—We wholesale and retail Portland Cement. Special prices in car lots.—Estimates furnished for all kinds of buildings. Give us a call. Office and factory near G. T. R. bridge.

JOY & SON.

New Sanitary Meat Market

Market Square, Napanee.

A choice selection of Poultry, the finest quality obtainable, especially fed and procured. Turkeys, geese, ducks, fowls, chickens, and roasters, purposely provided for Thanksgiving.

Also choice western beef, spring lamb, pork, and home-made lard, sausage and head cheese.

Choice line of Cooked Meats—veal, ham and tongue, veal and tongue, roast ham, boiled ham, and English corn beef.

Fearman's hams and bacon.

Davies hams and bacon.

Fowler's hams and bacon.

All a reliable quality—government inspected.

Prompt delivery.

Phone 135. 15c

A. KELLY.

**Grass and
Clover Seed
Wanted**

ALSO APPLES

at Evaporator—foot of West Street.

Prices from 20c to 60c per cwt.

Three Cuminston

NOTICE is hereby given that a By-Law was passed by the Council of the Municipal Corporation of the Township of Sheffield, in the County of Lennox and Addington, on the fourth day of September, A. D., 1911, providing for the issue of Debentures to the amount of \$3500.00 for the purpose of purchasing for Public School Section No. 6, of the said Township of Sheffield, a new school site and erecting thereon a new school house and furnishing the same according to law, and that such By-Law was registered in the Registry Office of the County of Lennox and Addington, on the fifth day of September, A. D., 1911.

Any motion to quash or set aside the same, or any part thereof, must be made within three months after the first publication of this notice and cannot be made thereafter.

Dated the sixth day of September, A. D., 1911, and first published in the Napanee Express newspaper, (published at Napanee) on Friday, 8th September, 1911.

39 c-m JAS. AYLSWORTH,
Clerk of the said Township of Sheffield.

WANTED

A live representative for Napanee and surrounding district to sell high class stock for

The Fonhill Nurseries

More fruit trees will be planted in the fall of 1911 and spring of 1912 than ever before in the history of Ontario.

The orchard of the future will be the best paying part of the farm.

We teach our men salesmanship, tree culture and how big profits in fruit growing can be made.

Pay weekly, permanent employment, exclusive territory.
Write for full particulars.

STONE & WELLINGTON,
Toronto, Ont.

All the best "Dyes", in latest colors, for all kinds of cloth, at Hooper's—Napanee's Largest Drug Store.

NOT A FISH STORY.

The Narrator Could Qualify In That Class, However.

"When I was a boy," said the story teller, "I lived in the oil country and my grandfather owned a big farm there. They had never found oil within five or six miles of grandfather's place, but they were gradually edging along in his direction, and we all expected that sooner or later somebody would uncover a gusher there. That would mean a fortune for grandfather, and as I was his only heir I naturally took considerable interest in the matter. Well, one day a rich oil man came along and made an offer for grandfather's farm. They had struck a good well near by, and everybody had come to the conclusion that grandfather's farm was in the middle of the oil belt. Our friends advised against the acceptance of the first offer, which would have been twenty times as much as the farm would have been worth if no oil had been there, but it was certain that if oil were discovered on the farm we could get \$50,000 and perhaps \$100,000 more than the price mentioned by the first bidder.

"Seeing that grandfather wouldn't sell, the man leased a couple of acres from him and started to put down a test well. It was expected that they would have to drill about 1,000 feet to reach the sand in which the oil was located, and when they got down that far not a sign of oil had been found, so they decided to torpedo the thing.

"The scheme was to put a lot of nitro-glycerine into the well and blow it up. That often made gushers of what at first seemed to be dry holes. They brought a large quantity of the explosive stuff to the farm and stored it in a little shed, expecting to blow up the well the next day. Here's where the hard luck comes in.

"It happened that I had a goat, and this goat got into the shed where the explosive was stored. Boylike I rushed in to get the goat out, and grandfather and a crowd of the well-drillers saw me. They were horror-stricken. For a moment nobody could move or even speak. Then grandfather offered his farm to any one who would rescue me. One of the drillers accepted the offer and entered the shed, where he succeeded in getting the goat by the horns just before he had butted into the can of nitro-glycerine.

"He flung the goat out through the open door of the shed, and then, catching me in his arms, carried me out in safety to grandfather. The old gentleman insisted on deeding the place over to him then and there. The next day they attempted to torpedo the well and then it was discovered that the can which was supposed to be full of nitro-glycerine contained nothing but lard, and the goat died of the shock it had sustained when it was thrown from the shed. Eventually the well turned out to be a gusher."

Strategy.

"Mercy, John! There isn't a thing in the house fit to eat!"
"I know it, Maria; that's why I brought him to dinner. I want him to see how frugally we live. He's my principal creditor."

Saved.

He—So Billy has told you that he saved me from a watery grave?
She—H'm! He told me he'd saved

SELBY.

The trustees of St. John's church are repairing the tower.
Mrs. G. Hudgin, who has been quite ill, is better.

The young people are practising for a concert.

Mrs. J. Gonn and Mrs. F. L. Amey spent a few days last week with friends at Murvale.

R. Grange is ploughing on his place near Switzerville.

Mrs. Hunt is the guest of Mrs. Bowen Sharp's Corners.

Mrs. Thomas and daughter, of London, are the guests at Rev. Mr. Down's.

ROBLIN.

We are having very cool weather at present.

Mr. Jack McConnell spent Sunday at Mr. G. Morgans.

Miss Mary Woodall, of Toronto, is spending a few weeks with her sister, Mrs. Fred Bradshaw.

Mr. Anson McKeown, Croydon, spent last Thursday evening in the village.

Mr. Grover Wagar, Enterprise, at Mr. G. Richardsons on Sunday last.

Miss Violet Lasher spent a few days last week in Marlbank attending the Thompson-Mowers wedding.

Mr. Bob Asselstine made a flying trip through here on Thursday evening en route to Mr. C. Kellars, Sharp's Corners.

Miss Lottie Bradshaw spent Sunday at Mr. D. Lashers.

Mrs. Annie Kimmett spent a few days last week with her daughter, Mrs. Vernie Oliver, Deseronto.

Owing to the storm on Sunday evening there was no church here.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

GREYNA.

A few here have viewed the comet, first in the western and now in the eastern sky.

Mr. Jas. Keech, Macdonald, has rented the old Wagar farm for next year, and has been ploughing there.

Mr. and Mrs. Elwood Joyce have a little girl boarder come to stay with them, also Mr. and Mrs. Norman Fitchett have a young son.

Miss Louise Creighton, Hawley, visited Miss Maria Hough over Sunday.

Mrs. Ed. McCaul and four children returned home, on Friday, after a couple weeks' visit at J. P. Mellow's.

Mr. and Mrs. E. Alkenbrack and little son, Earl, Mt. Pleasant, and Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Withers and children, Tyendinaga, visited Mr. and Mrs. A. Sills on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. G. Post and children visited Mr. and Mrs. B. Young on Sunday.

Miss Ethel Howell returned home on Saturday after a few days' visit with Mrs. J. Loyst, Napanee.

DESERONTO.

Mr. and Mrs. Tom Longboat, of Toronto, were on the Reserve to attend the funeral of Mrs. Dow Claus last week.

ALSO APPLES

at Evaporator—foot of West Street.

Prices from 20c to 60c per cwt.

Thos. Symington.

A census of London paupers made by the poor law commission indicates that the number has been underestimated, and it amounts to forty-eight for every 1,000 inhabitants.

STONE & WELLINGTON,

Toronto, Ont.

All the best "Dyes", in latest colors, for all kinds of cloth, at Hooper's—Napanee's Largest Drug Store.

Good Pickling Spices.

All kinds of pickle spices at Wallace's Drug Store. Fruit Vinegar, 30c gallon, proof vinegar, 40c gallon, pickle bottle corks, all sizes. Jar rings 5c dozen, the thick red perfect ring, 10c doz. Preserving powder, 10c package. Everything fresh and good at Wallace's.

"Mercy, John! There isn't a thing in the house fit to eat!"
"I know it, Maria; that's why I brought him to dinner. I want him to see how frugally we live. He's my principal creditor."

Saved.

He—So Billy has told you that he saved me from a watery grave?
She—H'm! He told me he'd saved you from a much worse place than that!—M.A.P.

Self Evident.

"Before we married you called me an angel."
"And I still do so. Are you not continually harping?"

Sunday.
Miss Ethel Howell returned home on Saturday after a few days visit with Mrs. J. Loyst, Napanee.

DESERONTO.

Mr. and Mrs. Tom Longboat, of Toronto, were on the Reserve to attend the funeral of Mrs. Dow Claus last week.

Miss Marjorie Rathbun has gone to Kingston to be the guest of Mrs. J. H. V. Crowe at the Royal Military College.

The Rev. Jos. Barnes, B. A., of Tamworth, will preach at the Thanksgiving Services, in the Methodist Church, next Sunday.

Good news! We have been credibly informed that a gang of men will start almost immediately installing our street lamps.

Harry Kellar's many friends are glad to see him again in town, who all hope his rest has restored his strength. Mr. Kellar is arranging with a practical harness maker to come and assist him in his shop.

Dr. and Mrs. Pasmore are going to Rockwood over Thanksgiving to enjoy a family reunion. They will leave on Saturday and will return on Monday evening. The drug store will be closed Monday.

The first cold breeze will remind you of that window glass that is to be put in before the winter arrives. You get "Pilkington's" (English) glass, free from flaws, and uniform thickness at The Medical Hall—Fred L. Hooper.

WOODLOT INSPECTION BY GOVERNMENT.

Increasing difficulty is being found in obtaining an adequate supply of hardwood lumber for the industries of Canada. The hardwood tracts of the eastern province for a long time have not been able to meet the demand, and in 1910, 50 per cent of the hardwood used in Canada was imported from the United States. The United States although with a much larger supply of hardwood on hand is also seeing that the annual consumption far exceeds the annual growth and that the virgin supply is being rapidly reduced. By practical demonstration it has been proven, that waste land if planted in young hardwoods, will prove a profitable investment at the end of twenty-five years or more, and will improve the productiveness of the surrounding farm land. In the eastern provinces of Canada and in Ontario, particularly, are large tracts of such land, covered at present with an unprofitable tree growth, which through being sandy, rocky or low lying, cannot be treated as agricultural lands. The Forestry Branch of the Department of the Interior is taking a practical interest in the farmer's woodlots of Ontario, in an effort to make otherwise useless land supply hardwood lumber to an eager market, with profitable returns to the woodlot owner. Parties interested in this matter should correspond with the Department at Ottawa, which is already giving practical assistance on important tracts. Foresters will be supplied by the Department to look over tracts of timbered land, estimate the quantity of timber, advise as to what species to encourage or plant according to the locality and general conditions, and suggest a general working plan. Such scientific knowledge, the result of former investigations, will be of great benefit to private owners and should be sought after at once.

See our beautiful pianos at A. E. Paul's book and music store, Napanee.
VANLUVEN BROS.,
Moscow.

OUR BUSINESS DOUBLED LAST SATURDAY—DO IT AGAIN.

CUT PRICES

SILK WAISTS

Black Taffeta, extra good quality, plain tailored, and fancy, brand new. Clearing line worth \$4 choice **2.48**

NEW IN

Pullan make fancy and plain Coats and Skirts, Black Silk, Sateen, and fine flannel Cucie Waists, imported Men's Hats, fine Sweaters, Toques, skating Caps, Fraser Caps, \$10 Worsted Suits etc., etc.

=SAMPLE= UNDERWEAR

Samples of heavy wool and natural wool! Underwear. Many \$1.00 and 1.25 kinds. Saturday at **69c**. Light wool, wool fleeced and other 65c and \$1.00 lines **49**

INFANTS' VESTS

200 Samples, all kinds, wool, cotton, and union. Regular 15 cents to 25 cents. Your choice of lot **12 1-2**

OCT. 28th

AND FOLLOWING DAYS—UNTIL CLEARED.—

50c. SILK 50c. NECKTIES

Bengaline Silk Ties in 14 shades. Regular 50c. everywhere, and the tie most worn by particular people. We sold them at 29c. All new, to clear SATURDAY at.....

19

BLANKETS

SATURDAY—50 pairs Ibex and Dragon 11 x 4, (Double bed Size) Blankets, white or grey. These are the finest Blankets made and are worth \$1.40 to 1.60. **1.19**

WHIRLWIND STORE NAPANEE

FLANNEL SHIRTS

Pure French Flannel, brown, grey and fancy, reversible collars. These shirts are worth wholesale \$1.25 each. Choice **89**

ONCE MORE

Last Saturday's specials continued. Fine wool socks 19c, men's \$1.00 shirts for 39c, wrapperette waists 39c, men's sweater coats 69c, boys 59c, velvet wrapperette 12½c, towels 23c pair. Glass Towelling 5c.

PRINTS

30 pieces new print, crums, choice patterns regular 12½c for 10½c, and regular 10 cents, Saturday only **8 1-2**

SOAP

Pure Castile and Glycerine Soap, regular 5c bars, while it lasts **4**

THE EXPRESS

A QUARTER OF A CENTURY

finds us in the lead for
Plumbing, Steam, Hot
Water and Hot Air
Heating.

M. S. MADOLE

ANAD FRIDAY, OCTOBER 27th, 1911

\$1 per Year in advance: \$1.50 if not so paid.

Medium Weight Underwear

It's time to change to medium weight Underwear. These mornings and evenings you awake to the fact that your Underwear is a little thin. Change to a medium weight Underwear of Heavy Weight Cotton, Merino, or Light Wool.

All Sizes for Men of all proportions 50c to \$1.50

Our Underwear is bought from the most reliable manufacturers in Canada and you will find it just as represented.

Light Grey Merino, in all sizes, at 50c.

Cotton fleece lined in a good wearing cover at 50c.

Light weight natural wool at 75c, \$1.00 and \$1.25.

Combination Suits in light and medium weight wool, at \$1.50 and \$2.50.

Our space here will not allow a full description of our different lines, but if there's anything in Underwear that you want "we have it."

J. L. BOYES,

WAGARVILLE.

A ploughing bee was held at John Ruttan's, and afterwards a very enjoyable evening was spent, music being furnished by the McLean string band. Quite a number from here are leaving for Parry Sound to hunt deer.

Visitors: J. Black and Miss H. Goodfellow at G. R. Howse's; Mr. and Mrs. C. Sills at H. J. Wagar's; Frank McCumber and M. Jackson at Mrs. L. Cronk's.

LAPUM.

On Thursday morning, Oct. 19th, a gloom was cast over this place when the sad news was spread that Willard Huff had died. He had been in failing health for the past year but was not thought dangerously ill until Wednesday, when pneumonia had set in, after which he gradually sank. Deceased was past seventy-one years of age. He leaves one brother, Henry, of Lowville, N. Y. one daughter, Mrs. William Lemmon, of Violet, two sons, William, of Wilton, and James, at home. The funeral took place on Saturday afternoon from his late residence, thence to St. Luke's church, Camden East, where service was conducted by Rev. Mr. Spencer, after which the remains were interred in the Anglican cemetery.

THE VALUE OF SMALL SAVINGS.

If a young man 15 years of age were determined to save three or

NEWS ITEMS CONDENSED

The County Council meets on Tuesday, November 21st.

The King conferred on Earl Grey, on his return from Canada, the Order of K. G. C. E.

The first monoplane used in war revealed the position of the Turks near Tripoli on Monday.

A merger of jewellery manufacturers has been formed, to be known as Canadian Jewellers, Limited.

At Port Colborne, Ont., Mrs. Ferris made a plucky defence when attacked, in her house, by a masked burglar and finally drove the man off.

The public accounts statement for the last fiscal year shows a surplus of \$30,000,000, or nearly enough to cover all capital expenditure.

Forty cases of whisky were seized in a car of hay at Cochrane by provincial police, this week, and ten cases were seized at Cobalt station.

It is expected that the new Methodist church at Odessa, now in process of construction, will be formally opened the first part of December.

Josiah Latta, a farmer of Thurlow, was riding on the rack of a wagon on Saturday night, when the board broke, precipitating him to the ground. His neck was broken.

Anthony M. Rankin, of Collins Bay, will be the conservative candidate in Frontenac county for the Ontario Legislature, J. S. Gallagher is the present member.

Give your town all the praise it can legitimately bear. It certainly will do you no harm and will cost you nothing; and above all patronize your home institutions — including the printing office.

A horse was driven into Belleville by a man named Blacy, from the country, and upon examination by a veterinary it was found the animal was afflicted with glanders. The horse was soon after destroyed.

Mrs. Thomas Wills, of Belleville, was opening a can of molasses on Friday, when the top flew off with a terrific explosion and struck her in the eye. The doctor said she would recover her sight in a few weeks.

The Duke and Duchess of Connaught plan to make a tour of all the principal cities of Canada, but as yet no details have been considered. His royal highness' first outside trips will be to Montreal and Toronto. Other cities will be visited later.

Gold production of the Yukon district this year will be about \$4,500,000, or about \$250,000 in excess of the output in 1910, according to R. E. Stockton, of the auditor-general's department at Ottawa, who has returned from Dawson.

Friday evening the steamer Aletha was on her way up to Picton and ran on the rock bound shoal at Carruthers Point. She must have gone on with considerable force because she was a full foot out of water. The tug Frontenac pulled the Aletha off Saturday morning and she continued her journey to Picton. She was not injured.

PUZZLING BABIES.

Some Have X-Ray Eyes That Look Through Objects.

A year or two ago doctors in England were much puzzled over a c-

DAFOE & WALLER

Lumber, Shingles, Lath, Posts, Sash, Doors, Mouldings, Etc.

AGENTS for Canadian Fairbanks Gas and Marine Engines.

AGENTS for Ruberoid Roofing and Flooring.

FACTORY next to the Big Mill. Phone 14

G. F. RUTTAN, K. C.
BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, ETC.
Office—Merchants Bank Chambers, Nananee, Money to loan.
Telephones—Office 91, Residence 152.

100 GIRLS WANTED.

\$5.00 Per Week

to commence with for girls eighteen and over. Apply at once.

D. S. PERRIN & CO., Limited,
44-m London, Ont.

NOTICE OF MEETING.

The County Council

of Lennox and Addington will meet at the Council Chambers, in the Court House, Nananee, on

Tuesday, Nov. 21st, 1911
at 2 o'clock p. m.

All accounts must be in the hands of the undersigned, not later than Wednesday, 22nd Nov. 1911, in order that they may be considered.

W. G. WILSON,
County Clerk.

Dated Oct. 26th, 1911.

TO RENT OR FOR SALE—Store occupied by the undersigned. Apply to F. CHINNECK. 31

FOR SALE OR TO LET—That comfortable brick house on Adelphi street. Apply to F. H. PERRY. 45

WANTED—Good six or seven room house, modern conveniences. Address P. O. BOX 376, DESERONTO. (No children 39

APPRENTICE WANTED—Good smart, quiet boy to learn the barber trade. Apply to J. A. FERGUSON, King Edward Barber Shop. 43bp

FOR SALE—The brick residence on East Street, formerly occupied by the late Mrs. J. D. Ham. Apply to HERRINGTON WARNER & GRANGE. 31r

FOR SALE—Seed Store, on Dundas Street, also Store House and Fruit Evaporator, foot of West Street, apply to THOS. SYMINGTON, Owner, Nananee Ont. 420f

Veteran Land Grants
Wanted

Ontario or Dominion, located or unlocated
MULHOLLAND & CO.,
8-1-y McKinnon Bldg., Toronto.

DOXSEE & CO.

Arriving Daily--

New Hats, New
New Plumes, New
Trimmings, New
Ribbons,

in all the popular designs and shades.

Golf Jackets, in plain and fancy colors and styles, for ladies.

Ladies' and Children's Wool Toggles in all shades.

Aviation Caps in all the leading shades.

Ladies' Underwear in wool and cotton, in high neck and long sleeves, special 25c.

The Leading Millinery House

THE - DOMINION - BANK NANANEE BRANCH

Capital Paid up..... \$4,000,000
Reserve Fund and Undivided
Profits..... 5,300,000
Total Deposits by the Public... 49,300,000
Total Assets..... 62,677,820
Travellers and Commercial Letters of
Credit issued available throughout
the world.

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day afternoon from the late re-
sidence, thence to St. Luke's church,
Camden East, where service was con-
ducted by Rev. Mr. Spencer, after
which the remains were interred in
the Anglican cemetery.

THE VALUE OF SMALL SAVINGS.

If a young man 15 years of age were determined to save three car fares a week, and to pay the 15 cents thus saved every week until he was 60 to the Canadian Government for the purchase of an Annuity, the result of his thrift would be that from and after 60 he would receive \$25.18 every 3 months so long as he lived. If he died before he was 60 all that he had paid in with three per cent compound interest would be refunded to his heirs, and if he died just before his first instalment of Annuity fell due his heirs would inherit \$771.70. A postcard sent to the Superintendent of Canadian Government Annuities, Ottawa, giving your age last birthday will secure you information as to what an Annuity will cost.

Fall Mitts.

We have the mitts and gloves, suitable for fall and winter. Cotton gloves 10c per pair, 3 pair for a quarter at

BOYLE & SON'S.

The remains of the late William Simpson were taken to his home in Newburg, Ont., on Wednesday, afternoon for interment there.

On Monday evening next, at Bath, the new Masonic lodge room of that village will be formally opened by R. W. Nesbitt, D.D.G.M., of the 14th Masonic district.

Harry Clark died Monday afternoon at the residence of his brother, Noble Clark, Shannonville. Deceased, about forty years of age, was unmarried. A few years ago he left for the west, settling in Chicago. Of late he had been in failing health and arrived at his brother's on Saturday last.

The Ontario government has called off all the Farmers' Institute meetings for this year. These meetings are held, usually throughout the province between November 15th and December 20th. The calling off of these meetings is regarded as an indication that the provincial elections will be held about the beginning of December.

THE NAPANEE CHEESE BOARD

Cheese Sold at 13 13-16c.

Cheese Board met in Council Chamber on Friday last. Fourteen factories offered for sale 870 cheese, of which 475 were white and 395 colored. Bidding opened at 13c and closed at 13 11-16c for white and 13 13-16c for colored. Sales were 90 white at 13 1/2c, 535 white and colored at 13 11-16c and 195 colored at 13 13-16c.

	White	Col
Empey.....	30	.....
Kingsford.....	50	.....
Forest Mills.....	80	.....
Excelsior.....	70	.....
Farmer's Friend.....	65	.....
Marlbank.....	50	.....
Palace Road.....	85	.....
Selby.....	105	.....
Deseronto.....	80	.....
Metzler.....	80	.....
Wilton.....	65	.....
Albert.....	50	.....
Maple Ridge.....	30	.....
Murphy.....	30	.....

Hair Dye.

We have the "old fashioned hair restorer" that restores the hair to its natural color. It is not a nitrate of silver dye that shows on the hair so everybody can see that the hair has been dyed, but a "color restorer". It is put up in \$1.00 bottles, and can be procured in Napanee only at Wallace's Drug Store—The Rexall Agency.

PUZZLING BABIES.

Some Have X-Ray Eyes That Look Through Objects.

A year or two ago doctors in England were much puzzled over a six-year-old boy named Arthur Keene, living with his parents at Penarth, Glamorgan. Young Arthur had lived on milk since his birth, not a particle of solid food being taken. At six years of age he was finally developed and healthy, and his diet per week consisted of thirty pints of milk mixed with sugar and a little water.

When Lionel Brett, a young boy of Massachusetts, was a baby in arms, says Tit-Bits, his mother noticed that there was something peculiar about the eyes, and fearing that he was in danger of going blind, she had him examined by several oculists. These gentlemen discovered that the child was possessed of a most wonderful pair of eyes his sight penetrating substances in the same fashion as the X-rays.

Dr. Ferroul, of Narbonne, and Dr. Grasset of Montpellier some years back examined a young girl of Narbonne and she was found to possess eyes similar to those of Lionel Brett. Experiments proved that she could see through opaque bodies as clearly and penetratingly as her eyes generated Rontgen rays.

Another child possessed of wonderful sight was a German lad named Schaefer, who created a furore in scientific circles some time ago. There was nothing unusual in his appearance, and yet he had a very strange pair of eyes. The usual order of things was reversed; in the day he was practically blind, while in the darkness of night the keenness of his sight was astonishing. When night came on young Schaefer could see with an acuteness which many ordinary people would have given much to possess even in the daytime. He could enter a pitch-dark room and pick up any small object from the table or floor with as much ease as his parents could if the room were flooded with light. On one occasion Mr. and Mrs. Schaefer sprinkled the floor of a room with tiny pins, and at night they ordered their son to pick them up. Although the room was absolutely dark the lad found every one of the pins in an incredibly short space of time.

People with magnetic bodies are not unknown, and six years ago doctors discovered at Vladikavkaz, in the Caucasus, a girl of twelve whose body was practically a magnet. According to a medico who examined her, every object which she approached would move. Once she walked close to a kitchen dresser, and in an instant the crockery upon it began to dance. On another occasion a heavy bottle standing upon a table was raised in the air when the magnetic maiden went near it.

They Did That Time.

Mistress (coming home unexpectedly)—What's the meaning of this? You've got on my blue skirt and my green silk blouse.
Maid—Well, what of it? Don't they go together?

Perverse.

"Where's the hired man this morning?" asked Mr. Pinkleton.
"I don't know," said Mrs. Pinkleton, "but I presume from the fact that it is a rainy day he is getting out the hose to wash the sidewalk."

Our lamps are this year's production, and right up to the minute in style, in decorations and finishes. Electric irons and toasters made while you wait, at

BOYLE & SON'S.

A FERRIERE WANTED: Good smart, quiet boy to learn the barber trade. Apply to J. A. FERGUSON, King Edward Barber Shop. 43bp

FOR SALE—The brick residence on East Street, formerly occupied by the late Mrs. J. D. Ham. Apply to HERRINGTON WARNER & GRANGE. 31f

FOR SALE—Seed Store, on Dundas Street, also Store House and Fruit Evaporator, off of West Street, apply to THOS. SYMINGTON, Owner, Napanee, Ont. 42f

HOUSE FOR SALE, with two lots, new house 33 x 24, barn 28 x 24, electric light, hard and soft water, a splendid property at a low price. Apply to M. PIZZARIELLO. 11

FOR SALE—The Willett Arnold farm at Forest Mills, 60 acres, part of lots 13 and 14, in the 8th concession of Richmond. Good building and choice land, and well watered. Will sell right as owner has moved to the Northwest. MANLY JONES, Insurance and Real Estate Agent, Box 526, Grange Block, Napanee. 17f

40 FARMS FOR SALE in Napanee and Belleville districts. Many of these are valuable farms, and at right price. Call at once or write for list. We can suit you, and you will save time and money. Also some good town properties. W. G. H. BROWN, Real Estate. Opposite Royal Hotel, Napanee.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—A square 2000 acre farm of first-class clay loam, 100 acres of which is work land and ten acres of timber. This farm is well watered, well fenced, clear of foul weeds, free of stone, and under good cultivation. Good orchard. Post office, blacksmith shop, and general store on corner of farm. Quarter mile from Marysville station, close to school and churches. Good brick house, and three frame barns and drive house. Apply to BEHNARD MCGINNIS, Marysville, Ont. 37dp-1-f

Express Job Printing is always the BEST,

SILENCE

NO PISTOL LIKE REPORT

when you go into a dark room to light the gas and strike a

Dominion = Match

The silence is not broken and the air filled with sulphurous fumes. Dominion Matches are noiseless, odorless, and the stems do not break.

ASK YOUR DEALER FOR THE DOMINION MATCH.

The Dominion Match Co. Limited, Deseronto, Ont.

NORTHERN CROWN BANK

Head Office, - Winnipeg.

Authorized Capital, \$6,000,000.

Paid Up Capital, \$2,200,000.

DIRECTORS:

President	-	Sir D. H. McMillan, K.C.M.G.
Vice President	-	Capt Wm. Robinson
Jas. H. Ashdown	H. T. Champion	Frederick Nation
Hon. D. C. Cameron	W. C. Leistikow	Hon. R. P. Roblin
General Manager	-	Robt. Campbell
Supt of Eastern Branches	-	V. F. Cronyn

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT—Special care given to Savings Accounts, which may be opened by depositing \$1.00 any upwards at any branch.

COLLECTIONS—Owing to our numerous branches throughout Canada we are able to make collections at a minimum cost.

R. G. H. TRAVERS, - Manager Napanee Branch.

NAPANEE BRANCH

Capital Paid up..... \$1,000,000
Reserve Fund and Undivided Profits..... 4,300,000
Total Deposits by the Public... 49,300,000
Total Assets..... 62,677,820
Travellers and Commercial Letters of Credit issued available throughout the world.

G. P. REIFFENSTEIN,
Manager, Napanee Branch.

MERCHANTS' BANK OF CANADA.

ESTABLISHED 1864.

PAID UP CAPITAL AND RESERVE OVER:
\$10,900,000.

UNDOUBTED SECURITY FOR DEPOSITORS

Savings Bank Department.

Deposits of \$1.00 and upwards received and interest at best current rate paid.
Farmers' Business Solicited and General Banking Business transacted.

Yarker - F. W. CLARKE, Mgr.

Napanee Branch, E. R. CHECKLEY, Mgr.

Lax-ets 5 C Sweet to Eat
A Candy Bowel Laxative.

The Worlds Standard for tea is LIPTON'S TEA

OVER 2 MILLION PACKAGES SOLD WEEKLY

THE RURAL POPULATION

Last Year's Annual Report Showed a Gain
the First in a Decade.

A despatch from Toronto says: The large decrease in the rural population of Ontario, indicated by an examination of the census figures issued at Ottawa, is no surprise for the officials of the Department of Agriculture, nor is it occasioning them any particular concern. The returns show that forty-seven cities and towns in the Provinces show an increase of some 344,000, while the Province generally had an increase of but 336,000. The decrease of eight thousand

and is probably considerably below the actual figures, since many towns under four thousand population must have shown gains. The reports to the Department of Agriculture have, until the past year, shown steady decrease in the rural population, but last year's annual report showed a gain, the first in a decade. "The increase was small—only about four thousand—but it looks like the turning point," said Mr. C. C. James, Deputy Minister of Agriculture, in referring to the matter

SUFFERERS FROM PILES!

Zam-Buk Has Cured These!

Friction on the hemorrhoid veins that are swollen, inflamed and gorged with blood, is what causes the terrible pain and stinging and smarting of piles. Zam-Buk applied at night will be found to give ease before morning.

Mr. Thomas Pearson, of Prince Albert, Sask., writes: "I must thank you for the benefit I have received from Zam-Buk. Last summer I suffered greatly from piles. I started to use Zam-Buk and found it gave me relief, so I continued it, and after using three or four boxes it effected a complete cure."

Magistrate Sanford, of Weston, King's Co., N.S., says: "I suffered long from itching piles, but Zam-Buk has now cured me."

Mr. William Kenty, of Upper Nine Mile River, Hants Co., N.S., says: "I suffered terribly from piles, the pain at times being almost unbearable. I tried various ointments, but everything I tried failed to do me the slightest good. I was tired of trying various remedies, when I heard of Zam-Buk, and thought as a last resource I would give this balm a trial. After a very short time Zam-Buk effected a complete cure."

Zam-Buk is also a sure cure for skin injuries and diseases, eczema, ulcers, varicose veins, cuts, burns, bruises, chaps, cold sores, etc. 50c box all druggists and stores, or post free from Zam-Buk Co., Toronto, for price. Refuse imitations. Try Zam-Buk Soap, 25c. tablet.

MURDERERS FOUND DEAD.

on Pie Island, twenty-five miles from Fort William. Forbes' body was found in his station on the Island with the head battered in. The subsequent finding of the bodies of two Indians, who had died after drinking wood alcohol, is believed to explain the murder. It has been determined that the alcohol was taken from the lighthouse, and the police believe the Indians killed Forbes to get at the liquor, which they thought was good to drink. The Indians evidently drained a gallon cask of the poisonous liquid. Both were found lying side by side with the empty cask between them.

CHARGE MAY BE MURDER.

Fatal Termination to Drunken Orgy at Montreal.

A despatch from Montreal, says: Her face blue, her body swollen, blood stains on her clothes, and on the bed covers—this was the condition in which the police found Mrs. Wm. Dooit, as she lay dead on the bed in a squalid little room on the third floor at 72 Inspector Street on Wednesday morning. His eyes bleary, his breath heavy, seated in the midst of whiskey and beer bottles, dead drunk—this was the condition in which they found her husband, who sprawled on the floor at the foot of the bed. The man has been locked up pending an investigation, as there was a nasty wound on the woman's head.

KING HONORS EARL GREY.

His Majesty Conferred on Him
Decoration of K. G. C. B.

MAKING SAFE INVESTMENTS

SOME SIGNIFICANT CONTRASTS BETWEEN BONDS AND REAL ESTATE MORTGAGES.

Difficulty of Subdividing a Mortgage and Necessity of Examination of Property Makes Safe Difficult, if Not Impossible—All Right for Big Estates and Companies—More Suitable Investments for Those of Small Means.

The articles contributed by "Investor" are for the sole purpose of guiding prospective investors, and, if possible of saving them from losing money through placing it in "wild-cat" enterprises. The impartial and reliable character of the information may be relied upon. The writer of these articles and the publisher of this paper have no interest to serve in connection with this matter other than those of the reader.

The question of distribution of risk is one that few mortgage investors bear in mind. As a rule, the average investor has but limited means, and, therefore, cannot buy more than a few mortgages at the most. These, too, are altogether likely to be in his own neighborhood. The result is that when a year like the present comes—severe drought in many places, perhaps causing a total failure of the crop in the particular district in which one has been loaning—there is a very good chance that interest, at least, will not be forthcoming. It is hard, if not impossible, for a person of small capital to get a sufficient number of small mortgages to enable him to distribute his risk properly. On the other hand, in the case of many bonds, one can buy denominations of \$100 and upwards. The farmer who is willing to place a mortgage for so small a sum as that on his property in all probability is in such straitened circumstances that the security is very doubtful.

Of course, in the case of a very large estate the question of proper distribution of risk demands that a certain proportion of the money involved be put into sound mortgages.

As pointed out last week, the fact that mortgages are saleable only with difficulty, is a serious drawback in the case of many investors. The reason for this is quite obvious. In the first place, mortgages, that is, real estate mortgages, are usually made by private individuals. They are not divisible, so that it is impossible for a purchaser to buy part of a mortgage. In the case of a bond, on the contrary, the holder of a thousand dollar Wm. Davies bond, for example, can divide it into ten bonds of \$100 each, each of which is equally as secure as the whole, and it is issued by a company whose shareholders, in their desire for dividends, will see that its earning power is kept up, if at all possible. Then the prospective purchaser of a mortgage will have to go to the expense of a careful search of the title of the property mortgaged; he will have to go to the expense and trouble of having the property valued, he will have to worry about the question of insurance. In short, it is no great wonder that mortgages cannot be sold for their face value. If, on the other hand, the seller of a mortgage has to pay all these expenses when the purchaser demands it, he is that much worse off, as the expense adds to his loss.

In the case of bonds all this trouble is obviated for the reason that the legality and security of a bond issue are, as a rule, carefully examined and passed upon once for all by one or more of the most skilled lawyers in Canada. Except in the case of small municipal bond issues the

PRICES OF FARM PRODUCTS

REPORTS FROM THE LEADING TRADE CENTRES OF AMERICA.

Prices of Cattle, Grains, Cheese and Other Produce at Home and Abroad.

BREADSTUFFS.

Toronto, Oct. 24.—Flour—Winter wheat, 90 per cent. patents, \$3.55 to \$3.60. Montreal freight. Manitoba flour—First patents, \$5.40; second patents, \$4.50; and strong bakers', \$4.70, on track, Toronto.

Manitoba Wheat—New No. 1 Northern, \$1.08, Bay ports; No. 2 Northern, \$1.06 1/2; and No. 3, \$1.04, Bay ports.

Ontario wheat—No. 2 white, red and mixed, new, 85 to 87c, outside.

Peas—Good milling, peas, 92 to 95c, outside.

Oats—Ontario No. 2 at 43 to 44c, outside, and No. 3 at 42c; ear lots of No. 2, on track here, 47c. No. 2 Western Canada, 48c, and No. 3, 47c, Bay ports.

Barley—No. 3 extra, 87 to 88c, outside, and No. 2 at 90c, outside.

Corn—No. 2 American yellow, 75c, Bay ports.

Rye—Car lots, outside, 77 to 80c for No. 2.

Buckwheat—No. 2 at 55 to 57c, outside.

Bran—Manitoba bran, \$23, in bags, Toronto freight. Shorts, \$25.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Apples—Winter stock, \$3 to \$4 per barrel. Beans—Small lots of hand-picked, \$2.25 to \$2.30 per bushel.

Honey—Extracted in tins, 10 to 11c per lb. Combs, \$2.50 to \$2.75.

Baled Hay—No. 1 at \$15 to \$16, on track, and inferior at \$12 to \$13.

Baled straw—\$6.50 to \$7, on track, Toronto.

Potatoes—Car lots, in bags, 95c to \$1.

Poultry—Wholesale prices of dressed poultry:—Chickens, 12 to 13c per lb; hens, 11 to 12c; ducks, 12 to 13c; turkeys, 17c. Live poultry about 2c lower than the above.

BUTTER, EGGS, CHEESE.

Butter—Dairy, choice, in wrappers, 25 to 26c; do., medium grades, 22 to 23c. Creamery, quoted at 27 to 28c per lb. for rolls, and 25 to 26c for solids.

Eggs—Strictly new-laid, 23c, and fresh at 24c per dozen, in case lots.

Cheese—Large, 15c per lb, and twins at 15 1/4c.

HOG PRODUCTS.

Cured meats are quoted as follows:—Bacon, long clear, 12 to 12 1/2c per lb. in case lots. Pork, short cut, \$2.60; do., mess, \$20 to \$20.50. Hams, medium to light, 17 to 17 1/2c; do., heavy, 15 to 15 1/2c; rolls, 11 to 11 1/2c; breakfast bacon, 17 to 18c; backs, 19 1/2 to 20c.

Lard—Tierces, 10 1/2c; tubs, 10 3/4c; pails, 11c.

MONTREAL MARKETS.

Toronto, Oct. 24.—Oats—C. W., No. 2, 48 1/2 to 49c, car lots, ex store; extra No. 1 feed, 48 to 48 1/2c; No. 3 C. W., 47 1/2 to 48c; No. 2 local white, 47 to 47 1/2c; No. 3 local white, 46 1/2 to 47c; No. 4 local white, 46 1/4 to 46 1/2c. Flour—Manitoba Spring wheat patents, firsts, \$5.50; seconds, \$5; Winter wheat patents, \$4.75 to \$5; strong bakers', \$4.80; straight rollers, \$4.25 to \$4.40; in bags, \$1.95 to \$2.05. Rolled oats—Per barrel, \$5.25; bag of 20 lb. at 16c. Corn—American No. 3 yellow, 78 to 79 1/2c. Millfeed—Bran, Ontario, \$23 to \$24; Manitoba, \$23; middlings, Ontario, \$27 to \$28; shorts, Manitoba, \$25; mouillie, \$26 to \$32. Beans—Selected, 26 to 27c; No. 1 stock, 21 1/2c.

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ulcers, varicose veins, cuts, burns, bruises, chaps, cold sores, etc. 50c box all druggists and stores, or post free from Zam-Buk Co., Toronto, for price. Refuse imitations. Try Zam-Buk Soap, 25c. tablet.

MURDERERS FOUND DEAD.

The Lighthouse Keeper Killed on Pie Island.

A despatch from Sault Ste. Marie, Ont., says: A party of hunters, who arrived here on Friday afternoon from the north here, tell a strange story of what is believed to be the murder of Robert Forbes, a lighthousekeeper

at the foot of the bed. The man has been locked up pending an investigation, as there was a nasty wound on the woman's head.

KING HONORS EARL GREY.

His Majesty Conferred on Him Decoration of K. G. C. B.

A despatch from London says: Earl Grey on his return to this country, had an audience with his Majesty the King. His Majesty was graciously pleased to confer on the ex-Governor-General of the Dominion of Canada the decoration of a Knight Grand Cross of the Most Honorable Order of the Bath.

VIOLET SMITH'S BODY FOUND

Fate of the Missing Dillon's Port School Teacher Made Plain.

A despatch from Parry Sound says: The body of Miss Violet Smith of Toronto, the nineteen-year-old school teacher at Dillon's Port, who disappeared from the home of Mr. Peter Ramsay, where she was boarding, on the morning of October 9, at 7:30 o'clock, was brought to the surface of the Shebashekong River at 11:30 o'clock Thursday morning by Captain Brock Patten of Port Arthur, brother-in-law of the deceased, after he had dragged the little river for some time.

Though the mystery as to the fate of the missing teacher has been solved, the mystery as to how

her life was ended has, yet to be cleared up. Though suicide immediately suggests itself as an explanation, it is understood that no tracks leading to the place opposite the spot in the river where the body was discovered were discernible. There is then some uncertainty as to how Miss Smith got into the river. It was suggested that she jumped off the bridge over the Shebashekong River, but there is no current to carry the body midway between the bridges.

Neither Captain Patten nor Mr. Beatty examined the body to find any marks of foul play or any note of explanation.



An Innovation in Oil Heaters

The Perfection Smokeless Oil Heater, with its drums enameled in turquoise, is an ornament to any room, whether in the country or city home.

No home is quite complete without a Perfection Oil Heater. It is a necessity in the fall and spring, when it is too warm to start the regular heating apparatus, and too cool to be without heat. In the midst of winter it is often convenient as an auxiliary heater, as there are always some cold corners in a house.

The enameled heater always presents a nice appearance, as the enamel will not tarnish or burn off. It is not an "enamel paint," but it is the same as the enamel of your cooking utensils.

The Perfection is the most reliable and convenient portable heating device you can find. An automatically-locking flame spreader prevents turning the wick high enough to smoke.



Dealers everywhere. Ask yours to show you the Perfection Heater enameled; or write for descriptive circular to any agency of

The Queen City Oil Company, Limited

chaser demands it, he is that much worse off, as the expense adds to his loss.

In the case of bonds all this trouble is obviated for the reason that the legality and security of a bond issue are, as a rule, carefully examined and passed upon once for all by one or more of the most skilled lawyers in Canada. Except in the case of small municipal bond issues the issues are for large amounts and are therefore generally so well known that there is no need for more than the mere statement that one wishes to sell in order, at most times, to find a ready purchaser.

For the small private investor, then, there is no comparison between the two classes of securities.

The writer will, of course, be accused of prejudice against mortgages. That is quite true, but it is based on experience. For, many years ago I loaned a small sum on a first mortgage. The amount was small and on ample security—residential property in a part of Toronto which was rapidly growing in population and value. It so happened that I found it necessary to get some ready cash for another and much more desirable investment. I tried to sell the mortgage. The first and only offer was for an amount equal to only 80 per cent. of its face value. As this meant a substantial loss of \$200 out of every thousand, it was naturally not accepted. Finally, the other investment, which proved profitable to those who "got in on it," had to be passed by.

The reason why large companies like insurance, mortgage and loan companies find mortgages so attractive is this: In the first place, they employ large staffs whose duties are so divided that all such small, but important, details of a mortgage as insurance, etc., are attended to as part of the routine of the day's work. They can afford to employ their own skilled valuers who do nothing else but pass on the security of mortgage opportunities offered them. Finally, their yearly incomes are so great and from such a diversity of districts that if John Jones and, perhaps, a score of others find it impossible to meet their interest payments they are by no means worried—they let it rest for a season, when, in the usual course of events it will be caught up.

Unless, therefore, you are willing to go to a lot of trouble and worry, not only over making your original investment, but in all the time it is current, it is best to avoid mortgages. Of course, many people have made money out of mortgages—but not in a way any respectable person would care to do.

INVESTOR.

DARING BANK ROBBERY.

Former Accountant Carries Off Nearly \$5,000.

A despatch from Fort William says: One of the most daring robberies that ever took place in this section occurred on Monday, when A. R. Running, until two months ago accountant in the local branch of the Royal Bank, at 1 o'clock held up the teller at the point of a gun and took between \$4,000 and \$5,000. Running entered the bank and the teller, H. L. Dickson, offered to assist him to remove his trunk. He pulled out a revolver and compelled the teller to hand over a part of the money inside his cage. He backed out of the bank and started down Victoria avenue, followed by several persons, to whom the teller had shouted the alarm. The police captured Running in the coal dock section in half an hour. He offered no resistance.

The new Parliament will meet on November 15.

wheat patents, firsts, seconds, \$5; Winter wheat patents, \$4.75 to \$5; strong bakers', \$4.80; straight rollers, \$4.25 to \$4.40; in bags, \$1.95 to \$2.05. Rolled oats—Per barrel, \$5.25; bag of 40 lb. at \$1.00. Corn—American No. 3 yellow, 78 to 79-1/2c. Millfeed—Bran, Ontario, \$23 to \$24; Manitoba, \$23; middlings, Ontario, \$27 to \$28; shorts, Manitoba, \$25; mouillie, \$25 to \$32. Eggs—Selected, 26 to 27c; No. 1 stock, 21-1/2 to 23c. Cheese—Westerns, 14 to 14-1/2c; Easterns, 13-5/8 to 13-7/8c. Butter—Choicest, 27-1/2c; seconds, 26-1/2 to 27c.

UNITED STATES MARKETS.

Minneapolis, Oct. 24—Close—Wheat—December, \$1.10 3/4; May, \$1.14 5/8 to \$1.14 3/4; No. 1 hard, \$1.12 1/4; No. 1 Northern, \$1.11 1/4 to \$1.11 3/4; No. 2 Northern, \$1.08 1/4 to \$1.09 3/4; No. 3 wheat, \$1.04 1/4 to \$1.06 1/4. Corn—No. 3 yellow, 74c. Oats—No. 3 white, 45-1/4 to 45-1/2c. Rye—No. 2, 93c. Bran—\$21.50 to \$22. Flour—First patents, \$5.40 to \$5.70; do., seconds, \$5 to \$5.30; first clears, \$5.90 to \$4.25; do., seconds, \$2.80 to \$3.25.

Buffalo, Oct. 24—Spring wheat—No. 1 Northern carloads, store \$1.15 1/2; Winter strong. Corn—No. 3 yellow, 73-3/4c; No. 4 yellow, 77-1/2c, on track through billed. Oats—Strong Barley—Malting, \$1.14 to \$1.22.

LIVE STOCK MARKETS.

Montreal, Oct. 24—A few choice Northwest steers sold at \$5.65 to \$5.75, but the bulk of the trading done in top grades was at \$5.50 to \$5.60, good at \$5 to \$5.25, medium at \$4.50 to \$4.75, and common at \$3 to \$4 per cwt. Good butchers' cows brought from \$4.25 to \$4.50 and medium \$2 to \$4 per cwt. The demand for milch cows is very good at \$55 to \$75 per head for good to choice milkers and at \$25 to \$35 for common and medium. Sheep, ewes, sold at \$12 to \$3-1/4c, and bucks and culls at 21-1/2 to 31-1/4c per lb. Lambs, weighing from 80 to 95 lbs., brought 5 to 51-1/2c per lb. Choice heavy calves \$15 to \$20 each, and the commoner ones at from \$3 to \$10 each. Sales of selected hogs were made at \$5.25 to \$5.50, and heavy lots at \$5.75 to \$6 per cwt., weighed off cars.

Toronto, Oct. 24—The butcher cattle sold at from \$5.50 to \$5.75, but there were not many at that level. Good stock went from \$4.75 to \$5.25, with common as low as \$3.75. Good to choice cows sold for \$4.25 to \$5, and common to medium at \$3 to \$4. Heavy feeders are still wanted at from \$4.50 to as high as \$5.20 for something of exceptional quality. Cannons brought from \$1.50 to \$2.00. The market for calves is stronger. The range of prices

Well, Well!

THIS IS A HOME DYE that ANYONE can use

I dyed ALL these DIFFERENT KINDS of Goods with the SAME Dye.

I used

DYOLA

ONE DYE FOR ALL KINDS OF GOODS

CLEAN and SIMPLE to Use.

No chance of using the WRONG Dye for the Goods one has to color. All colors from your Druggist. Dealer: FREE Color Card and STORY Booklet 16, The Johnson-Richardson Co., Limited, Montreal.

ulcers, varicose veins, cuts, burns, bruises, chaps, cold sores, etc. 50c box all druggists and stores, or post free from Zam-Buk Co., Toronto, for price. Refuse imitations. Try Zam-Buk Soap, 25c. tablet.

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BONDS

FOR THE SMALL INVESTOR

¶ We continually have bond offerings in small denominations. This is of special interest to those with a limited sum to invest because it places the small investor on an equal footing with the large one so far as interest and security are concerned.

¶ If your capital, whatever the amount, is earning less than 5% you will be interested in the facilities we have for the safe and profitable investment of small sums as well as large.

¶ When you increase the earning power of your capital, without sacrificing anything in the matter of security, you have accomplished a good stroke of business.

¶ We will be glad to talk over with you the investment or re-investment of your capital, no matter how small the amount thereof.

ROYAL SECURITIES CORPORATION

LIMITED
BANK OF MONTREAL BUILDING
YONGE AND QUEEN STS.
TORONTO

R. M. WHITE - Manager

MONTREAL-QUEBEC-HALIFAX-LONDON(ENG.)

is from \$5 to \$8.75 each. There is little inquiry for poor stock. Sheep are steady. Hogs, \$5.90 f.o.b. and \$6.15 to \$6.35 fed and watered.

SCIENCE SAYS ALUM IS UNFIT FOR USE IN FOOD.

In Great Britain no one is allowed to sell alum hidden in baking-powder, because the English law protects the people from this injurious acid.

Canada has not yet enacted a law against the use of alum, and as alum in baking-powder cannot be detected by its appearance, many manufacturers are using this condemned acid because it is a cheap adulterant.

It is a fact that alum in your stomach produces the same disagreeable results to the delicate organism as you will feel in your mouth by putting a tiny piece on your tongue. Science shows that alum reduces the flow of the gastric juices and weakens their power of assimilation, causing indigestion and the ills that follow.

No housewife should buy a baking-powder made by a manufacturer that is afraid to print the ingredients plainly on the label of each can, and the wording should state that there is no alum in disguise inside.

THRASHING NEARLY OVER.

Reports of Damage to Grain Were Exaggerated.

A despatch from Brandon, Manitoba, says: If the favorable weather continues thrashing will be completed in the district by the end of this week. The wheat is practically all thrashed, and all that remains is oats and barley and other coarse grains. There does not seem to be the damage that was expected from the rain, as oats thrashed out with stock came in here Monday morning and were grading feed oats. Ninety-five per cent. of the wheat marketed here this year has graded Nos. two and three northern. Dur-

THE NEWS IN A PARAGRAPH

HAPPENINGS FROM ALL OVER THE GLOBE IN A NUTSHELL.

Canada, the Empire and the World
in General Before Your
Eyes.

CANADA.

Bogus \$4 bills are in circulation along the Niagara border.

Mr. Andrew Hewson has been appointed postmaster at Cobourg. The Grand Trunk has ordered 30 new engines.

Local option is to be submitted to a vote in Berlin, Ont.

Mr. Joseph Latta of Thurlow was killed by falling from a wagon.

A merger of jewellery manufacturers has been formed, to be known as Canadian Jewellers, Limited.

Dr. Sproule, M.P., has been chosen as Speaker of the House of Commons.

The International Bank has been granted a license to do business by the Government.

Montreal shows a gross property assessment of \$499,926,049, with exemptions of \$119,228,417.

The Grand Trunk station at Exeter was destroyed by fire on Friday.

J. McDougall, K. C., of Hull has been appointed Judge of the Superior Court of Quebec.

Jean Baptiste Paul, a Montreal motorman, was drowned, his cries for help being disregarded by those who heard them.

It is reported at Ottawa that Sir Thomas Tait is likely to enter the service of the Dominion as railway adviser or in some similar capacity.

A coroner's jury at Guelph recommended that men under 21 be not employed as railway brakemen because they are too reckless.

Messrs. Adam C. Bell of Picton, N.S., and J. A. LaRiviere of Provencher, Man., have been called to the Senate.

Mr. B. G. McNabb of the Montreal Power Company accidentally shot himself while duck-hunting at Sorel, and is dead.

Mr. R. W. Leonard of St. Catharines has been appointed Chairman of the National Transcontinental Railway Commission, in succession to Hon. S. N. Parent.

GREAT BRITAIN.

Mr. Lloyd George has removed the objections of friendly societies to his national insurance bill.

In official circles in London denial is given to the report circulated on the Berlin Bourse that the annexation of Egypt by England was imminent.

GENERAL.

The revolution is extending to northern China.

The first monoplane used in war revealed the position of the Turks near Tripoli on Monday.

The prospect of a speedy termination of the Turco-Italian war is not favorable.

The feeling at Pekin is that the revolution will be crushed and reforms carried.

Tripoli is being fortified preparatory to departure of Italian troops for the interior.

Italian ships reported to be threatening the occupation of Mity-

MAGIC

BAKING POWDER

MADE IN CANADA
CONTAINS NO ALUM
CONFORMS TO THE
HIGH STANDARD OF
GILLETT'S GOODS.



TWO REVENUE INCREASES

Ontario Succession Duties Over a Million --- T. & N O. Earnings Larger.

A despatch from Toronto says: With the close of the financial year, still two weeks away, succession duties paid to the Provincial Treasurer have already passed the hoped-for million mark. The total amount received up to Thursday was \$1,027,081, which means that over \$75,000 has been paid in since the first of the month. Two of the largest payments this month came from the estate of the late Andrew Gunn, which returned the Treasury \$15,578, and that of the late F. J. Phillips, which paid in \$18,539. In two previous years the total of succession duties was over

a million, but in each year exceptionally large estates were probated.

Another revenue increase is expected to come from the Temiskaming & Northern Ontario Railway. Hon. Mr. Matheson has not received the figures, but he is looking for the earnings of the Government line to come up to the estimate. Last year the estimate was \$625,000, while receipts were but \$420,000. For this year the Provincial Treasurer put the estimate at \$500,000, which sum, it is expected, will be turned over to the Province.

THE "MINTO" IS BACK.

Government Steamer Reaches
Quebec After Long Journey.

A despatch from Halifax, N.S., says: The Government steamer Minto arrived on Wednesday morning after a three month's survey in Hudson Bay. The Minto went to Fort Churchill and Nelson River. The weather in Hudson Bay was more open than usual, but was squally and uncomfortable all the time the steamer was there. On the way home, the Minto visited Baffin's Land, where missionaries were reported starving. They found the report to be incorrect.

APPLES FOR KING GEORGE.

Three Cases Shipped From Quebec
for the Royal Family.

A despatch from Montreal, says: Last week Mr. R. W. Shepherd, of Como, has shipped three cases of famous apples to England. One case is for King George, another for Queen Mary, and the other for the Queen Mother Alexandra. This is in accord with Mr. Shepherd's custom ever since 1896, when the late King Edward first became acquainted with the superior quality of Quebec's famous apples, and gave Mr. Shepherd a standing order for two cases of them every year.

THE WARNING OF FOOD EXPERTS AGAINST THE USE OF ALUM POWDERS.

There are many housewives that unthinkingly use alum baking-powders in making biscuits, cake and pastry, when it would only take a little precaution to avoid doing so.

Baking-powders that contain alum cause indigestion and nerve disorders. English food experts condemn alum as an injurious adulterant unfit for a baking-powder ingredient. If you are not careful you may be buying alum in your baking-powder and putting it in food. The way to be sure is to read the label on the baking-powder, and if the ingredients are not plainly printed on it, refuse to accept it.

CHINESE REBELS WON.

Captured River Station at Hankow
From Imperial Troops.

A despatch from Hankow, says: The rebels have won a decisive victory. The Imperial troops have been repulsed with heavy loss. The Imperial troops evacuated the Gare Fluviale and fell back to Seven-Mile Creek station. The Imperial warships retreated down the river. The crew of one of the gunboats sank her and deserted to the rebels. Admiral Sa then brought the remainder of the fleet down the river, as he cannot trust his men. The wires are cut and are in the hands of the rebels.

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to \$4.
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to 71c.
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to \$28;
to \$32.
Nok. 21-1-2
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oats and barley and other coarse grains. There does not seem to be the damage that was expected from the rain, as oats thrashed out with stock came in here Monday morning and were grading feed oats. Ninety-five per cent. of the wheat marketed here this year has graded Nos. two and three northern. During the wet weather a few loads of soft wheat brought in was refused and the report was circulated that the damage to the grain crop was very great, while the wheat was not marketable. The main object in refusing it was to stop thrashing until conditions improved, and it had the desired effect.

FINANCES OF CANADA.

Surplus of \$20,005,211.46 on Consolidated Account.

A despatch from Ottawa says: A statement of the public accounts for the last fiscal year shows receipts of \$117,750,409.78, and expenditures of \$87,774,198.32, leaving an apparent surplus of \$30,006,211.46 on consolidated account. An additional outlay of \$30,552,963.38 is shown on capital account, including \$23,457,986.19 spent on the transcontinental railway, \$1,597,663.48 on bounties, including iron and steel, \$1,128,748; lead, \$248,534; binder twine, \$49,784, and petroleum, \$160,596. The debt increased \$3,773,505. The Ottawa mint made a profit of \$861,188 on its coinage of silver, and \$34,827 on copper coinage. A further profit of \$15,589 comes from the excess bank circulation during the harvest.

LEADING PAPERS DISPLAY THE DANGER SIGNAL AGAINST ALUM IN FOOD.

Thousands have no doubt read the commendable articles recently appearing in some of the leading American and Canadian papers on the use of alum in baking. Until the Dominion Government follows the lead of England, France and Germany and prohibits the use of alum in foods, there is but one safeguard against alum, and that is to buy only a baking-powder which has the ingredients plainly stated on the label.

OTTAWA CLAIMS ERROR.

Assessment Commissioner Stewart Disputes Census Figures.

A despatch from Ottawa, says: That the population of Ottawa, as reported by the Dominion census-takers, is far below the real population of the city is the contention of Assessment Commissioners Stewart. The number given in the census returns is 86,340. Last year the estimate made by the Assessment Department of the city's population was 86,106, and this was really below the real figure at that.

FORTY MINERS KILLED.

Explosion in Coal Mine Caused by Fire Damp.

A despatch from Saint Etienne, France, says: An explosion occurred in a coal mine near here on Wednesday, and forty miners were killed. It is supposed that the explosion was caused by fire damp.

Five persons are under treatment in Toronto for rabies. Serious cholera riots broke out at Segni near Rome.

is not favorable. The feeling at Pekin is that the revolution will be crushed and reforms carried.

Tripoli is being fortified preparatory to departure of Italian troops for the interior.

Italian ships reported to be threatening the occupation of Mitylene, in the Aegean Sea.

The revolution in China is making headway. Many people are fleeing in panic from Pekin.

STRUCK BY TRAIN.

Aged Man Killed While Passing Over Crossing.

A despatch from London, Ont., says: James Leo, an inmate of the County House of Refuge at Strathroy, was struck by a Grand Trunk train near that place on Saturday afternoon and instantly killed. Leo, who was well advanced in years, had been given permission to visit Caradoc, and was attempting to walk on a level crossing when struck by a train. He was a former resident of Caradoc.

A MEAN THIEF THIS.

Stole Money Forwarded Home by Emigrants to America.

A despatch from Vienna, Austria, says: Henry Mueller, a postal clerk, has been arrested on the charge of stealing letters sent by Austrian emigrants from the United States to relatives here. Most of the letters contained \$1 bills. The number of letters which have disappeared totals four thousand.

is in accord with Mr. Shepherd's custom ever since 1896, when the late King Edward first became acquainted with the superior quality of Quebec's famous apples, and gave Mr. Shepherd a standing order for two cases of them every year.

Imperial warships retreated down the river. The crew of one of the gunboats sank her and deserted to the rebels. Admiral Sa then brought the remainder of the fleet down the river, as he cannot trust his men. The wires are cut and are in the hands of the rebels.

Why let that headache spoil your day's work or pleasure? Take

NA-DRU-CO HEADACHE WAFERS

25c. a Box at your druggist's.

Guaranteed to contain no morphine, opium or other poisonous drugs, by the National Drug and Chemical Company of Canada, Limited, Montreal.

HEALTH IN PURE SUGAR

Sugar is one of the best, and most widely used foods. Would you risk your health for the sake of a few cents on a hundred pounds of sugar? Buy only

Redpath

EXTRA GRANULATED SUGAR

Its Purity and Quality cannot be questioned. Compare it with any other, and note the difference in color.

PARIS LUMPS

When buying Loaf Sugar ask for Redpath Paris Lumps sold in RED SEAL dust proof cartons, and by the pound.

The Canada Sugar Refining Co., MONTREAL, CANADA. Limited

Established in 1854 by John Redpath



A Prize Contest

open to the
farmers of Canada

\$3,600 in Cash Prizes for Farmers




READ the conditions of the Prize Contest we are conducting for the farmers of Canada. \$400.00 in prizes will be awarded to each Province. These prizes will be divided into four groups, consisting of:

PRIZE "A"—\$100.00 to be given to the farmer in each Province who will use during 1911 the greatest number of barrels of "CANADA" Cement. **PRIZE "B"**—\$100.00 to be given to the farmer in each Province who uses "CANADA" Cement for the greatest number of purposes. **PRIZE "C"**—\$100.00 to be given to the farmer in each Province who furnishes us with the photograph showing the best of any kind of work done on his farm during 1911 with "CANADA" Cement. **PRIZE "D"**—\$100.00 to be given to the farmer in each Province who submits the best and most complete description of how any particular piece of work (shown by photograph sent in) was done.

Every farmer in Canada is eligible. Therefore, do not be deterred from entering by any feeling that

you would have little chance against your neighbor. For remember, Prizes "C" and "D" have no bearing whatever upon the quantity of cement used.

As a matter of fact, your success in this contest will depend to a great extent on your careful reading of our 160-page book, "What the Farmer Can Do With Concrete." In this book—sent free on request to any farmer, full instructions are given as to the uses of concrete, and plans for every kind of farm buildings and farm utility. You'll see the need of this book, whether you are going to try for a prize or not. If you have not got your copy yet, write for it to-night. Simply cut off the attached coupon—or a postcard will do—sign your name and address thereto and mail it to-night.

Please send Circular and Book.

Name.....

Address.....

Canada Cement Company, Limited

MONTREAL

EUROPE'S TIPS NO BIGGER

NEED OF A FIXED SCALE STILL FELT BY TOURISTS.

Standards in Different Countries—Wealthy Men Sometimes Disappoint.

Most travellers will agree that the painful and disagreeable thing about tipping is not the extraction of extra money from their pockets but the calculation of the proper tip and the perpetual fear of doing the calculation wrongly. We are all weak minded when the expectant staff gather around the door.

It is a poor spirited traveller that won't face secretary, manager and proprietor of he thinks he has been overcharged; few are they who do not dread more than the gallows the imagined sneer or pity of the untipped menial. The concierge makes cowards of us all.

The trouble is that there is no fixed tariff, no regular scale. Hotel tips vary from so many causes, writes A. G. Throssell in the London Evening Standard, that only long experience and observation can teach the traveller what he ought to give in each case. Not only do they vary according to the quality and amount of service rendered and the characteristics of the tipper—a teetotaler, for instance, might tip the head waiter extra well to show that he shunned the wine list on principle not parsimony—but they also vary according to whether they are called "tips," "pourboire," "tinkgeld" or "bakshish."

A SURPRISED PORTER.

At Ventimiglia, which is the worst arranged of all Italian frontier stations, the porter wants two francs for taking a very little truckload of luggage from one train through the customs to the other. But at Riva, the southern entrance to Tyrol, the grizzled Austrian porter regarded me as a reckless spendthrift when I gave him two kronen (1s. 8d.) for taking the same load through the customs over a hundred yards of heavy gravel and up a flight of hotel stairs. It was only later I discovered that in Austria, where coins of the value of one-tenth and one-fifth of a penny are frequent and useful, 50 heller or fivepence, will go as far to make a porter or waiter smile as a franc does in France or Italy.

One thing to be thankful for is that tips on the whole are probably not growing larger. A few years ago Americans got themselves disliked by their efforts to get special attention for themselves, the result being to raise the standard for every one, but most particularly for themselves, to an extent they did not bargain for. Americans of known wealth were expected to give huge donations (they could not be called mere tips) after the shortest stay. For instance, the staff of a well known hotel on the Italian lakes was deeply disappointed when Mr. Andrew Carnegie, after a visit of two or three days, gave "only" ten lire apiece.

MILLIONAIRES' TIPS.

They would not have been astonished if they had got a hundred lire each; not realizing that Mr. Carnegie's generosity has usually a purpose. But if this tip was sens-

own private landaulette with liveried chauffeur and driven home to his own private villa, which is not the least desirable in the neighborhood.

WOMEN DIVERS OF JAPAN.

Begin at 13 to Search for Pearls in the Coast Waters.

The pearl divers of Japan are women. Along the coast of the bay of Ago and the bay of Kokasho the thirteen and fourteen-year-old girls after they have finished their primary school work go to sea and learn to dive, says the Oriental Review.

They are in the water and learn to swim almost from babyhood and spend most of their time in the water except in the coldest season, from the end of December to the beginning of February. Even during the most inclement of seasons they sometimes dive for pearls.

They wear a special dress, white underwear and the hair twisted up into a hard knot. The eyes are protected by glasses to prevent the entrance of water. Tubs are suspended from the waist. A boat in command of a man is assigned to every five or ten women divers to carry them to and from the fishing grounds.

When the divers arrive on the grounds they leap into the water at once and begin to gather oysters at the bottom. The oysters are dropped into tubs suspended from their waists. When these vessels are filled the divers are raised to the surface and jump into the boats. They dive to a depth of from five to thirty fathoms without any special apparatus and retain their breath from one to three minutes.

Their ages vary from 13 to 40 years and between 25 and 35 they are at their prime.

HARNESSING THE TIDES.

Yorkshireman's Device to Drive Power From the Sea.

To turn to useful account the constant and irresistible force of the tides has for long been the dream of scientists.

Now two Yorkshiremen came forward with an apparently simple device which will make use, not only of this vast store of natural energy, but also of the scarcely less potent supply represented by the motion of the waves.

Mr. Edward Hoyle and Mr. Charles Whitehead have asked leave of the Blackpool Corporation to set up and work at their own expense an experimental apparatus for this purpose.

Mr. Hoyle explains his device as follows:—

In the simplest form of my invention a number of hollow, through-like vanes are fixed to an upright shaft. The pressure of the wind or of the tides on the vane that presents its hollow side will tend to straighten that vane, practically expanding it.

The pressure upon the opposite vane, which at this moment will present its dounded side to the wind or tide, will tend to increase the curvature of the vane, thus causing that vane practically to contract.

So from whatever direction the wheel acts, whether its impulse is from a current or from the flux and reflux of a wave, this differ-

THE GERMAN TOMMY ATKINS

HOW HE COMPARES WITH THE BRITISH SOLDIERS.

An English Visitor to Germany Gives His Impressions of the Army.

Having just returned from the fatherland, where I renewed my acquaintance with the German fighting man, whom I first met in the 1907 manoeuvres in Southern Germany, it was once more impressed upon me that the weakness of the military system of that country, with its humor, has never been properly laid bare to the British public, writes P. I. P. in an English paper.

One is always being told that the Deutscher scrapper is the last thing in fighting, that if a couple of army corps once got into Britain, the whole British army could not dislodge them, and so on.

Don't you believe it!

The reputation of the German army rests only upon the Franco-German war, when a leaderless mob was opposed by a machine, but when that machine is faced with intelligent and organized opposition, a cog may break here or a nut loosen there, with the inevitable result.

For the German Tommy is a "machine man." He has been drilled, doctored and dragooned, "cribbed, cabined and confined," until the poor devil can not call his soul his own without the permission of the "noncoms," who frequently, as one cannot fail to notice, make the life of the recruit a veritable hell on earth. Cases are always coming to light of the brutal treatment of the German "tenderfoot" by these tin gods of "noncoms." Only recently a case occurred at a great military barracks in the fatherland where a mere boy was savaged with spur and whip by one of the glorified Jacks in office.

AN INCIDENT.

The other day I took a walk out to a cavalry barracks in South Germany, and watched a group of privates tossing off their steins of beer under a tree. Along the road came a jack-booted corporal in all the proud panoply of war. Nobody saw him. The expression on his face would have frozen a salamander. He stood stock still in the middle of the road with his hand at the salute waiting. For two minutes he stood there. One of the unfortunates caught sight of him as he was swallowing a glass of beer. In a moment he had sprung to his feet, the beer going the wrong way, and his comrades dropping everything in their hurry to do honor to the noble warlord. The corporal said something in the language of the Teuton which boded no good to the roysterers. For that offence they might get anything up to six months in jail.

So much for the spirit of the German army.

The German army is the happy hunting ground of Social Democracy. Every statesman in Germany knows it. The finest unconscious propagandists of Socialism in that country are the officer and non-com. classes, and it is no wonder that the men listen eagerly to the voice of the Socialist charmer

NOTHING IS LEFT TO CHANCE.

It was Bismarck's boast that on the word "Go" being flashed over the wires, everything in the German army was ready from a gun to a button. But you can have system without initiative—you can have machinemens without powers of thought—and that is what Germany has done.

And do not forget that, in spite of Colonel Gaedke's recent declaration that Germany can "send the colossal total of 5,200,000 soldiers and sailors into action, it would not be possible for her to keep a fourth of them there for any length of time. Also, that if war should ever break out between this country and Germany, the Fatherland will have to reckon with the vast amount of disaffection which undoubtedly exists in the German army.

A system of paid soldiers has its drawbacks; but, man for man, I do not think it can be doubted that the British Tommy has greater powers of initiative than his German brother, and I know, from a recent conversation with a distinguished German general, who recently visited Britain, that there exists within the German army itself a strong difference of opinion upon the continuation of the present machine system.

But we shall see what we shall see.

THE OLD GRAND TRUNK DAYS

WHEN CANADA HAD A SMALL POPULATION.

Mr. William Mainwright, Vice-President, Tells of Beginning of System.

A busy man is Mr. William Mainwright, vice-president and comptroller of the Grand Trunk Railway, but occasionally he finds time to give a picture of early railway life in Montreal and the country generally.

"There had been originally the St. Lawrence and Champlain road, which was commenced long before the Grand Trunk, and was, in fact, the only bit of line in Canada at the time, I believe," said Mr. Mainwright. "This ran from Montreal to Lachine, and connected there at Caughnawaga, if I recollect right, when the passengers were taken to St. Johns on the way to the States.

HON. JAS. FERRIER.

"That bit of line, which had the distinction of opening up the railway business in the Dominion, had among its sponsors, the Hon James Ferrier. When the Grand Trunk was organized, it took over this piece of line, and incorporated it with its newly planned system, which was naturally slow in developing, as the country was young and the population small.

"It is sometimes said that the first manager of the Grand Trunk was Mr. Brydges. This is not correct. There was a succession of managers before Mr. Brydges took hold. There was Mr. Bidder first, who, when he came out reduced wages by about 10 or 15 per cent; than there were Mr. Keith, and after him, Mr. Walter Shanley, the well known civil engineer."

MANAGERS HANDICAPPED

Mr. Andrew Carnegie, after a visit of two or three days, gave "only" ten lire apiece.

MILLIONAIRES' TIPS.

They would not have been astonished if they had got a hundred lire each; not realizing that Mr. Carnegie's generosity has usually a purpose. But if this tip was sensible, another and even better known multi-millionaire carried common sense to the limit. Mr. J. D. Rockefeller stayed at the same hotel a week, and his tip to those of the staff who did anything for him was two lire. Even Frankfurter Germans give more than that. But possibly his courier could have thrown light on the matter.

Still less adequate to the circumstances, but a mistake of ignorance, was a tip given by a lady in Melbourne. She was a stranger, on her way from New Zealand to England, and an hour or so before her steamer was due to leave she awakened from an entralling conversation to the fact that the train had taken her to the terminus of a short suburban line exactly in the opposite point of the compass to the wharf. It was as if she aimed at Tilbury and reached Hammersmith Broadway.

The train would start back in a few minutes, but still it might be a close thing. She said to him, "Oh, couldn't the driver start sooner, and do please ask him to go as quickly as possible?" And she pressed into the guard's hand half a crown with which to bribe the engine driver to ignore the time table and turn a respectable suburban slow into

A THROUGH EXPRESS.

The guard, I regret to say, said he would do his best. Quite in accordance with feminine nature that lady is a successful business woman, and of course she wants a vote.

Australian railway stations, by the way, are (or were, recently) among the few places on earth where you do not have to tip for services rendered. You can, of course, walk out of almost any hotel and "forget" the servants, and they won't seize your luggage or call the police or even, like the railway porter, politely but firmly remind you. But it calls for the thickest sort of "hide" and a certainty that you will never want to stay in that hotel again.

There is only one authenticated instance of a traveller making a dignified and applauded exit without giving any tips. He too was an American; not, presumably, a plutocrat, but of a manner both imposing and genial, and he left amid a shower of smiles and good wishes. Afterwards all the staff were asking each other the same question, to which the same answer came: "No, he didn't give me anything, but he shook hands with me." So much for the power of affability to disarm the predatory instinct. Most of us can only offer up the harmless, necessary cash.

And what a handsome "muckle" their many "mickles" make most travellers are no doubt vaguely aware. It is by their tips that head waiters blossom in due season into hotel owners. For the sake of the tips in big houses the concierges pay large premiums to get the position. One Riviera concierge usually goes for a three months motor tour in his £1,000 car while his hotel is closed in the summer. Another further north, after playing the civil and obliging servant all day, walks out of the hotel at night to be picked up around the corner by his

present its dounded side to the wind or tide, will tend to increase the curvature of the vane, thus causing that vane practically to contract.

So from whatever direction the wheel acts, whether its impulse is from a current or from the flux and reflux of a wave, this differential between the opposite vanes will give the wheel a continuous rotary motion.

The curvature required may be had by fixing jointed arms to the shaft, instead of solid arms. These arms will be so constructed as to open out straight or close to the curvature required.

THE DAY OF THE CARVER.

Suiting the Slicing to the Importance of the Guest.

Carving was once a serious thing. The sixteenth century carver was a professional. He had to make the joint fit the guest. The size of his slices was the thing. Then he had to know his guests and cut accordingly.

A lord, for instance, at the table, and a pike was dished up whole. Smaller fry, and the pike came on in slices. The same procedure with pig. The rank of the diners decided whether it should appear at table in gold leaf or naked, whole or sliced. With bread, too, there was a difference, says the London Chronicle.

New or three days old baked was at the discretion of the carver as he sized up the visitors. And as for the apportioning of the tidbits according to precedence there was no end. The old time carver in fact was born and then made.

The eighteenth century was the day of the carving master. He taught hostesses the art. Lady Mary Montagu, for instance, took three lessons a week "that she might be perfect on her father's public days, when, in order to perform her functions without interruptions, she was forced to eat her own dinner alone an hour or two beforehand."

The hostess carved while the host "pushed the bottle." She did more. She urged the guests to eat more and more, and woe to her if she neglected a guest. The diner who was forced to help himself to a slice of anything nearly choked. These diners of the eighteenth century liked being pressed. And the hostess welcomed the end of the feast.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS.

A fat purse is a good thing to lean on.

Some people are too good to be interesting.

The man who knows he's in the right need not argue.

Office seeking seems to be a chronic disease with some men.

It's easier for a dentist to fill an aching void than a long felt want.

No man can hope to be happily married unless he is a good listener.

Whining children and women are bad enough, but deliver us from whining men.

If you can't have your own way you can at least keep out of other people's way.

In getting an education it is up to a young man to learn to do things with what he learns.

• Every man hugs the delusion that sooner or later he will invent something that will make him rich.

The German army is the happy hunting ground of Social Democracy. Every statesman in Germany knows it. The finest unconscious propagandists of Socialism in that country are the officer and non-com. classes, and it is no wonder that the men listen eagerly to the voice of the Socialist charmer when they have daily before their eyes a rigid caste system that would not discredit a nation of Brahmins.

For, make no mistake about it, there are only two classes in the Fatherland—the military and the other. To belong to a military family is the supreme honor—to have a son or a father in the army is better than virtue, and more honored than even riches themselves.

A CLOSE CALL.

When staying in the Marquardt Hotel in Stuttgart, I lost my way in the building, and opening some folding doors found that I had invaded the sacred precincts of German officialdom, for before me were some of the Kaiser's most distinguished officers, who were on manoeuvres. There was a hypnotic glare about their eyes, a certain indescribable stiffening of every individual fibre of their bodies, a magnificent flinging ceilingwards of their moustaches a la Kaiser, which informed me that I had committed the unpardonable sin. Visions floated through my mind of the unfortunate civilian who had had his head cut in two by the sword of one of his Imperial Majesty's jack-booters because he did not salute him promptly enough; of the various assaults by officers upon inoffensive civilians—but, fortunately, nothing happened, and I executed a strategic movement to the rear before being transfixed.

The fact of the matter is, that under the glamor of a brass button and a sword you can do anything in the Fatherland. Take the famous Kopnick case, where a cobbler held up a municipality and walked off with the cash under the very nose of the astute gentlemen who felt they dare not resist the Kaiser's uniform. That was a comedy for the outside world, but a tragedy for Germany—only she did not recognize it.

MACHINE DRILLED.

The Kaiser would give his right hand to have artillery equal to that of Great Britain, as he once told the late King Edward at a Royal Military Tournament. But he forgets that you can not breed the dash, what our French friends term the "elan," necessary to a mobile arm like the artillery under a system of iron discipline, where no man is allowed to think, because thinking is a crime unforgivable. The German officer says in effect, "Le Roi, c'est moi!" "when I speak, let no dog bark." The German tars with whom I foregathered at Bremen were drilled like a lot of soldiers, in much the same way and under the same rules as are laid down for the army. There was none of that "lissomness" about them which is the hall-mark of the British sailor—the supreme object seemed to be, looking at the machine-like gestures, to crush every trace of individuality out of them.

When Germany fights on sea she will pay the price of that. The Fatherland reckons that it takes three years to make a cavalryman and two years an infantryman. They are thorough enough, these fellows, however.

was Mr. Brydges. There was a succession of managers before Mr. Brydges took hold. There was Mr. Bidder first, who, when he came out reduced wages by about 10 or 15 per cent; than there were Mr. Keith, and after him, Mr. Walter Shanley, the well known civil engineer.

MANAGERS HANDICAPPED.

"The early managers were not given absolute power?"

"No, and that was the trouble. They were permitted no initiative by the board, which met in London. The early managers could not order a dozen lead pencils without consulting London, whereas Mr. Hays exerts plenary power on the spot, carrying out the large undertaking, adopting the farseeing policy necessary for the exigency, and then asks the board in London to foot the bills.

"The system grew, too, though the old iron rails and the 5 by 6 gauge, would now be laughed at. They were no laughing matter in the early sixties, for if you were travelling then to any extent, ten to one the train would leave the rails several times before you reached your destination.

COUNTRY GREW.

"The country was young; we had not got our population, as we have it now. It was little understood in the mother country; and although farseeing men had faith in the ultimate development, that faith was not general.

"But when the Grand Trunk became solidly organized under Sir Edward Watkins, as president, with Mr. Brydges as general manager, as well as director, the face of things was changed. The work of extension began. Ontario was invaded. The main line was extended. Traffic grew. The road became a large factor in the development of the country. Population began to grow. The people began to appreciate the benefit of a system which was opening up the country and providing means for freight transportation.

"Mr. Brydges came from the Great Western to the Grand Trunk. He was an able man, but fettered by extraneous authority. Under his administration, however, the system grew and was greatly extended."

In the early days, to which Mr. Wainwright referred, the general manager of the Grand Trunk was inaccessible to the general public. Since then things are different.

CRIPPLES BIG SWIM.

Walter Francis, the world's cripple athletic champion, of Newport, Eng., swam from Newbridge to Newport—a distance of eleven miles—in three hours four minutes. He entered the river at 9.39, and reached Newport Bridge at 12.43. He was cheered upon arrival at Newport by hundreds of delighted spectators. Besides being a strong swimmer, as shown by his performance, Francis is a vocalist and comedian of considerable repute.

PARK LIKE STREETS OF PARIS

All wide Paris streets are in effect parks. They have rows of shade trees. Many of them have a central park strip planted with trees, grass and flowers, and benches are placed here. Along the chief streets are perhaps 100,000 trees, a large number for a city so compactly built.

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A SOLDIER OF TO-DAY

**HAVE NEVER CONTAINED
SUCH FINE MATERIAL.**

**Most Efficient Fighting Man, Says
a Writer Who Has Served
With Them.**

In the discussions of "Weltpolitik" which have lately occupied Europe one factor has largely been neglected, the material which the French Government has at hand to enforce the decisions. That material is the French soldier.

Many have assumed with some rashness that France to-day trusts neither her men nor her guns, and would not pit them against a powerful adversary. Having some contact with the French, in view also of the time I served under the tricolor, I venture to submit, says W. L. George, formerly of the 132e de Ligne Reims, in the London Daily Mail, that such is not the case. There is no distrust and there is no reason for distrust.

Individually the French soldier is probably the most efficient fighting man Europe has known. He may be less well disciplined than the German, less stolid than the Austrian, more afraid of death than the Russian and Turk, but he has no defects that are not balanced by qualities. He is a queer blend of enthusiasm and caution, of energy and fitfulness; taking him in the aggregate, he is quite extraordinarily human and vivid.

The Englishman abroad is too readily deceived by the Frenchman's small stature; he is too prone to think that these little soldiers, few of whom attain 5 feet 10 inches, while the majority are some four inches shorter, cannot hope to withstand the trials of a campaign.

HE IS ENTIRELY WRONG.

Personal experience in the ranks has demonstrated to me that on marches and manoeuvres the small and not the tall man reached quarters in good condition.

It was the tall man we left by the wayside to be picked up by the company's wagon, while 5 foot 4 inches struggled on in full kit. And the French kit is no trifle; clothing, haversack, wallet, rifle, provisions, ammunition, &c., total a weight of some fifty-six pounds, under which the little man marches, runs and jumps. He has even been known, thus encumbered, to perform gymnastic feats and to climb trees.

Physically, therefore, the little soldier is extremely fit, and incidentally it should be said that he is never fitter than this month for the contingent is discharged in September; thus every French soldier has to-day had between ten months and twenty-two months continuous training; he is in the pink of condition. It is not, however, on physical merits that the French soldiers must rely, even though they probably be superior in this respect to the heavier German troops.

War, as taught us by our South African experience, is very much a matter for individual intelligence, an adventure where personal energy and initiative in the ranks may mean as much as good generalship. These qualities are essentially French. It would be remarkable if the race which had produced a number of the finest scientists, lit-

er knew, in good temper under conditions which none but a Mark Tapley could withstand.

A great deal has been written from time to time as to the effects of socialism in the army. These tales were as rife in my time as they are now, and I can vouch for it that my garrison (a large one) showed no signs of interest in revolutionary propaganda—indeed there was no propaganda in the town. Generally speaking, the officers are popular and mix fairly freely with their men. A conscript army naturally destroys class distinctions, for there duke and docker serve side by side. It is therefore most unlikely that they will in the hour of need find themselves deserted by the men with whom they have been linked; the time may come when troops will mutiny in presence of the enemy, but that time is not yet. Indeed—and this is a guarantee of peace—it is abundantly certain that the French troops, both individually and collectively, have never before contained such fine material as they do now. They can view hopefully the prospect of meeting their foe. The better this is understood the greater are the chances that peace will be maintained.

FROM MERRY OLD ENGLAND

**NEWS BY MAIL ABOUT JOHN
BULL AND HIS PEOPLE.**

**Reigns Supreme in the Com-
Occurrences in the Land That
mercial World.**

The London fire brigade costs the population of London 5d. a head yearly.

Houses may now be insured at Lloyd's against the risk of damage by airships.

A crippled beggar stated at Bow street, London, that he had been supported for 35 years by a dog.

In London there are 336 places of public entertainment, with a combined seating capacity for 400,000 people.

It is computed that the late strike cost Sheffield \$1,000,000 in loss of trade, loss of wages, and increased prices.

It is reported that an experimental crop of tobacco in the Eastern Counties has flourished exceedingly this season.

Ernest Cattermole, a laborer, was sentenced by the Beccles magistrates to a month's imprisonment for stealing three eggs.

A grindstone for the use of the villagers has been provided for Chilbolton, Hampshire, as a memorial of the coronation.

The Crystal Palace is to be offered for sale by auction. There is a movement to acquire the site and buildings for public purposes.

In trying to reach an oar which dropped in the water a young married man named Bardwell was drowned in Oulton Broad, Suffolk.

Rev. Mr. Swann sculled a skiff across the English Channel from Dover to Calais in three hours and 50 minutes. This breaks the record.

Mr. W. Nicholson, a well-known Leeds builder and contractor, has consented to become Lord Mayor of the city for the coming year.

Manchester Library Committee have accepted an offer from Mr. Carnegie to subscribe \$75,000 for three suburban branch libraries in the city.

FORM OF OLD SEA CLOCK

**RESEMBLED THE PRESENT DAY
EGG BOILER.**

**Instrument Upon Which the Pres-
ent Marine Chronometer
Is Based.**

To ascertain the time when at sea is now a matter of the utmost simplicity, and both passengers and crew can learn the hour of the day at a glance. But such was not the case in the old sailing days, and in order to acquire even the vaguest idea of longitude and time the seaman had recourse to curious devices.

Crude as these devices appear compared with present day instruments, they saved the mariner from chaos and destruction, and even if he could not name the hour with any degree of certainty he at least knew the day of the week. Which must have been no small comfort when on the high seas.

Eclipses of the moon and the positions of the stars afforded a little guide to the skipper, who was nevertheless greatly handicapped by his lack of astronomical knowledge and the inferior quality of his spyglass. Moreover, eclipses could not be arranged for every night in the week and there were dark nights when the stars could not be seen, so various devices had to be pressed into service.

The most popular form of old sea clock, says the London Globe, was the sand-glass, which greatly resembled the present day egg boiler. Many of these glasses were timed to run twenty-four hours, and prior to the ship leaving land the glass was

SET EXACTLY AT NOON.

If it were carefully watched and turned as soon as the sand ran down the skipper could reckon the days with fair accuracy.

Side by side with the large glass were placed half hour and minute glasses. The man at the helm carefully watched this sea clock and announced the time at regular intervals by striking a bell. It was customary to estimate the duration of any incident by so many glasses. "To flog the glass" was an operation very congenial to lazy seamen. It consisted in turning the glass before all the sand had run down, so that the watch was appreciably shortened.

When the twenty-four hour glass was employed a little juggling was indulged in for the purpose of finding the longitude. The difference between the twenty-four hour glass and the time by the sun was estimated, and this difference was held to represent the longitude east or west according as the sun's time might be before or after the time returned by the glass.

"Taking the sun" was a weird and wonderful operations. Clumsy quadrants were utilized, and toward midday the captain appeared on deck to perform his solemn duty. After much screwing of eyes and wagging of the quadrant the captain would bawl out to the mate in omniscient tones, "Make it—bells," the number varying according to personal idiosyncrasies.

REWARD OFFERED.

A demand for a more satisfactory device for estimating time at sea

THE SUNDAY SCHOOL STUDY

**INTERNATIONAL LESSON,
OCTOBER 29.**

**Lesson V.—A psalm of deliverance,
Psa. 85. Golden Text,
Psa. 126. 3.**

A Psalm of the sons of Korah. There are two groups of psalms in this third book of the Psalter. The sons of Korah, who were responsible for those from 84 to 89, made up a guild of singers connected with the temple, and these psalms were collected by them for the temple service. The rest of the book, Psalms 73-83, were collected by the sons of Asaph, who held a similar position.

Verse 1. Thou has been favorable—The first three verses breathe a spirit of gratitude for the mercies of Jehovah in bringing home the captive people, forgiving their iniquity, and taking away his wrath.

Thy land—Judah was in a special sense the chosen territory of God for the working out of his redemptive purpose.

The captivity of Jacob—Referring in particular to the period of seventy years in the land and under the sway of Babylon. Jacob is another name for Israel (Gen. 32. 28).

2. Selah—This word occurs 74 times in the Hebrew Bible and 71 times in the Psalter. There is no uniform tradition as to its precise meaning. The most acceptable theory makes it a kind of musical interlude, the instruments at this point sounding forth loud, while the voices of the singers ceased.

3. Taken away all thy wrath—All the prophets looked upon the calamities that befell Israel as sure signs of the displeasure of God. The smile of prosperity meant that the divine anger was averted, and had given place to favor. All these descriptions of passion in God are, of course, a human way of speaking. But they declare a great fact. The wrath of God is not a weakness in him. It indicates the intensity of his antagonism to all evil.

4. Turn us—We have here a prayer for the restoration of God's favor (verses 4-7). "Turn to us" expresses this more accurately. A discouraging hour has arrived. It may be that hour just before the building of the temple, or, it may reflect the state of things in the troublous times of Nehemiah.

5. Draw out thine anger—It seemed to the weary people, after their hard captivity that the tokens of Jehovah's displeasure ought now to cease, and not be dragged out for the coming generations.

6. Quicken us again—Ezekiel's vision of the valley of dry bones, and the wonderful reawakening of life within them, may have been in the mind of the singer. The promises of restoration imply a belief in the spiritual and temporal resurrection of the nation.

7. Thy loving kindness—A prayer for that particular manifestation of it which would be a once evident in prosperity attending the efforts to re-establish the nation. Salvation, in like manner, was, in this case, a deliverance from threatening evils. But in a deeper, inner sense, these words can even now be made a prayer of any humble heart seeking the evidences of God's loving regard.

8-13.—A delightful picture of the sure results of answered prayer.

War, as taught us by our South African experience, is very much a matter for individual intelligence, an adventure where personal endeavor and initiative in the ranks may mean as much as good generalship. These qualities are essentially French. It would be remarkable if the race which had produced a number of the finest scientists, literary men and statesmen the world has known were not generally distinguished, for intellect springs immemorably from the masses.

THE FRENCH SOLDIER

is notably quick; he learns with ease from text books, and I have seen him on scout duty apply his knowledge with unexpected facility. Quickness is his dominating quality—quickness of movement, quickness of apprehension and quickness of decision. Thus such matters as the taking of cover, news gathering, extended order, come almost naturally to him. I have many times been in charge of my company's scouts and I cannot recall an occasion where they were discovered by the "enemy," while they invariably succeeded in approaching him so near as to exceed their duty.

These two qualities, physical fitness and intelligence, are such as we expect to find in all soldiers in a greater or lesser degree; they alone do not distinguish the Frenchman from his German rival, but he has two other qualities, almost personal to him, on which I would build great hopes of success for his country, they are frugality and gaiety. The former quality is almost essential to a fighting man in these days of massed armies, when as many as a million men may be ranged on either side; the feeding arrangements continually break down, the overloaded trains do not arrive, there is chaos in the camps.

All this was the problem Lord Kitchener had to face in South Africa, and a difficult task he found it, even though he had but 250,000 men to feed. But Lord Kitchener had to deal with British troops who are accustomed to a sufficiency of food and to comfortable standards of every description; if he had been in charge of French troops he would have found his difficulties halved, for the Frenchman is accustomed to small and poor rations, mainly a coarse variety of bread and the refuse of the butcher's stall.

Milk, butter, eggs, bacon are unknown to him; tobacco is a rarity, and the pay

A HALFPENNY A DAY.

It is therefore not surprising that the French soldier makes no demand on the commissariat; what is wonderful is that, in spite of these conditions he should preserve the last and greatest of his gifts—gaiety.

It is almost impossible to overrate the value of gaiety for a fighting man. It means that he would bear short commons, weariness, rain, and wounds without repining; that he will, as I have seen him do, sing as he tramps all through the day on sodden roads, his heavy kit on his aching shoulders with the rain slowly soaking him to the skin.

It is because I have heard the French soldier sing and make jokes under these intolerable conditions that I believe him to be still of the stuff of the ragged and starving sons of the First Republic, who ran, singing, to attack and destroy the monarchist army at Valmy. The strength of an army resides not only in its marching power and firing capacity; it resides, as Xenophon

across the English Channel, from Dover to Calais in three hours and 50 minutes. This breaks the record.

Mr. W. Nicholson, a well-known Leeds builder and contractor, has consented to become Lord Mayor of the city for the coming year.

Manchester Library Committee have accepted an offer from Mr. Carnegie to subscribe \$75,000 for three suburban branch libraries in the city.

James Doughty, the oldest clown in England, celebrated his 93rd birthday by giving four performances at the end of the West Pier, Brighton.

Burglars broke into a grocer's shop at Handsworth, Birmingham, and took away a bag filled with brass checks, thinking it contained sovereigns.

In memory of the late Lord Aire-dale, his former employes in the Leeds Engineering Works are erecting a monument at the Horsforth Convalescent Home.

The old George Inn, at Ham-mersmith-Broadway, which dates from the time of the Stuarts, is now being demolished to enable the thoroughfare to be widened.

Boy Scouts encamped at Walder-slade, near Chatham, attacked an extensive bush fire in the woods, beating out the fire with boots and staves and limiting it to three acres.

Sir Ernest Cassel has presented Grafton House and the adjacent ground to Newmarket, to be used as a public open space. The house at one time belonged to King Edward.

England is threatened with a vegetable famine of a most serious character. Prices have risen to such an extent that the ordinary cabbage may become a luxury of the wealthy.

Blackpool lost \$300,000 by the recent railway strike. The Corporation tramcars took \$1,000 a day less, and boarding house keepers suffered for the lack of their usual complement of visitors.

It has been reported at Ply-mouth that John Lee, who was sentenced to death for the Babba-combe murder, and was reprieved after three attempts had been made to hang him, had left England for Australia.

The body of a Swansea man named Thomas Dagnall, aged 50, was found floating in the Worth Dock at Swansea. Deceased was partly dressed and his arms were strapped, above the elbow, tightly to his chest.

The parish church of Luton, Northampton, well known for its famous peal of bells, is threatened with disaster, serious defects having been discovered in the foundations. Huge rents have appeared in the chancel walls.

THE DISTURBING RUDDER.

The Turkish navy appears to be in the main an obsolete fighting machine, says the London Chronicle. Probably, however, it is better officered than half a century ago. When Lord Carlisle visited Constantinople in 1854 he met a Turkish Admiral whose ignorance of naval matters, was equalled only by his horror of the sea. If he went for a cruise he was invariably seasick. On one occasion, when prostrated in his cabin, hearing a

he inquired whence it proceeded. "From the rudder of the ship," was the reply. "Then have the rudder removed immediately," ordered the afflicted Admiral.

ward midday the captain appeared on deck to perform his solemn duty. After much screwing of eyes and wagging of the quadrant the captain would bawl out to the mate in omniscient tones, "Make it—bells," the number varying according to personal idiosyncrasies.

REWARD OFFERED.

A demand for a more satisfactory device for estimating time at sea was responsible for experiments being made with pendulum clocks of very rude design, though with little success. The interest of inventors was aroused when the English Government in 1714 offered the sum of £10,000 to anyone inventing a method of reckoning longitude to within a degree, or sixty miles, £15,000 if within forty miles, and £20,000 if within thirty miles.

John Harrison, an obscure York-shire carpenter who had achieved a local reputation by repairing and cleaning clocks, came forward with a chronometer which at once attracted attention. Through the influence of Dr. Halley he was enabled to make a voyage in a Government vessel to Lisbon, where he succeeded in determining the longitude to within 1 degree 30 minutes.

For this achievement he was granted a sum of £5000 to enable him to proceed with his invention. After thirty years' hard toil he produced a chronometer on which the present marine chronometers is based. His invention was shaped like a large watch, and in 1761 Harrison's son embarked for Jamaica in order to carry out tests. On the voyage out it was discovered that the chronometer was only 5.1 seconds in error and during the whole trip from Portsmouth to Jamaica and back the variation was only 1 minute 54.5 seconds.

The accuracy of the chronometer thus enabled the longitude to be determined

WITHIN EIGHTEEN MILES,

a result which exceeded the Admiralty's most sanguine expectations. After further demonstrations an act of Parliament was passed in 1765 awarding Harrison £20,000, half of the money to be paid as soon as he explained how his time-keeper was constructed and the remainder when the Government was convinced that these timekeepers could be made by others. Despite the fulfilment of these conditions Harrison had to wait several years before the money was paid over.

Larcum Kendal, who had been Harrison's apprentice and who was ultimately his successor, followed on the lines laid down by his master and produced a chronometer which was used by Capt. Cook during his daring voyages in the Resolution.

Of this chronometer Cook wrote "Our longitude can never be erroneous while we have so good a guide as Mr. Kendal's watch." It was not until some 20 years after Trafalgar that the Admiralty considered it a duty to supply chronometers to ships of the royal navy. Various horologists have introduced so many improvements that little trace of Harrison's model is to be discerned in the modern chronometer, though to him must be assigned the credit of pointing out the way.

It was Saturday night at the fashionable resort. "Do you hear the sea waves moaning?" asked the sentimentalist. "I do not," answered the practical one, "but I hear the people who have just returned, their sobs."

for that particular manifestation of it which would be at once evident in prosperity attending the efforts to re-establish the nation. Salvation, in like manner, was, in this case, a deliverance from threatening evils. But in a deeper, inner sense, these words can even now be made a prayer of any humble heart seeking the evidences of God's loving regard.

8-13.—A delightful picture of the sure results of answered prayer.

8. I will hear.—He has been speaking to Jehovah; he now listens to what Jehovah has to say. It is a wise counsel that directs the worshipper not only to speak often with God, but to let God speak often to him.

He will speak peace unto this people—There is sure to be peace restored in the hearts of the forgiven. And there is certain forgiveness for those who have no disposition to turn again to folly. Sincere repentance has its fruit in a stern refusal to turn back again to the old life.

9. Salvation is nigh.—He has prayed for salvation, and now he receives this message concerning it—that it is ever present to those who reverence Jehovah with becoming fear. The presence of God's salvation is like the glory of the Shekinah which abode in the tabernacle (Exod. 40, 34, 35).

10. Mercy and truth.—When God brings his salvation nigh, he shows mercy, but he does not compromise his character. So the Word came to dwell among men, full of both grace and truth (John 1). These attributes of the divine life, together with the righteousness which is the fruitage of the inward salvation, and the peace which abides in the heart of the upright, are to adorn the lives of men also. A new wonder is to appear; truth, a characteristic of the life of God, is to spring up out of the soil of earth (11). And righteousness (11), which dwells alone with God, is to descend to stoop from heaven to the lowly habitation of men's hearts. Thus a perfect harmony is to be effected between earth and heaven. This was in keeping with the most advanced ideas of the Jewish prophets. Their heaven was a rehabilitated earth.

12. Yea, Jehovah will give . . . good.—Not only blessing of a lofty spiritual nature, but everyday mercies as well, such as an increase in the productiveness of the land. The psalmist speaks of our land with a peculiar and patriotic affection. The Messianic reign, to the Hebrews, meant outward conditions of peace and prosperity as a pledge of divine favor.

13. Righteousness.—It is represented as a herald going before Jehovah, opening up the way for the restored nation to walk in that a bright and safe future may be assured God's people. All the ways of Jehovah are right ways.

"NOT PLAYIN'."

Pat, thinking to enliven the party, stated, with watch in hand: "I'll present a box of candy to the lady that makes the homeliest face within the next three minutes."

The time expired. Pat announced: "Ah, Mrs. McGuire, you get the prize."

"But," protested Mrs. McGuire, "go 'way wid ye! I wasn't playin' at all."

"I understand that after waiting twenty years she married a struggling man." "Yes, poor chap. He struggled the best he knew how, but she signed him."

to all kinds of good things baked at this bakery, is a maze of bewitchery.

BREAD, CAKE, PIES, COFFEE ROLLS,

and a hundred and one other things that this bakery invents, and turns out, each and all are appetizing, and healthful.

IT'S HERE YOU GET BEST BAKED STUFF MADE.

W. M. CAMBRIDGE,

Next door Robinson Co.

'Phone 96. Napawee.]

The—

Belleville Business College

has thousands of graduates throughout Canada and the United States. It has furnished four teachers for the largest American Business Colleges and two are teachers in Canadian Colleges. Every member of the Spring Class obtained good positions. Over one hundred graduates have good positions in the City of Belleville. Write for our new Catalogue with photographs of spring classes.

Address the
BELLEVILLE BUSINESS COLLEGE,
Limited.

Box B, Belleville, Ont.

F. E. O'FLYNN, B.A., Managing Director

Don't Read This Often.

"Hi, mister," called the driver of a huge dray, "will you kindly hold my 'boss' head for me while I get down?"

The pedestrian hesitated.
"Well, I'll do my best," he observed, approaching gingerly, "though I don't know much about horses. Er— which one shall I hold?"

"The off 'un," replied the driver.
"Dear me! Poor thing!" exclaimed the pedestrian. "Do you mean this sad-looking one?"

"No, I don't," cried the driver. "I said the off 'un, didn't I?"

"Yes, I know you did," replied the pedestrian testily, "but as I wasn't at his parents' funeral how the dickens am I to guess which is the orphan?" Answers.

Worldwide.

Miss Young In Turkey a woman doesn't know her husband till after she's married him.

Mrs. Wedd—Why mention Turkey especially?

The Real Thing.

Mrs. Gnages—I'll never forget the night you proposed to me. You acted like a perfect fool.

Mr. Gnages—That wasn't acting.

Robert Light

DEALER IN—

Lumber,
Lath,
Shingles,
and Cedar Posts.

MANUFACTURER OF—

Tanks, and all
kinds of Sash
Factory & Plan-
ing Mill Goods

Cordwood and Blocks for sale.

Telephone 53.

For example, a male stork refused to migrate and passed several winters with his mate, who, being wounded, could not fly. The regularity of its migrations has made it the subject of comment in all history, both sacred and profane.

A Terrible Thought.

"Nature knew what she was doing when she deprived fishes of a voice."

"How do you make that out?"

"What if a fish had to cackle over every egg it laid?"

Without Exception.

Tom—They say that every woman is beautiful in some one's eyes. Do you believe it?

Jack—Certainly, if you include her own.

'Twas Ever Thus.

Patience—And you say in the car you came uptown on there were a lot of women hanging on to the straps?

Patrice—Yes, and a lot of men hanging on to the seats.

"I had been given up to die by three of our best doctors,

I could not stand it to be on my feet and I was so swelled in the abdomen I could hardly breathe.

But thanks to Dr. Miles' Heart Remedy and Nerve I am able to be about the streets, a walking advertisement of the curative qualities of your remedies, although I am 70 years old."

JOHN R. COCHRAN,
Lewistown, Ill.

Better than any statement we could make regarding the value of

Dr. Miles' Heart Remedy

are these words of Mr. Cochran. He speaks from experience, the highest possible source of knowledge. If you have any of the signs of a weak heart, such as pain in the left shoulder or arm, fainting and hungry spells, shortness of breath, smothering spells, fluttering or palpitation of the heart, you need

Dr. Miles' Heart Remedy

which for over twenty years has been recognized as the best preparation of its kind to be had.

Sold under a guarantee assuring the return of the price of the first bottle if it fails to benefit. AT ALL DRUGGISTS. MILES MEDICAL CO., Toronto, Can.

Toronto Globe.

"Will Mr. Speaker Sproule please variegate his rulings on points of order with a few remarks on the ne temere decree?" asks The Toronto Telegram. He will not. The Speaker's duty is to keep silent and let others speak, and it is just possible that Brother Sproule had that same ne temere decree in his mind when he decided that the Speaker's chair was a safe refuge.

St. John N. B., Telegraph and Sun.

It will make the Liberal party if the Liberal party but stands by its guns, and sets its face as a flint against tariff compromise. The "interests" will use the Conservative party, and that, more than any other thing, will help to kill it, for the tariff framed by the interests cannot long be tolerated by a people favoring fair play and reasonable equality of opportunity.

Woodstock Sentinel Review.

The American custom is to prolong the trial almost interminably. In Great Britain or Canada an important case will be disposed of finally in a fraction of the time that it usually takes to get a jury in the United States, and there is no pretence, even among Americans themselves, that the interests of justice are not served fully as well in Great Britain or Canada as they are in the United States.

St. Mary's Argus.

The people have been tricked out of what they feel is their rights by a factitious verdict given by a panicky electorate, stampeded in one part by groundless fears of a Roman Catholic Prime Minister and of Yankee absorption, in another by a disruptionist Nationalism and fears of a proscription-manned fleet, and in a third by cries of annexation and falsehoods about the fisheries and the navy.

Belleville Ontario.

There is no legitimate excuse for leniency toward the habitual criminal, under any circumstances. He is a parasite upon society, an outcast for good cause, and every chance to cage him should be taken advantage of. Some day, when our criminology becomes a real science, the criminal, once certainly branded as a professional, will be caged for life and made to earn an honest living, or else disposed of in some way. There is no more place for him in modern civilization than there is for the tiger or the rattlesnake.

It Looked Good to Him.

The teacher was demonstrating the powerful corrosive effects of intoxicating beverages upon a stomach's lining. The class looked on with horror when she poured some 95 per cent. alcohol on an egg, thereby causing it to shrivel and coagulate. The demonstrator was pleased to observe the interest displayed by the janitor, who had come in for the wastebaskets. It was well known that he had need of such a warning.

"Ma'm," he asked timidly, "wud you mind telling me where you buy yer licker?"

The Needful.

In a certain Canadian city, there is a handsome building, in course of erection, which is evidently intended for educational use. This summer a visitor remarked on the structure and asked what was its purpose.

"Household Science Department" was the reply—"cooking as a fine art."

"It's going to take a lot of money," was the comment.

"Cooking usually calls for dough," came the reply.

colonies there are now a half-dozen villages wholly populated by low-caste converts," says Nihil Singh. One of these villages is Martinpur in the district of Saharanpur, and is inhabited by people who were formerly "sweepers," who lived in unspeakable filth. Martinpur was settled a little over a decade ago by some 70 Indian Christian families who were selected from many districts and brought to the new colony by a missionary. The government made a grant of 1,280 acres. Some of the families were allotted one square, about 210 acres; others have given half a square; while the two landholders—village headmen—were granted two squares each. The entire population of Martinpur to-day is about 1,000, including the relatives and helpers of the 70 families that settled in the town, and not one of this 1,000 follows the hereditary profession of his fathers. They have foregone scavenging and sweeping, skinning dead animals, tanning leather and making shoes. On the contrary, all are engaged in farming. Putting aside the question of whether or not they have become Christians, they have attained to self-respect and decent living.

In gratitude to those who have pulled them from the unspeakable degradations of their former life, these people have built a church and sustain it, and those who can bring no money give of their crops.

Indeed, the Martinpur people are prosperous. The women wear ornaments that are made neither of German silver nor of white or yellow brass, but of real silver or genuine gold. The agriculturists own their own plow cattle, cows and buffaloes, all of them sleek and well fed. Unlike the average farmer in the same district, the Martinpur people eat white bread, meat, and vegetables. It is said of them that they have so much interest in improving their condition, that they have planted trees in their village, keep its streets clean, actually are anxious to have good sanitary conditions, and have improved the place to such an extent that Government has praised them.

The advantages reaped by the "untouchable" convert are these: He comes in contact with the missionary, and this inculcates habits of cleanliness, orderliness, punctuality; and, if nothing else, at least whets the man's ambition. The Christian child has a school to go to, whereas the Hindu may lack all educational opportunities.

Kamchatka's Volcanoes.

Kamchatka has a number of volcanoes, the only ones in Russia that are still active.

A Careful Quail.

"I thought I ordered quail."
"Dat's quail, suh."
"Quail nothing; that's chicken!"
"It was chicken, suh, but it seed me a-comin'."
"What has that to do with it?"
"De sight ob a cullud pusson al-ways makes a chicken quail, suh."

With Alacrity

"Waal, I dunno," said the farmer's wife when Dusty Rhodes applied for a meal. "Would you be willing to do a few chores?"

"Madam," said Dusty, "if you'll give me something to chaw on I'll chaw all day."

Unexpected Politeness.

"I notice," said the young man's employer, "that you are always about the first in the office in the mornings."

"Thank you, sir."
"Why do you thank me?"
"For noticing it."

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Fitch*

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Children Cry for Fletcher's

900 DROPS

CASTORIA

Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of

INFANTS CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral.

NOT NARCOTIC.

Recipe of Old Dr. SAMUEL PITCHER

Pumpkin Seed -
Aloes -
Rhubarb -
Senna -
Pineapple -
Elix. Carminative -
Menthol -
Cinnamon -
Sage -
Peppermint -
Cloves -
Nutmeg -
Ginger -
Licorice -
Syrup -
Water -

A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.

Facsimile Signature of
Dr. H. H. Fletcher
NEW YORK.

At 6 months old
35 DROPS—35 CENTS

EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

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The Kind You Have
Always Bought

Bears the
Signature

of

Dr. H. H. Fletcher

In
Use

For Over

Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

WHY HESITATE?

An Offer That Involves no Money
Risk If You Accept it.

We are so positive our remedy will completely relieve constipation, no matter how chronic it may be, that we offer to furnish it free of all cost if it fails.

Constipation is commonly caused by weakness of the nerves and muscles of the large intestine. To expect a cure you must therefore tone up and strengthen those organs and restore them to healthier activity.

We want you to try Rexall Orderlies on our guarantee. They are eaten like candy, and are particularly good for children. They seem to act directly on the nerves and muscles of the bowels. They apparently have a neutral action on the other organs. They do not purge or cause other inconvenience. We will refund your money if they do not overcome chronic or habitual constipation and thus aid to relieve the myriads of associate or dependent chronic ailments. Try Rexall Orderlies at our risk. Three sizes, 10c, 25c and 50c. Sold only at our store—The Rexall Store—T. B. Wallace, Druggist.

AIR SCOUTS IN WAR.

Each Aviator Makes Some Remarkable Prophecies.

Much has been written about the utilization of aeroplanes in land war.

THE CAMORRISTS.

Disclosures at Famous Trial Show
Masters at Gold Brick Game.

The famous trial at Viterbo, Italy has served more purposes than that of trying to bring to justice the Camorrist murderers of Gennaro Cuocoli and his wife, for it has revealed the most extraordinary condition of concerted crime that has existed in any country. The wordy warfare between counsel, judge and witnesses, coupled with the flood of recrimination from the caged criminals who are worked up to the fury of wild beasts, is highly entertaining in itself, but other conditions of crime which the mass of it has disclosed is no less amazing. Even justice itself has been shown to be tainted almost to its innermost recesses by this astonishing organization of adept criminals. The trial has also brought to light some curious facts concerning the more prominent Camorrists, apart from their direct connection with the gang as a whole.

The stories told in the Court House at Viterbo disclose an ingenuity which outdoes the well-worn confidence trick and other dodges popularly credited to American experts in the art of prying a man loose from his wad. The Italian police records contain some details of the more famous swindles of recent years in which prominent Camorrists have figured. The particulars given are absolutely authentic.

A most elaborate fraud, and one which required several confederates, was the bank note swindle, to which were allied the gold bar and gold dust

time and in addition to Susio there are the friend with the gold and one or two others who are to see that the deal goes through fairly. Susio has just handed over notes and bars when, suddenly, a couple of excise agents make their appearance and demand in the name of the law who the parties are and what they are doing.

The scene ends by their transference to a local police court, where the inspector declares they are all liable to heavy punishment, and he seizes the cash, both good and bad, the gold bars and the gold dust. The victims, frightened beyond measure, produce more money to hush up the matter and get free even under the threat of being called up later unless the "inspector" can smooth the affair at the excise office. The two victims keep very quiet about the whole affair and the Susio gang, including the sham officers, are left in undisturbed possession of their ill-gotten booty.

Cat Home First.

The grayness of evening was creeping over the little suburb. Far away the shrill voice of newspaper boys could be heard calling the 6.30 editions, and the moon cast its pale beams on the worried woman who stood anxiously over her garden gate.

"I can't make out where my husband has got to," she remarked to a neighbor. "He went out nearly three hours ago with our cat, a bag, two bricks and the clothesline. He was going to the river to drown the cat. Oh, what can have happened to him?"

"Don't worry, dear," said the sympathetic neighbor. "Cats take an awful time to drown, you know."

"But it can't be that keeping him," sobbed the distracted wife, "because the cat came back more than an hour ago."

Vain Sacrifice.

Cholly—What's the matter, Fwank, deah boy?

Fwank—Oh, Cholly, Ethel tells me she loves another!

Cholly—What hard luck after your devotion!

Fwank—Hard luck! Why, Cholly, in the last six months her father's dog has bitten me nine times!

The Urgent Need.

She (flattering with eyes and voice)—Arthur, dear, I find that we still need a few things to make our little household more serviceable.

He—What one thing, perhaps?

She—Well, for instance, we need a new hat for me.

Asaya-Neurall

THE NEW REMEDY FOR

Nervous Exhaustion

Indigestion, Heartburn, Dyspepsia and Constipation result more

often from nervous exhaustion

than from food. Dieting or pills

will not avail. The only remedy is

nerve repair. "ASAYA-NEURALL" is and makes possible this

cure. It feeds the nerves, induce

sleep, quickens the appetite and

digestion, and these disorders disappear. \$1.50 per bottle. Obtain

from the local agent.

E. E. JESSOP.

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DR. C. H. WARTMAN

DENTIST.

It will be impossible for me to continue this out of town visits, but if our friends at York and Tamworth will do me the favor of coming to my office in Napanea, I will do my best to please them. All work guaranteed.

Wanted Now.

For Napanea and surrounding district for fall and winter months, an energetic agent to take orders for nursery stock

Good Pay Weekly.

Outfit Free.

Exclusive Territory

600 ACRES under cultivation. We guarantee to deliver stock in good condition and up to contract grade. We can show that there is good money in representing a well-known reliable firm at this time. Established over 30 years; write for particulars.

PELHAM NURSERY CO.

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Toronto, Ont.

Electric Restorer for Men

Phosphonal restores every nerve in the body to its proper tension; restores vim and vitality. Premature decay and all sexual weakness averted at once. Phosphonal will make you a new man. Price \$3 a box, or two for \$5. Mailed to any address. The Scobell Drug Co., 85, Catharines, Ont. The Scobell Drug Co. at Hooper's Drug Store.

D. R. BENSON

Graduate Ontario Veterinary College,

has opened an office second door south of Express Printing Office, where he may be consulted on all diseases of Domestic Animals. All latest veterinary sciences.

Residence: West Street, near Madden's grocery.

THIRTY YEARS

Our Seven Colleges have been established during the last 30 years. The largest trainers in Canada. Owing to our connection all over

French Aviator-Makes Some Remarkable Prophecies.

Much has been written about the utilization of aeroplanes in land warfare; but M. Beaumont, the winner of the recent \$50,000 air race, draws a remarkable picture of their use in naval engagements. And considerable weight is lent to the opinion of M. Beaumont, or rather Lieut. Conneau, to give him his correct name, by reason of the fact that he is an experienced sailor and gunnery expert.

In M. Beaumont's opinion, practically every warship will, in the near future, carry an aeroplane. He says: "The aeroplane will be carried, as a matter of course, in a vessel that is specially adapted to accommodate it. There will be no difficulty about that. A platform, large enough for the 'take-off' and for the landing of an aeroplane, can easily be installed on the bridge of a cruiser, and still more easily on that of a liner. The aeroplane will not be sent hundreds of miles away from its parent ship, but will be used, in a sense, as a captive balloon or a periscope might be."

"When an exploration of the horizon is required, though, the aviator can ascend to a great height, and, without going more than four or five miles from the ship, can survey a vast expanse of water. If he signals that there is smoke, or a vessel that seems to call for inspection, he will descend. The ship will then move close to the suspicious object, and he can make another ascent and examination later on, sending his report, in every case, by wireless telegraphy. If anything should go wrong, and he has a fall, it is only a question of picking him up, with his machine. There is nothing Utopian about this vision of the future; it is absolutely simple."

M. Beaumont does not consider that the aeroplane could be used, at any rate meantime, as a weapon of offence. He points out that from the height from which the aeroplane would have to manoeuvre in order to keep out of danger, it would be impossible to release a bomb with certain aim even if the target was so large as one as a battleship of the heaviest type.

There is, however, another use to which aeroplanes can be put in naval warfare. It was recently demonstrated that it was possible for an aviator from a height of 1,700 feet—a height which would render him practically immune from artillery fire—to see the movements of submarines 80 feet below the surface of the water. The experiment was carried out recently at Cherbourg, and within a few days another French aviator successfully transmitted, by wireless telegraphy, a message from his aeroplane to a receiver thirty miles away, although he was traveling at a height of 1,640 feet. The receiving wire on the aeroplane was nearly 400 feet long, and automatically unwinds as the flying machine rises. The electric apparatus is worked in connection with the aeroplane motor, and it is hoped that in future experiments communication may be possible at a distance of more than sixty miles.

Playing Bowls at 108.

Mrs. Rebecca Clarke, aged 108, and Mr. R. Andrews, aged ninety-one, took part in a game of bowls at a garden party given in the grounds of Ye Old Five Bells, at East Finchley.

Mrs. Clarke, who received several congratulatory messages from the late King, from Queen Alexandra, and from their present Majesties, was accompanied by a son aged sixty-six. She was married in 1830, and her eldest son is seventy.

Mr. Andrews is a salesman in the Smithfield Meat Market, and, despite his advanced age, he can be seen busily engaged there at half-past four in the morning. He has had sixteen children, one of whom served through the South African War, while another was in the navy for many years.

particulars given are absolutely authentic.

A most elaborate fraud, and one which required several confederates, was the bank note swindle, to which were allied the gold bar and gold dust fraud, all these being carried through simultaneously by the famous gang of which Susio was the leader. Ernesto Susio, elegant gentleman in appearance and manner and money-lender, had his eye on the gilded youth of Naples, the fortunes and expectations of whom were accurately known to him.

"As you are a customer," he would say, insinuatingly, to a visitor, "I can put you in the way of making a grand stroke. Ten thousand lire (\$2,000), will do the trick. I can offer you a series of 1,000 lire bank notes, precisely the same as genuine, which were secretly struck off during the last issue. You shall have them at 10 per cent. of their face value. It's one of those chances I like to put in the way of those who give me their custom. No, don't put your money down yet. I understand your eagerness, but I shall hold to my offer. We must carry through the deal in a quiet place. I am going to-morrow to Villanova (a village outside Naples). Meet me at such and such an hour."

To the next youth who came along, Susio would say: "I have a number of gold bars, and some boxes of gold dust which I can offer you at quarter value. They came into my hands through some smugglers who have since been caught. The gold is assayed at 18 carats; no, don't worry about the cash now, but bring it to-morrow to Villanova, when the bars and boxes will be brought along. I like to carry through these little matters outside my business premises."

Both victims turn up next day in

SUFFERERS FROM PILES.

ZAM-BUK HAS CURED THESE.

Friction on the hemorrhoid veins that are swollen, inflamed and gorged with blood, is what causes the terrible pain and stinging and smarting of piles. Zam-Buk applied at night will be found to give ease before morning. Thousands of persons have proved this. Why not be guided by the experience of others?

Mr. Thomas Pearson, of Prince Albert, Sask., writes: "I must thank you for the benefit I have received from Zam-Buk. Last summer I suffered greatly from piles. I started to use Zam-Buk and found it gave me relief, so I continued it, and after using three or four boxes I am pleased to say it has effected a complete cure."

Mr. G. A. Dufresne, 183-185 St. Joseph Street, St. Roch, Quebec, P. Q., writes: "I can highly recommend Zam-Buk to everyone who suffers from piles."

Magistrate Sanford, of Weston, King's Co., N. S., says: "I suffered long from itching piles, but Zam-Buk has now cured me."

Mr. William Kenty, of Upper Nine Mile River, Hants Co., N. S., says: "I suffered terribly from piles, the pain at times being almost unbearable. I tried various ointments, but everything I tried failed to do me the slightest good. I was tired of trying various remedies, when I heard of Zam-Buk, and thought as a last resource I would give this balm a trial. After a very short time Zam-Buk effected a complete cure."

Zam-Buk is also a sure cure for skin injuries and diseases, eczema, ulcers, varicose veins, cuts, burns, bruises, chaps, cold sores, etc. 50c. box all druggists and stores, or sent free from Zam-Buk Co., Toronto, for price. Refuse harmful imitations. Try Zam-Buk Soap, 25c. tablet.

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Fall Term From Aug. 28th

Write, call or phone for particulars.

Peterboro Business College

(Founded 1885)

GEO. SPOTTON, President
E. S. LOGAN, Principal.

Lax-ets 5 C Sweet to Eat.

A Candy Bowl Laxative.

Bay of Quinte Railway and Navigation Company

GENERAL PASSENGER TIME TABLE,

Eastern Standard Time. No. 31 Taking effect Dec 1st, 1906.

Bannockburn and Tamworth to Napanee and Deseronto.						Deseronto and Napanee to Tamworth and Bannockburn.					
Stations.	Miles.	No. 12	No. 40	No. 4	No. 6	Stations.	Miles.	No. 1	No. 41	No. 3	No. 5
Lve Bannockburn	0	A.M.	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	Lve Deseronto	0	A.M.	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.
Allans	5	...	...	...	1:40	Lve Napanee	9	7:30	...	...	...
Queensboro	5	...	...	...	2:50	Lve Napanee	9	7:30	...	...	...
Bridgewater	14	...	...	...	2:25	Strathcona	17	8:05	12:00	4:35	...
Ar Tweed	20	...	...	...	2:45	Newburgh	18	8:05	12:15	4:40	...
Tweed	6:00	...	...	...	3:05	Thomson's Mills	17	8:15	12:25	4:50	...
Stoco	23	7:00	...	...	3:15	Camden East	19	8:30	12:35	5:00	...
Larkins	27	7:15	...	...	3:30	Ar Yarker	23	8:45	12:50	5:13	...
Marbank	37	7:35	...	...	3:45	Lve Yarker	23	8:45	12:50	5:13	...
Erinsville	37	7:50	...	...	3:55	Galbraith	28	9:00	12:55	5:25	...
Tamworth	40	8:05	9:10	1:15	4:15	Moscow	37	9:30	...	...	...
Wilson	44	...	...	...	4:35	Mudlake Bridge	30	...	1:07	5:48	...
Enterprise	46	8:25	9:30	1:45	4:55	Enterprise	32	9:35	1:20	6:03	...
Mudlake Bridge	48	...	...	...	5:15	Wilson	34	...	1:40	6:20	...
Moscow	51	8:37	2:42	4:47	...	Tamworth	38	10:00	...	...	...
Galbraith	58	...	...	...	5:35	Erinsville	41	10:10	...	...	...
Yarker	58	8:48	3:00	5:00	...	Marbank	45	10:25	...	...	...
Ar Yarker	59	...	9:02	5:05	...	Larkins	46	10:45	...	...	...
Camden East	59	...	9:15	5:15	...	Stoco	58	11:00	...	...	...
Thomson's Mills	60	...	...	...	5:25	Ar Tweed	58	11:15	...	...	...
Newburgh	61	...	...	...	5:45	Lve Tweed	58	11:15	...	...	...
Strathcona	62	...	...	...	5:55	Bridgewater	60	11:30	...	...	...
Napanee	69	...	...	...	6:15	Lve Tweed	60	11:30	...	...	...
Deseronto	78	...	...	...	6:35	Queensboro	70	12:05	...	...	...
					6:55	Allans	73	12:20	...	...	...
						Ar Bannockburn	78	12:40	...	...	...

Kingston and Sydenham to Napanee and Deseronto.						Deseronto and Napanee to Sydenham and Kingston.					
Stations.	Miles.	No. 1	No. 4	No. 3	No. 5	Stations.	Miles.	No. 1	No. 3	No. 5	No. 6
Lve Kingston	0	A.M.	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	Lve Deseronto	0	A.M.	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.
G. T. R. Junction	9	...	...	...	4:10	Lve Napanee	9	7:30	12:00	4:35	...
Glendale	10	...	...	...	4:25	Strathcona	17	8:05	12:15	4:40	...
Murvale	14	...	...	...	4:35	Newburgh	18	8:15	12:25	4:50	...
Harrowsmith	19	...	...	...	4:55	Thomson's Mills	17	8:15	12:25	4:50	...
Ar Harrowsmith	19	8:10	...	...	5:15	Camden East	19	8:30	12:35	5:00	...
Sydenham	28	8:10	...	...	5:25	Ar Yarker	23	8:45	12:50	5:13	...
Harrowsmith	19	8:20	...	...	5:35	Lve Yarker	23	8:45	12:50	5:13	...
Frontenac	36	8:45	...	...	5:50	Galbraith	28	9:00	12:55	5:25	...
Yarker	36	8:45	...	...	6:10	Moscow	37	9:30	...	...	...
Ar Yarker	36	9:02	...	...	6:25	Mudlake Bridge	30	...	1:07	5:48	...
Camden East	30	9:24	8:15	6:35	...	Enterprise	32	9:35	1:20	6:03	...
Thomson's Mills	31	...	...	...	6:45	Wilson	34	...	1:40	6:20	...
Newburgh	39	9:43	8:25	6:55	...	Tamworth	38	10:00	...	...	...
Strathcona	34	9:43	8:25	6:55	...	Erinsville	41	10:10	...	...	...
Napanee	40	...	...	...	7:15	Marbank	45	10:25	...	...	...
Lve Napanee	40	...	...	...	7:35	Larkins	46	10:45	...	...	...
Deseronto	49	...	...	...	7:55	Stoco	58	11:00	...	...	...

LOCAL WORKING TIME TABLE.

NAPANEE TO DESERONTO and PICTON.						PICTON TO DESERONTO and NAPANEE.					
TRAINS			STEAMERS			STEAMERS			TRAINS		
Leave Napanee	Arrive Deseronto		Leave Deseronto	Arrive Picton		Leave Picton	Arrive Deseronto		Leave Deseronto	Arrive Napanee	
7:15 a.m.	2:35 a.m.					6:00 a.m.	7:25 a.m.		9:50 a.m.	10:10 a.m.	
7:10 "	8:10 "		7:00 a.m.	8:30 a.m.		9:50 a.m.	11:20 a.m.		12:20 p.m.	12:40 p.m.	
10:30 "	10:50 "										
11:50 a.m.	12:10 p.m.		1:40 p.m.	3:00 p.m.					3:45 p.m.	4:05 "	
1:25 p.m.	1:45 "								6:10 "	6:30 "	
4:30 "	4:50 "		5:30 p.m.	7:00 p.m.					7:40 "	8:00 "	
6:50 "	7:10 "					4 p.m.	5 p.m.		12:40 a.m.	1:05 a.m.	
8:15 "	8:35 "		7:00 a.m.	8:30 a.m.							

Daily. All other trains run daily Sundays excepted.

WALTER RATHBUN, President.

H. B. SHERWOOD, Superintendent.

MILES MCKEOWN, Despatcher.

"THE SPHINX" ARTIST.

Strange Old Woman Paints on the Streets of Paris.

As the art centre of the world Paris attracts many artists who are queer acting and eccentric. Strangest among these is the old woman who for years has been known to Parisians as "The Sphinx." Her figure is familiar in the streets of the Montmartre district where every day she may be found seated on the sidewalk drawing and painting. She varies her occupation at times by acting as a public letter writer for the neighborhood. From this diversion she derives a small income.

The curious, old and young, gather about her and "The Sphinx" appears oblivious of their presence unless a business deal is in sight. Then the artist simply raises her head and asks the question with the eye. The little crowd that always surrounds her sometimes feels the force of her temper, especially when the more audacious of the children stand tantalizingly near her and openly comment upon her peculiarities. No word passes her lips, but she makes a sudden spring, accompanied by a sort of a growl that scatters the frightened children like dried leaves before a wind.

A few years ago, this queer old woman, who seemed to have sprung from nowhere, stopped in front of a sign which read "a louer" (to rent) on a building near the mayor's office, in Montmartre, and asked the price. The rental of \$3 a month for a room under the eaves of the building met her needs, for she closed the bargain then and there. She gave her name as Mme. Periot.

According to the custom of Montmartre, the windows of the adjoining flats were filled with friendly neighbors, who began to besiege the new tenant with a volley of questions relating to her past, present and future. In a characteristic manner "The Sphinx's" only reply was a bang of the window, which remained closed for the rest of the night.

The aged artist lives alone, has no visitors and pays no visits. There is no sign of poverty about her, however, for although living so primitively she never looks shabby or bedraggled, and her clothing is always whole and clean. One peculiar feature about her dress is her hats. She has a predilection for large picture hats, and she changes them every season, but never is seen in the small bonnets usually worn by women of her age.

The true history of the Sphinx artist is that before the war of 1870 she

was a capable and highly esteemed teacher in one of the schools. When the commune broke loose she deserted her post and entered the thick of the fight. Her revolutionary ideas and violent acts against the Government brought about her exile from Paris for many years.

Caves In Australia.

Wonderful caves have been discovered in Western Australia by the Hon. J. D. Connelly, the Colonial Secretary. While visiting in the Southwest he explored the Moondine Cave, four miles from Karridale, and found it to be of surpassing beauty. "I have," he says, "seen all the other caves in Western Australia, and also the well-known Jenolan Caves of New South Wales, but I say without hesitation that the Moondine, which is to be known in future as the Coronation Cave, far excels the whole of them. After four hours' exploration, two large beautiful chambers, which it is proposed to call King George, and Queen Mary respectively, were discovered. Each of them is far superior in beauty to any cavern in Australia. I am certain from the conformation of the country that a cave will be found to contain still more beautiful chambers."

Made an Offer.

After one of the selling races had been run, in which the noble steed had run badly, it was cut up for sale. Bidding was not very brisk, in spite of the auctioneer's eloquent recital of his virtues. Slowly, very slowly, the price rose to five pounds and there stuck, and it seemed as though no power on earth could induce the company to offer another penny for the dilapidated steed.

"No advance at five? Going at five! For the last time at five!" said the knight of the hammer.

Just then a gentleman strolled up, and, after carefully scrutinizing the animal, said: "Stay, I'll give five and six for him!"

Collapse of auctioneer.

Some Snake Story!

This story is told of the late Dr. Emil Reich: One day while traveling he lay down to rest in the shadow of a bush and fell asleep. He awoke with a start to find that night was coming on and that rain had begun to fall. Quickly snatching up his umbrella he tried to open it and, finding it worked stiffly, he pressed the spring vigorously. Suddenly there was a sound of ripping and tearing and a snake fell to the ground split in two. The reptile had apparently swallowed the umbrella as far as it could!

COCO DE MER.

Peculiar Species of Palm Tree Grows on Sea Island.

A peculiar species of palm tree is found only on certain islands of a group called Seychelles in the middle of the Indian ocean and nowhere else in the world. It is called the coco de mer, or sea coconut palm tree.

The fruit is a large oblong nut, covered with a thin husk. When the husk has been removed, the fruit has the appearance of two oblong nuts, firmly joined together and weighing from 30 to 40 pounds. They grow in bunches, each containing from nine to ten nuts, so that a whole bunch will often weigh 400 pounds.

It takes ten years to ripen the fruit, which, unlike that of the common coconut, is too hard and horny to serve as food. The island natives make many useful and ornamental articles out of the shell. But the most important part of the tree is the leaves, which are made into mats and baskets. There is always a great demand for these things, on account of their strength and enduring qualities.

For many centuries the fruit of this tree was only known from specimens of it which, floating out to sea from the islands, were borne to the east upon the Maldivé and other coasts, the Seychelle Islands, the home of the tree, being then unknown.

So rare and mysterious a fruit was held in high regard in Asia and it was believed to be a sure antidote to poison. It commanded a great price in the Orient. Many Asiatics believed that this coconut was the fruit of some submarine palm tree.

Such nuts as were thrown up on the shores of India were highly valued by Brahmin and Hindu fakirs or religious mendicants, who, cutting them apart, would polish the halves and decorate them with bands of carving in low relief of inscriptions from the Hindu scriptures. So finished, they formed sacred begging-bowls, in which the fakirs received alms of money or food.

Guessed at Last.

The philosopher was sitting on a bench in the park thinking about the whyness of the wherefore when a man rushed by him. The fugitive was followed by another man who yelled at the philosopher:

"Catch him! Lay hands on him!"

But the philosopher did not budge. "Are you deaf? Why did you not hold the murderer?"

"Murderer? What is a murderer, sir?"

"What a question! A murderer is one who kills."

"Oh, you mean a butcher, then?"

"What an idiot! I mean one who kills another man."

"I see. You mean a soldier."

"Stupid! A murderer is one who kills another man in time of peace."

"Now I have it. You mean an executioner."

"I never saw such stupidity! I mean a man who comes to the house of another and kills him."

"Oh, oh! I have it at last! A physician."

The man looked at the philosopher for a few seconds and then rushed away pondering over the last guess.

Climbing a Coconut Tree.

Coconuts when ripe fall to the ground and when necessary are plucked by men who climb up. It sometimes makes one's blood run cold to see them run up the trees like monkeys. Two ways are practiced for mounting the trunk. In the case of a small tree or at an odd moment the man walks up the trunk, keeping his feet flat against it and throwing his weight back from it as much as possible, retaining his position at the same time by the tension of his arms. The other and safer plan is to pass a loop of cord around the feet, which are thus kept close together, and grasp the trunk of the tree, the arms mean-

ANOTHER LIFE SAVED.

Weak Lungs Restored by Morriacy's "No. 10."

ST. JOHN, N. B., Nov. 17, 1910.

"I had Pleuro-Pneumonia, and was taken to the City Hospital to have my lungs tapped. After this was done I seemed to get worse, and never expected to walk again. In fact, I was given up and wanted to be taken home from the hospital. I was in a terribly rundown condition and felt that I was going right into consumption, and for six months was just a shadow. I tried every means to get well, but there was no cure for me until I began taking your No. 10 Lung Tonic, of which I used 22 bottles in all. It was not long after returning home that I surprised my neighbors by gaining in strength and health, and now I am in good health, and feel it my duty to publish it everywhere, as I am living to-day—saved from the grave by your wonderful prescription. You may publish this letter if you wish, for I am willing to let the world know what this medicine did for me, and I cannot praise it too highly."

Mrs. John S. Barker.

The above prescription is not a "Cure-All" or so-called patent medicine. Dr. Morriacy prescribed it for 44 years, and it cured thousands after other doctors failed.

Price—Small Size, 25c.; Large Size, 50c. per bottle—at your dealers or Fath's Morriacy Medicine Co., Limited, Montreal. 400

LONDON MESSENGER BOYS.

They Are Often Entrusted With Remarkable Jobs to Perform.

Some curious instances of the quaint tasks which the ubiquitous London District Messenger boy is called on to undertake were given at the annual presentation of prizes—made by Princess Marie of Schleswig-Holstein—at the Duke of Portland's house in the city a few days ago.

All sorts of tasks, some romantic, some comic, had been performed by the boys who won these rewards.

If any of the boys earned his medals Alfred Beale did. He received three—one for good conduct, one for going to Rome, and one for going to Paris.

Beale is one of those persons who have greatness thrust upon them. He is quite willing to go whenever he gets an order from headquarters giving him the route to some foreign country, and he enjoys the trip.

His Rome trip was undertaken for the purpose of delivering a suit of court uniform, made by a West End firm, to a customer in Rome who was in a hurry.

He took some geometrical projectors to a customer in Paris for whom the ordinary mail was not quite quick enough. That, however, was an uneventful job, though he was there and back inside twenty-four hours.

But probably his most curious job was a journey to Liege, undertaken solely for the purpose of handing to the Grand Duke of Mecklenburg—who was on his way from Paris to Berlin—a luncheon basket from London containing delicacies which the Grand Duchess particularly favored.

"You are the first messenger boy I have seen, I think," said the Grand Duke, "and it is pretty smart of you to come over here alone."

Beale has already traveled about 4,000 miles alone.

Several of the other boys decorated had won their laurels in peculiar ways. Messenger Robbins, for instance, had to fetch an elephant and its keeper, an Indian boy, from Brixton to the Palladium, and to take it back the same night—a task which gave him the precious experience of a ride on an elephant's back.

One of the most amusing tasks mentioned was that of a boy who was

Learn why PURITY FLOUR is unlike any other brand

PURITY FLOUR is unlike any other brand of flour. No two milling companies follow exactly the same process of milling. In fact, no two different brands of flour in the world are exactly alike in quality.

And here is another fact worth knowing: Every wheat berry contains both high-grade and low-grade portions.

The process of milling PURITY flour costs more than to mill ordinary flour. The low-grade portions are separated and excluded. PURITY is an ALL HIGH-GRADE, hard wheat flour. It has greater strength, greater absorption and greater expansion. It is a

more than to most ordinary flour. The low-grade portions are separated and excluded. PURITY is an ALL HIGH-GRADE, hard wheat flour. It has greater strength, greater absorption and greater expansion. It is a thirstier, more elastic flour. It drinks more water and expands into more loaves.



Use PURITY FLOUR for your next batch of bread. Count the loaves. You'll find you have made "MORE BREAD AND BETTER BREAD" from PURITY than when you've used an equal weight of weaker and cheaper flour.

PURITY FLOUR

"More bread and better bread"

IMAGINE, if you can, how much whiter, and more toothsome, and more nutritious, the bread made from such a HIGH-GRADE flour must be.

And can you imagine yourself enjoying the flaky pie-crust and the light, delicate cake?—your reward for using PURITY flour

When making pastry, please remember to add more shortening than required with ordinary flour—for on account of its extra strength, PURITY FLOUR requires more shortening for best pastry-results

Yes, PURITY FLOUR costs slightly more than ordinary flour. But use it once and you'll say it's worth more—much more—than the difference.

Add PURITY FLOUR to your grocery list right now.



Sold by J. G. Oliver, Grocer, Napanee.
E. J. JUDGE, Camden East.

The Napanee Express

Job Department

EXECUTES HIGH-CLASS
PRINTING

Commercial Printing

of all kinds

Telephone
134

A Representative will
call for your Orders and
Instructions.

weight back to him as much as possible, retaining his position at the same time by the tension of his arms. The other and safer plan is to pass a loop of cord around the feet, which are thus kept close together, and grasp the trunk of the tree, the arms meanwhile assisting the climber, who moves upward in a series of jumps.

A BAD BREAK.

Kingsley Thought Aeronaut Must Have Been a Dentist.

Charles Kingsley was at a dinner once with the aeronaut Coxwell. It was shortly after Coxwell and a companion had made a flight in which they had risen so high that Coxwell's hands were frozen and he had only time to tear open the air valve with his teeth. A. C. Benson tells the story in the latest instalment of "The Leaves of the Tree" in the North American Review. After dinner Kingsley suddenly exclaimed:—

"I have often thought that the first man that ever went up in a balloon must have been a d-dentist." Some one laughed and said, "What an extraordinary idea!" "I don't know," said Kingsley; "a man who is always looking down people's throats, and pulling teeth about and breathing their breath must be inspired with a tremendous desire to get away and above it all." Coxwell leaned forward and said very good-humoredly, "Well, Mr. Kingsley, it is true that I am a dentist, but it was not that made me become an aeronaut." "My dear Mr. Coxwell," said Kingsley, flushing red, "I am sure I beg your pardon, I had no idea it was so. You must have thought me singularly ill-mannered to make a joke of it." Kingsley could not recover his spirits for the rest of the evening. He hated giving pain to any human being more perhaps than anything in the world.

Thoughts on the Onion.

The onion is a much-abused fruit. Some of its traducers claim it is a vegetable, but those who truly love the onion consider it a fruit. In its tender youth, raw and bashful though it be, there is nothing quite so delicious. As it approaches sturdy maturity it appeals to the aesthetic senses, whether sliced and eaten raw, or stewed or fried.

Misguided people have set up the argument that the onion is healthful. This has led others to regard it as a medicine of some sort. The onion should be taken for what it is—one of the most delightful of our American fruits. If the crop were limited, then the flavor of onion on the breath would be considered an indication of affluence, and the wooer who not only tinctured his kisses with onion but bought onions for his dulcinea, as he now buys bonbons and ice cream soda, would be the beau ideal of the community.

No Difference.

"My darling, I must confess I have deceived you. I am not rich; I am poor. Will it make any difference to you?"

"Not the slightest, Fred."

"I'm thankful for that. You are sure it will make no difference to you?"

"Not a bit. I can marry Mr. Richley."

A Delightful Reason.

Boatman—Peter an' me'll not be able to take ye out fishin' to-night, ma'am, but Peter's nephew will be afther takin' ye av ye like.

Lady—Well, I hope Peter's nephew is cleaner than Peter is.

Boatman—He is, ma'am; he's younger.

Dr. de Van's Female Pills

A reliable French regulator; never fails. These pills are exceedingly powerful in regulating the generative portion of the female system. Refuse all cheap imitations. Dr. de Van's are sold at \$5 a box, or three for \$10. Mailed to any address. The Scofield Drug Co., St. Catharines, Ont. Or at Hooper's Drug Store.

stance, had to fetch an elephant and its keeper, an Indian boy, from Brixton to the Palladium and to take it back the same night—a task which gave him the precious experience of a ride on an elephant's back.

One of the most amusing tasks mentioned was that of a boy who was sent for in hot haste to a house where he found standing on a table a terrified lady, who refused to descend until a mouse which she had seen in the room had been captured. The messenger caught and dispatched the unhappy mouse within half an hour.

Another queer task mentioned was that of Messenger C. Cliff, who was sent for and instructed by some irate residents to stand in front of a German band which was playing in the street and suck a lemon. Eventually one of the tormented musicians threatened him under the ear, but the lad stolidly stuck to his task, though whether or not he succeeded in stopping the "music" was not stated.

The Difference.

"So that distinguished looking lady is your wife, eh?"

"No. I'm that distinguished-looking lady's husband."

Pleased at Last.

"Was your last mistress satisfied with you?"

Servant—Well, she said she was well pleased when I left.

Brainy Ants.

Ants have larger brains in proportion to the size of their bodies than any other living creatures.

THAT AWFUL BACKACHE

Cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Morton's Gap, Kentucky.—"I suffered two years with female disorders. My health was very bad and I had a continual backache which was simply awful. I could not stand on my feet long enough to cook a meal's victuals without my back nearly killing me, and I would have such dragging sensations I could hardly bear it. I had soreness in each side, could not stand tight clothing, and was irregular. I was completely run down. On advice I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and Liver Pills and am enjoying good health. It is now more than two years and I have not had an ache or pain since I do all my own work, washing and everything, and never have the backache any more. I think your medicine is grand and I praise it to all my neighbors. If you think my testimony will help others you may publish it."—Mrs. OLLIE WOODALL, Morton's Gap, Kentucky.



Backache is a symptom of organic weakness or derangement. If you have backache don't neglect it. To get permanent relief you must reach the root of the trouble. Nothing we know of will do this so surely as Lydia E. Pinkham's Compound.

Write to Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass., for special advice. Your letter will be absolutely confidential, and the advice free.

Zeppeli shed c over th 20 min tions f of the A mi to the trol at all abo miles h flight I it mus was n real re Wright the ex early e Betw tional or thre cause e to rejeo other p built fi veloped destroy the inv feat. 4 ships, 4 diamete costly r the gre The cor ished a not rea Then, man's last of life at came o ing stali briskly the wor speed c hour. vented the hig miles o pursued thing fi but, ne a great der per facing just as aeroplan May again le he woul aloft to found h village's hours o ship se was gu nearly man en man h plishme

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BUFFETED BY DESTINY

COUNT ZEPPELIN HAS HAD A HARD UPHILL FIGHT.

The Great German Aeronaut Who Has Come Nearer to Sustained Flying Than Any Other Man Has Been Pursued by Adverse Circumstances, But He is Still Undaunted—Improving His Machine.

There is nothing in aeronautics more spectacular, more romantic, tragic and, if you must, ludicrous, than the story of Count Zeppelin, one day monarch of the air, the next beaten, defeated and put back where he began. One week he flies a thousand miles, carries a carload of passengers, travels faster than limited trains and electrifies the world, and the next his monster flying apparatus lies in the forest, overwhelmed by wind and accident. At the close of his long life of triumph and despair he may yet demonstrate the dirigible principle. And, quite as likely, he may pass on and leave little save his remarkable record of things almost fulfilled.

No aeroplane has ever attained the distance traveled by Zeppelin; no other flyer of any kind has ever been so long aloft as he. In the first blush of his achievements it seemed to the uninitiated that the air had been indeed conquered; that man had at last attained the dream of every century. And then, on top of each success came disaster and men changed their minds and their leanings.

Now Count Zeppelin is again in the air with his Schwaben I., which is a little the largest of his flyers. His 150-mile trip and seven-hour flights recently accomplished do not compare with the feats of his former machines, but these were preliminary flights. It is claimed for the new airship that it has been materially strengthened and improved and perhaps it may yet solve the problem of the air.

The greatest of dirigible experts is now 73 years old. His title of graft, or count, is inherited, and he is, in addition, a general of the German engineering corps, relieved from active duty for the purpose of carrying on his experiments with the flying machines. This retirement, to be sure, was made a good many years ago, before age naturally released him from his military duties.

Zeppelin began first to dream of flying when he was a lad of 18, studying for the army. The Franco-Prussian war, in which he served, was memorable in no small way for the introduction of the first of modern firearms, the mitrailleuse, the chassepot and the needle gun. It was a day when the present fever for inventing even more deadly instruments of warfare was burning worst and young Zeppelin, like others, became interested in the subject. His natural interest turned to navigation of the air, but it was many years before fortune or opportunity enabled him to begin real experiments.

In 1898, when he was 60 years old, Zeppelin made his first flights in the earliest model of the now universally known Zeppelin ship. There was trouble from the beginning, and it was not until two years later that any real attempt at flight was made. Then, on July 2, 1900, after numerous delays and weeks of anticipation on the part of the aeronautic world, Zeppelin emerged from his floating shed on Lake Constance, between Germany and Switzerland, and flew over the surface of the lake for about 20 minutes, making various evolutions for the purpose of testing parts of the mechanism.

15 YEARS A DYSPEPTIC

Forced to Live on Stale Bread and Porridge.

"FRUIT-A-TIVES" CURED HIM

AVONDALE, N. B., October, 15th. "I have been a great sufferer from indigestion for fifteen years. I was forced to deny myself all such hearty foods as beans, meats, potatoes and could not drink tea or coffee. For the past two years, I lived on porridge, stale bread, etc. I had treatment from two doctors, and tried nearly every kind of medicine, but got worse. "Finally I saw a testimonial of "Fruit-a-tives" and concluded to give them a trial. I took nearly four boxes of "Fruit-a-tives" and they have made me feel like a new man. I can eat all kinds of hearty foods without suffering, and am no longer constipated."

LEMUEL A. W. BROWN. Many people look on "Fruit-a-tives" as a miraculous medicine. It has indeed performed what have seemed like miraculous cures in hundreds of cases of chronic indigestion, dyspepsia, constipation and biliousness. "Fruit-a-tives" is the only medicine in the world made of fresh fruit juices and valuable tonics. 50c. a box, 6 for \$2.50, or trial size, 25c. At all dealers or from Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

SELBY.

Miss Mabel Heintzman, Watertown, has been visiting Miss Mable Anderson.

Mrs. D. W. McKim was visiting friends in town last week.

Mrs. E. D. Robinson is slowly improving from a severe attack of Rheumatism.

Mr. Ira B. Hudgins attended the Ecumenical Conference in Toronto.

Mr. and Mrs. E. Carscallen, Mr. and Mrs. Driscoll, Rochester and Misses Abigail and Gladys of Hamilton, attended the funeral of their mother, Mrs. Craig Carscallen on Monday last.

Mr. and Mrs. Newman, Picton, spent Sunday at the home of Mr. Robert Ballance.

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Hudgins are attending the Sunday School Convention at Brockville this week and intend visiting friends at Athens before returning.

A number of Empey Hill people surprised Mr. Hiram Abbot and bride with a kitchen shower on Wednesday evening last.

The Selby Epworth League purpose giving a concert in the town hall Thanksgiving night Oct. 30th. It will be a rare treat. Come one, come all. Admission 20 cts.

The home of Mr. and Mrs. David Weese was taken by surprise on Saturday evening when about forty-five friends and neighbors assembled to celebrate their forty-third wedding anniversary. Amid singing and cow bell music by the crowd the jolly old couple cordially received and made us all welcome. When all were gathered Mr. and Mrs. Weese were ushered to the centre of the drawing room and a second time surprised when asked to give their attention while the following address was read by Miss Ruth Williams:

MR. AND MRS. WEESE:

Clifton says:—Do your best for one another, making life a pleasant dream. With this in our minds we are here to make this evening a pleasant and memorable one, also to offer you our

CENTREVILLE.

Potato digging is now completed with the poorest crop on record.

A couple of Clover-hullers have been through here dressing clover also some buyers. The crop is only a small one but the price is high.

Charles Ingoldsby is recovering from his recent illness.

William Thistlewaite is erecting a new dwelling. Wagar Bros. are doing the work.

Wm. J. McGill has completed the concrete basement for the High School at Tamworth.

Miss Jennie Long is with us again after spending a couple of weeks with friends in Deseronto.

The young people here had a grand entertainment in the hall on Friday evening last.

A couple of weddings are to take place here during the next few days, so much for reciprocity.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

THE GOLDEN OPPORTUNITY.

Among the persons who have recently made provision for old age when it comes are two sisters aged respectively 32 and 34 years. They have purchased from the Canadian Government a Last Survivor Annuity, that is an Annuity which will give them together an income of \$600 a year so long as they both live, and be continued to the survivor so long as she lives. The cost of this Annuity, \$3,643 65, had been invested at 5 per cent and had brought in less than \$185.00 annually, with the difficulty and annoyance of reinvestment. The Annuity becomes payable when the younger sister attains the age of 55, and should both die before that time the purchase money will be refunded to their heirs with 3 per cent compound interest. Each is now earning her own living, and the sum paid is the fruit of their labours for a number of years. They were thus able the better to appreciate their splendid opportunity. A card of enquiry addressed to the Superintendent of Canadian Government Annuities, Ottawa, will secure for you any information you desire on the subject.

Williams' Pink Pills, 35c. or 3 for \$1.00 at Wallace's Drug Store.



FAMOUS DOCTOR'S PRESCRIPTION.

PE-RU-NA

FOR **DYSPEPSIA** (CATARRH OF STOMACH)

A Garden In the Air.

The highest garden in the world is said to be the Alpine garden of botany, which was laid out by the late Canon Chanoux, formerly rector of the Hospice of Little St. Bernard. It is situated at an elevation of 2,200 meters, or 7,150 feet. Here are to be found almost all species of mountain flowers, not only those common in the Alps, Pyrenees, Carpathians, the Caucasus and the Balkans, but even from faroff Himalaya. The canon conceived the idea in 1888, but it was not until 1902 that his project became effective. In the latter year the commune of Thudle gave him the land.—London Globe.

\$100 Reward \$100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and aiding nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for testimonials. Address F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by all druggists, 75c. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

More clothes are rubbed out than worn out. GOLD DUST saves rubbing and saves your clothes

Do not use Soap, Naphtha, Borax, Soda, Ammonia or Kerosene with GOLD DUST.

GOLD DUST has all desirable cleansing qualities in a perfectly harmless and lasting form. The GOLD DUST TWINS need no outside help.

GOLD DUST lathers instantly in hot or cold, hard or soft water—converts itself instantly into thick, vigorous suds that remove grease, grime and settled stains and clear out germs and impurities. It leaves only cleanliness and wholesomeness in their wake.

GOLD DUST spares you and protects your clothes from washboard wear.

Save yourself long hours

ated real attempt at flight was made. Then, on July 2, 1900, after numerous delays and weeks of anticipation on the part of the aeronautic world, Zeppelin emerged from his floating shed on Lake Constance, between Germany and Switzerland, and flew over the surface of the lake for about 20 minutes, making various evolutions for the purpose of testing parts of the mechanism.

A minor accident brought the ship to the surface of the lake under control at the end of that period. In all about three and three-quarters miles had been traversed, the longest flight by dirigible up to that time. It must be borne in mind that this was nearly eight years before any real results were achieved by the Wrights, and some time earlier than the exploits of Dumont and the other early experimenters with the dirigible.

Between this flight and the sensational developments of the last two or three years there was little to cause either Zeppelin or his friends to rejoice. One attempt after another proved vain. In that time he built five flyers, each of which developed one defect or another, was destroyed by storm or fire and left the inventor little but crushing defeat. All this time these mammoth ships, 400 feet long, nearly 40 feet in diameter, and made of the most costly materials, had been eating into the great fortune of the experimenter. The coming of 1908 saw him impoverished and beaten, but he was still not ready to give up.

Then, in April, 1909, with every man's judgment against him, the last of his fortune invested and his life at the flush of its ebbing, he came out one morning from his floating stable on Lake Constance, started briskly for Munich and electrified the world by flying 175 miles at a speed often better than 40 miles an hour. That he was in the end prevented from effecting a landing by the high winds and was swept 60 miles out of his course, having to be pursued by troops, detracted something from the luster of the exploit, but, nevertheless, Zeppelin had flown a great distance across country, under perfect control. The problem of facing winds was only a problem, just as stability is a problem in aeroplaning.

May 30 of the same year Zeppelin again left the sheds, announcing that he would make an attempt to remain aloft for 24 hours. The first hours found him flying over the towns and villages of south Germany. After 40 hours of sustained flight his majestic ship settled back on the way's end and was guided home. He had flown nearly 1,000 miles, bisected the German empire, and done something no man had believed possible of accomplishment.

Record Honey Yield.

What is believed to be a world's record has been created by a hive of bees on the farm of Mr. J. Selley at Cadeleigh, Devon. No less than 147 pounds of honey has been taken from the hive, and had there been 20 other hives there they would all have done as well, says the expert who removed the honey from the hive. The whole of the honey was gathered from white clover, and is of the best quality.

Scientific Salesmanship.

"How do you manage to sell so many automobiles?" was asked of the salesman who wears diamonds and a silk hat and smokes thirty cent cigars. "I don't mind telling you if you treat it confidentially," he replied. "You know, most people judge a machine by the speed it can make. Well, there is a quiet little stretch of road about ten miles out of the city. I get the prospect to take a ride in the machine. I want him to buy. When we reach that stretch of road I let her out for all she's worth, generally about thirty miles an hour. Pretty soon my partner, disguised as a constable, stops us and asserts vehemently that he has timed us and we were going eighty-five miles an hour. After some wrangling I manage to buy him off, and on the way home I close the deal with the prospect."

give their attention while the following address was read by Miss Ruth Williams:

MR. AND MRS. WEESE:

Clifton says:—Do your best for one another, making life a pleasant dream. With this in our minds we are here to make this evening a pleasant and memorable one, also to offer you our best wishes and congratulations on this the forty-third anniversary of your marriage. You have spent all these years in this neighborhood, ever ready to give a helping hand to friend or neighbor, while there have been many changes you have been spared to continue your cheery welcome and hospitality to all.

We ask you to accept these chairs as a slight token of our appreciation of your many good qualities, and hope in the long winter evenings you will take comfort in them and sometimes let your thoughts revert to your absent friends, and that you both may be spared long years of happiness and prosperity is the sincere wish of your friends and neighbors.

Signed—

MRS. A. P. ROSE,
MRS. R. D. MARTIN.

Mrs. Rose and Mrs. Martin presented them with the chairs, after which, on behalf of Mr. and Mrs. Weese, Mr. R. W. Paul in his usual manner, very ably replied, then all joined in singing Auld Lang Syne. The company were then all seated and a lunch which consisted of all the goodies a craving appetite could desire was served by the ladies. The rest of the evening was spent in music and games, Mrs. Weese rendering several favorite songs. Then after singing "God be with you till we meet again," and wishing the happy couple all good wishes for many years to come, the crowd dispersed about midnight.

HAIR HEALTH.

Take Advantage of This Generous Offer.

Your money back upon request at our store if Rexall's "93" Hair Tonic doesn't do as we claim. That's our guarantee. You obligate yourself to nothing whatever. Could you ask or could we give you stronger proof of our confidence in the hair restoring qualities of this preparation?

We could not afford to so strongly endorse Rexall's "93" Hair Tonic and continue to sell it as we do, if it did not do all we claim it will. Should our enthusiasm have carried us away, and Rexall's "93" Hair Tonic not give entire satisfaction to the users, they would lose faith in us and our statements, and in consequence our business prestige would suffer.

We assure you that if your hair is beginning to unnaturally fall out or if you have any scalp trouble, Rexall's "93" Hair Tonic will promptly eradicate dandruff, stimulate hair growth, and prevent premature baldness, or the above guarantee becomes operative. Two sizes, 50c and \$1.00. Sold only at our store—The Rexall Store—T. B. Wallace, Druggist.

The Liver At the Bottom.

Defective liver action is the cause of a great many diseases. It is the liver which abstracts the bile. It is the bile which enters into the chemical composition of the digestive ferments, and also acts as a cathartic. Merrill's System Tonic makes a strong, healthy, active liver, hence is a positive and permanent cure for Dyspepsia, Constipation, Jaundice, Congestion of the Liver and their consequent nervous symptoms. A strong bitter tonic, but tasteless because in tablet form. All Druggists, 50c per box, 6 boxes \$2.50, or postpaid by The Merrill Medical Co., Merrill Building, Toronto.

Sold and recommended by T. B. Wallace, Druggist.

soft water—converts it instantly into thick, vigorous suds that remove grease, grime and settled stains and clear out germs and impurities. It leaves only cleanliness and wholesomeness in their wake.

GOLD DUST spares you and protects your clothes from washboard wear.

Save yourself long hours of weary, dreary toil, and double the life of your clothes by buying and trying a package of **GOLD DUST** next wash-day.



"Let the **GOLD DUST TWINS** do your work"

GOLD DUST is sold in 5c size and large packages. The large package offers greater economy.

Made by **THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY, - - Montreal**

Makers of **FAIRY SOAP**, the oval cake.

POSITIVELY FREE!

Trial Package Postpaid, "Hennequin's Infant Tablets."

Any Address. Send Post Card. Write your Address plainly.

Hennequin's Infant Tablets

Save Babies' Lives. For Babies and Small Children. (Made in France.)

Dr. Hennequin's Infant Tablets saved our little girl's life. Three doctors said she could not live. The Tablets cured her.—Mr. E. R. McBRIDE, Napanee, Ont.

My baby was so weak from sickness that he could hardly walk. We thought he would die. We could find nothing to help him. I was given a sample package of three Hennequin Tablets; we used them; I saw a change at once. We secured the Tablets and our baby improved every day, and is now a bright, fat, good natured boy; you could not believe he was the same child. They certainly cured my baby and saved his life. I believe them to be the best medicine ever sold for babies. Mothers if your babies are not well take my advice and try these Tablets.—Mrs. JAMES RIDDELL, Barrydale, Ont.

We have hundreds of such letters. If the Tablets were not what you need we would not offer to give them away and prepay them. If your baby is not well send for trial package.

Hennequin Tablets have the letter "H" stamped upon them—this is your guarantee. All dealers, 25c per package, or 5 for \$1.00 sent post-paid to any address.

DOUGLAS & CO., Wholesale Agents, Napanee, Ont., Can.

Mfrs. of DOUGLAS' EGYPTIAN LINIMENT, Coleman's Baste, A. A. A., etc., etc. When writing please mention this paper.

SOWING HIS WILD OATS REAPING A HARVEST OF SORROW



How many young men can look back on their early life and regret their misdeeds. "Sowing their wild oats" in various ways. Excesses, violation of nature's laws, "wine, women and song"—all have their victims. You have reformed but what about the seed you have sown—what about the harvest? Don't trust to luck. If you are at present within the clutches of any secret habit which is sapping your life by degrees; if you are suffering from the results of past indiscretions; if your blood has been tainted from any private disease and you dare not marry; if you are married and live in dread of symptoms breaking out and exposing your past; if you are suffering as the result of a mispent life—**DRS. K. & K. ARE YOUR REFUGE.** Lay your case before them confidentially and they will tell you honestly if you are curable.

YOU CAN PAY WHEN CURED

We Treat and Cure **VARICOSE VEINS, NERVOUS DEBILITY, BLOOD and URINARY COMPLAINTS, KIDNEY and BLADDER Diseases** and all Diseases Peculiar to Men.

CONSULTATION FREE. Books Free on Diseases of Men. If unable to call, write for a Question Blank for **HOME TREATMENT.**

DRS. KENNEDY & KENNEDY
Cor. Michigan Ave. and Griswold St., Detroit, Mich.

NOTICE All letters from Canada must be addressed to our Canadian Correspondence Department in Windsor, Ont. If you desire to see us personally call at our Medical Institute in Detroit as we see and treat no patients in our Windsor offices which are used for correspondence and Laboratory for Canadian business only. Address all letters as follows:

DRS. KENNEDY & KENNEDY, Windsor, Ont.

Write for our private address.

The approaching completion of the great Oxford English Dictionary is prompting the literary worker to cast an eye over the development of the language whose words are the tools of his trade. A writer in *The English Review* expresses surprise—as well as dissatisfaction—that so large a part of the modern vocabulary, either as regards the words themselves or their present-day application, is such as would be unintelligible to Shakespeare and his fellow Elizabethans.

This writer's list takes little account of the extension and expansion accompanying the vigorous growth and advance of our own era; it dates back to the time of Dr. Johnson. He, in his day, undertook to fix the language, declaring that the range and volume of it, as exhibited in his famous dictionary, were quite adequate to all intelligent uses. How completely the bonds set by him have been broken through and over-run there is no need to say. The newest lexicons indicate that the English language now contains 400,000 words.

It is commonly a matter of pride and gratulation with English-speaking persons that our language should exhibit by its growth such vitality, catholicity and adaptability. The progress of the tongue is keeping up with the advance of humanity. It is surprising that a student should be found with an inclination to resent the results of natural and well-ascertained processes. These may indeed involve losses in certain particulars, but they bring substantial and preponderant gains in others. To-day's vocabulary, large and varied as it is, will still be subject to increase and to change, like others before it. It is likely enough that, three hundred years from now, conservatives may yet be found to resent the malappreciation of the simple, rapid, energetic old tongue of to-day; for the language must continue to meet the needs and serve the purposes of new and exacting generations as they come.

What Paris was for rabies in the days of Pasteur, London promises to become, for the various malignant diseases that may be combated by radium. London's new Radium Institute, which originated with King Edward and which has been financed by several of the dead king's wealthy associates, has just opened its doors to the afflicted. The new building is the first to be put up exclusively for use as a radium institute. It is equipped with a larger supply of radium than any other institution in the world. This supply amounts, in

THE FARM

Useful Hints for the Tiller of the Soil

GOOD HOME-MADE ROLLER.

To make a good roller at the cost of \$7 or \$8, take four old mowing machine wheels all of one size. Use the axles of the machines for the roller shafts.

Break off the lugs on the rim of the wheels, then have your blacksmith drill three-eighth-inch holes four inches apart. For the drum or roller staves use two by four-inch scantlings cut to three-foot lengths, bore three-eighth-inch holes in these near each end to make the ends even with the edge of the rim of the wheel.

Bolt these onto the wheel, using washers under the heads of the bolts and the nuts against the inside of the rim of the wheel.

The piece of scantling should be beveled slightly, so as to fit closely against the rim of the wheel. Now, we are ready for the frame, which should be of four by four inch stuff. Cut two pieces which should be 7½ feet long. Two inches from each end cut a one by three-inch mortise. In the center of each of these pieces cut a two by four-inch notch for the tongue to rest in. Cut the end pieces long enough to clear the rollers when the frame is put together.

Cut tenons on each end of these pieces to fit the mortises in front and rear pieces of the frame.

Have the blacksmith make four corner irons with four holes in each three eighth-inch; pin corners securely, then put corner irons on and tighten up the bolts.

If you can find four old machine boxings that will fit the roller shafts, bolt to under sides of frame as shown in cut; if not, make some out of hardwood. The wooden boxings—lay two pieces of two by four-inch hardwood together, clamp them and bore a hole 3-32nd of inch larger than the roller shaft. Let the worm of the auger run directly between them, so one half of the role will be in each piece.

Putting rollers and frame together—place the shaft in each roller and make fast by means of a set screw in the hub of each wheel; the shafts should turn in the boxings, not the wheels on the shafts.

Now place the frame over the roller and adjust to proper position, that is, have the space around the rollers between them and the frame the same distance at all places.

Raise the roller frame slightly and slip in place the upper half of each boxing; let down frame on

shaft, put lower half of boxings in place, then bore holes through the frame 2½ inches from the shaft, and bolt all together with five-eighth-inch bolts.

The tongue forms the centerpiece for frame. Brace the tongue with two pieces of old wagon tire three feet long, put in proper shape with a three-eighth-inch bolt, fastening it to the tongues and frame.

Attach an old mowing-machine seat to the rear of tongue to balance the neck yoke when the driver is seated. Make three or four holes for fastening seat to frame so the seat may be regulated to agree with the weight of the driver.

Bore a quarter-inch hole in frame directly over each boxing for an oil hole for the same.

Paint the whole thing, rollers and all, and keep in the dry when not in use and it will last 25 or more years.

Do not use it when the soil is wet.

A roller is only to pack dry soil or to crack hard dry clods so they will pulverize when rained upon.

TAKE CARE OF THE WOOD LOT.

Don't let anyone persuade you to burn over the wood lot. By doing so you destroy the leaves and humus-forming material which nature intended the trees to have.

Cut out only the undesirable trees. Keep the cleftstuns, hickories, oaks and white pines and remove all crooked and defective trees.

Where several trees stand closely together, or where there are shoots from an old stump remove all but one or two of the best.

Be very careful not to injure the desirable trees when removing those wanted for fuel.

Study your wood lot, its trees and their characteristics and be guided by the knowledge and experience acquired.

NOTES OF THE SHEEP FOLD.

The sheep industry cannot reach perfection until every mongrel dog in the land is exterminated.

It is a fact that the dogs destroy more sheep in some parts than all the diseases combined.

Sheep are extremely nervous and when being fattened for market they must be quiet and free from sudden alarm which will cause excitement.

Poorly fed sheep will not produce very good wool, nor good mutton.

RAILWAY OVER SINK HOLES.

The Builders Find One They Are Not Able to Fill.

The Canadian Northern has encountered a number of bad sink holes on the extension now being built between Duluth and Virginia. Many of these were filled directly

A WALLED AFRICAN CITY

KANO IS THE GREAT NATIVE Market.

It is the Place of Meeting for Many Tribes of Central Africa.

In Nigeria you are permanently conscious that this country has a history and traditions. Nowhere perhaps does the fact impress the newcomer more vividly than at Kano. It is a wonderful place to find in Central Africa, this native city, with its great enfolding walls, twelve miles in circumference, pierced by thirteen deep gateways (kofas), with platform and guard-houses and massive doors heavily clamped with iron; with its written records dating back nearly 800 years. And although incomparably the most important it is not the oldest of these Hausa cities—Katsina, now in the same "province," is probably older.

When the West Saxon realm fell before the onslaught of the Danes and the first Danish King reigned over England, writes a Nigeria correspondent of the London Times, Hausaland was conquered by an unknown people from the East, and when the prosperity of the English towns was beginning to revive under Henry I., Gijimasu, the third King of the invading dynasty, was Kano.

When Henry VIII. was laying the foundations of personal government, the "rich merchants and most civil people" of Kano were entertaining Leo Africanus (Al Hassan ibn Mohammed at Wazzan). Three hundred years later (1824) Clapperton entered this "great emporium of the kingdom of Hausa," which Barth forty years afterward termed the "far famed entrepot of Central Africa," which Lugard was subsequently to describe as exceeding anything he had ever seen "or even imagined" in Africa.

KANO STILL SURVIVES.

Tributary now to this, now to the other evanescent African kingdom, frequently at war with its neighbors, repeatedly besieged, it has survived every vicissitude. Neither the disastrous struggles with Katsina in the seventeenth and with Guber in the eighteenth centuries, nor the deposition and defeat of the forty-third (and last) King of the original dynasty by the Fulani early in the nineteenth century, nor yet the occupation of the country by the British seven years ago, have destroyed its influence or impaired its commercial prestige.

Its market place, still the scene of clamorous activity, continues to attract merchants and merchandise from all parts of western central Africa. It still remains the nerve centre of a district whose natural fertility, aided by the labor and skill of a hard working, industrious population, not only supports, as it has done for many centuries, a population of the same density to the square mile as England, but exports large quantities of grain to less favored regions; and its looms continue to supply the requirements of an immense area ranging from the Chad to Timbuktu and the borders of Tripoli and, in part, at least, southward to the Niger.

Picturesque by day, with numer-

Young Folks

AUNT FANNY'S STORY.

just opened its doors to the afflicted. The new building is the first to be put up exclusively for use as a radium institute. It is equipped with a larger supply of radium than any other institution in the world. This supply amounts, in quantity, to a teaspoonful; in value, to \$250,000.

The new establishment will be conservatively managed. Sensationalism will be discouraged. Only patients recommended by the medical profession will be accepted. All attempts at an unauthorized exploitation of the mysterious powers of the new remedy will be frowned upon. The institute is regarded as a great national undertaking. Its fortunes are in the hands of the highest medical and scientific experts in Great Britain. The results of this enterprise will be watched with the deepest interest by all the world.

A recent outbreak of diphtheria was attributed by the medical authorities to the bad habit school children have of moistening their pencils with the tongue to make them write more smoothly and legibly. The pencils in themselves were found to be harmless when clean and new. But in many of the rural school districts pencils, pens, copybooks, and slates are distributed to the children during lessons and collected again when school is dismissed for the day. Consequently no child is sure of getting the same pencil twice in two days. Johnny Brown gets a nice new pencil to-day and moistens it frequently in his mouth during the writing lesson because he finds it writes easier when the "lead" is wet. To-morrow Mary Hodkins gets that same pencil. She, too, moistens the lead in her mouth to make it write better. And that is how the dread disease is communicated from one child to another.

DENMARK'S HARVEST.

According to all reports, the harvest in 1911 in Denmark will surpass all records since 1868. Not in 43 years have weather, labor and other conditions proven so auspicious to the farmer, and hereafter when the agriculturist wishes to point to an ideal harvest, he will refer to 1911. There is only one discordant note, that of the turnip and grass growers, who have suffered on account of the long drought. It was feared that labor would be scarce, but the employment agencies did their work so well that no shortage was felt and, with the exception of the large farms, harvest was completed within three weeks.

PLAUSABLE THEORY.

"It's the honest men in this world who need watching."
"How's that?"
"Oh, the dishonest one will cheat you, anyhow, whether you watch them or not."

Young Folks

AUNT FANNY'S STORY.

It was dinner-time, but Harold was huddled in the corner of the bath-room. "I don't want a clean face!" he declared stubbornly, while Aunt Fanny waited patiently. "Some one is always trying to wash me or dress me or put on my shoes or take them off!" he complained.

"I want to tell you a nice story," said Aunt Fanny, as she took down the face-cloth and prepared the water.

Harold did like a story better than all the other entertaining things that Aunt Fanny did for him. He began to creep slowly from his hiding and then he came to her side.

"I shall have to use a little water to tell you this story," she said, as she dipped the cloth in the bowl.

"Now there was a man who owned a splendid place, but the house was getting browned by the weather, and so he decided to fix it up. He began with the roof." Aunt Fanny ran the cloth over the yellow curls. "He washed all the shingles with the hose, and then he came along down to the windows. These he gave a lot of water, and was very careful to see that the corners of the glass were clean. Then there was a little porch on the front of the house, and this was very black. He swept and garnished this nicely." Before Harold knew it his nose was fresh and rosy.

"Next came the door," said Aunt Fanny. "This had to be scrubbed very nicely, because all the visitors who come notice this first. The walls near the door had to be freshened up a little, and next he began on the bay windows. These needed more care than anything else," and when Aunt Fanny had explained all about this, the ears were clean.

"Now there is a long lane leading to the house, and this had to be plowed again, and all the rubbish taken away."

She ran the cloth all about the neck, and Harold was as clean as his little baby sister.

"And then what happened?" he asked, as Aunt Fanny fastened his fresh collar.

"Why, the man was happy, and every one who rode by thought what a pretty change he had made."

Harold laughed. "That was a nice story, and it is nice to be clean. Tell me another."—Youth's Companion.

THE DIFFERENCE.

Young Hopeful—Father, what is a traitor in politics?

Veteran Politician—A traitor is a man who leaves our party and goes over to the other one.

Young Hopeful—Well, then, what is a man who leaves his party and comes over to yours?

Veteran Politician—A convert, my son.

LAST YEAR'S OVERCOAT.

Once more I sadly take it down,
And musingly I gaze upon it.
I choke my pride, and then decide
'Twill do with a new collar on it.

The Builders Find One They Are Not Able to Fill.

The Canadian Northern has encountered a number of bad sink holes on the extension now being built between Duluth and Virginia. Many of these were filled directly with small dump cars, but in two instances the surface did not break through until after the track was laid over them and construction trains were running.

At the larger one, located at mile post 56, soundings taken for a distance of about 1,500 feet showed a depth of from 20 to 45 feet of soft mud. The surface crust appeared to be fairly solid and it was hoped that it would hold up, but it broke through early last spring after trains had been running over it but a short time. About the middle of April this hole became so bad that it was impossible to operate trains over it and steps were taken to fill it.

To support the track timbers were laid about 30 feet on each side of the centre line and parallel with it. Large white and Norway pine and tamarack logs were laid across these outside timbers at intervals of 3 feet. The track was then laid over this grillage and the cars were dumped between the cross timbers. In the first 100 feet of the hole an average of 200 12 yard cars were dumped each day for three weeks before the material appeared above the surface of the water, for after the crust of the swamp was broken there was nothing immediately below the track but water and liquid mud.

About a week after soundings were begun new soundings were taken, says the Railway Age Gazette, and where they had formerly showed a depth of soft material of 35 feet they now showed a depth of 60 feet, indicating that there were harder layers of material in the soft mud. This was borne out by the action of the embankment, which would be brought up nearly to grade and would then drop suddenly a distance of 15 or 20 feet.

After spending over six weeks of steady work at this hole and after filling only about 500 feet of it it was decided to try to prevent the rest of the swamp from breaking through. Contractors were ordered to crossway it with heavy timbers for a width of 50 feet where its depth of at least two feet where it had not already broken through, which work is now under way.

In constructing this grillage timbers are first laid close together longitudinally and with broken joints for the 50 foot width. On top of his cross timbers 50 feet long are laid close together. A layer of brush is put on top of this and the embankment dumped on the brush. In addition to this crosswaying a dredge is now digging a ditch 12 feet for a distance of two miles to drain the swamp and solidify its surface. It is expected that these measures will remedy the trouble at this point.

At mile post 69 two sink holes were encountered close together with a small ridge between them. Each hole was about 600 feet long and one had a maximum depth of 35 feet, while the other showed no bottom at a depth of 50 feet. Both of these have been filled solidly, using the same method as at mile post 56. They required about six weeks work, dumping an average of 180 twelve yard cars a day.

the square mile as England, but exports large quantities of grain to less favored regions; and its looms continue to supply the requirements of an immense area ranging from the Chad to Timbuktu and the borders of Tripoli and, in part, at least, southward to the Niger.

Picturesque by day, with numerous and gayly dressed pedestrians and horsemen parambulating its tortuous streets, busy crowds around its market, dye pits, tanneries and looms, Kano is still more so when the moon floods its broad open spaces with light and flings strange shadows across the sandy thoroughfares where they abut upon the dwelling places of its inhabitants. Then but for the occasional howl of a dog this city which has endured so long and withstood so much lies wrapped in

IMPENETRABLE SILENCE.

The ugly sores of Africa—not, assuredly as ugly or as numerous as those of Europe, but more conspicuous—are mercifully hidden. No one walks abroad. Yet you know as you wander with noiseless footsteps through its curves and labyrinths, escaping for once from your inevitable native attendants (delightful people, but sadly hampering at times), that behind these thick clay walls and closed doors the mysterious world of Africa is awake and stirring—that social world with its primitive impulses but also with its many courtesies and refinement that world of habit and of thought guarded with jealous reticence from the alien, unfathomed and unfathomable even by the most experienced of residents.

And again at sunrise, when from the summit of the minaret outside the Emir's residence the pink flush of dawn steals down the sides of the city's guardian hills, Dala and Goron-duchi, flickers upon the fronds of the palm trees and reveals the seemingly interminable vista of houses, mostly flat roofed but varied here and there by others of humbler thatch and conical in shape; when the blue wreaths of smoke from many fires mount perpendicularly into the crisp, still air, mingled with the aromatic scent of burning wood and a confused murmur of awakening life—then too the city holds you in the grip of a fascinated interest.

It is difficult to explain this fascination, for the architecture of Kano, though imposing in its way is rude. There are no flashing domes and sumptuous buildings, as in the East; yet the few who have visited it, and the handful of officers—all travelled men—who by turn have had responsibility for the good order of the Emirate, would be prepared, if any, one and all to confess that not even the blunting effects of familiarity can do away with the curious influence it exercises.

THE MARKET PLACE.

A visit to the famous market place—the Kasua Kurumi—which covers a wide expanse and where anything from 4,000 to 7,000 persons may be congregated together, according to the day, is a bewildering experience. In this tumultuous sea of humanity, shot with brilliant colors, details are swamped at first in general impressions. You are aware of a vast concourse of men and women, cheery faced, closely packed together, clad in robes of many hues—white and various shades of blue predominating; of tossing arms and turbaned heads; of long lines of clay built booths where piled up merchandise awaits the customer;

of incessant movement, the strife of man tongues, the wait of many moments, mostly the reverse of fragrant—over all blue sky and fierce hot sun.

As you move along with frequent pauses necessitated by the crush and the eye gets more accustomed to the scene, some at least of its component parts stand out more clearly from the ever shifting view, and the extraordinary variety of human types and the multiplicity of articles on sale is realized.

The home of the Kanawa (people of Kano), whose industry is famed from the Atlantic to the Mediterranean, one would naturally expect to find their numbers in the ascendant. Keen featured men of business, women with elaborate coiffures resembling pictures of old Assyrian helmets, their cheeks often disfigured by exaggerated "beauty spots" daubed on with lead or antimony. Other Hausa visitors from Katsina, Gober or Daura, each with the distinguishing facial mark of his clan, six strokes with a dot for Katsina, two for Daura and so on. Pale complexioned Fulani from the country, the women wearing their straight hair in ringlets, with silver earrings and gentle eyes. The Nupe, with his characteristic headgear of red, black and yellow straw.

Thick lipped Kanuris from Bornu. Tall, lithe Tuareg from distant Sokoto or Asben.

THE ARAB MERCHANT, arrogant and intriguer, making his way through the market to the "Arab quarter," a quarter of the city remarkable for its Moorish architecture and unpleasantly notorious for its smells.

Each trade has its quarter. Beneath the shelter of the booths vendors sit crosslegged, their wares spread out before them. Cloths of every hue and texture under the sun, it would seem, absorb one whole quarter and form perhaps the most important article of sale, although the more valuable cloths are seldom seen, for transactions in the more costly objects take place within the shelter of private houses.

In the leather quarter you will find great quantities of saddlery from Tripoli and also of local manufacture, highly ornamented bridles, stirrup leathers, despatch bags, Korans in leather cases, purses, red slippers, sandals, quilted horse-cloths, undyed goatskins and cow-hides, swords in scabbards, many of them admirable in workmanship. An examination of the latter will disclose the interesting fact that the blades of the most expensive specimens bear the Solingen mark, a curious example of the conservatism of this interior African trade, for as far back as the middle of the last century Solingen sword blades were imported into Kano across the desert.

Passing out of the leather quarter you will find silver, brass and tin ware; among the former necklaces and earrings which would not disgrace a London jeweller's shop window, ruder bangles and anklets, partly tin, partly silver; brass urns and bowls, and glass bracelets from Bida. Necklaces of beads, Venetian and local, of agates imported from Tripoli and polished and cut at Bida, of cheap European coral, of different kinds of bright colored beads. Rough pottery, but often of elegant design, such, for example, as the small lamps used for burning ground nut oil, in the

EXERCISE FOR THE FAT MAN

HOW TO KEEP IN A CONDITION OF GOOD HEALTH.

Some Asserted Stunts Which It Is Said Will Banish Superfluous Flesh.

Physical training to enable a man to break athletic records or to produce exaggerated muscular development should have no place in the programme of the average person after the age of 25 or 30 years, says a writer in Country Life in America. The aim from that time should be merely to keep in a condition of health and efficiency.

First and chiefly there is the fat man to be considered. Drugs will not cure him nor restore his physical and mental efficiency; but one hour of blood circulating exercise every day will secure this desirable result, and it may be taken in the following manner:

Before getting out of bed in the morning come to a sitting posture, with the hands at the sides of the thighs and repeat the exercise until a slight feeling of fatigue is felt in the abdominal muscles. As one becomes stronger after a week's practice the same exercise may be taken with the arms folded across the breast, and finally it can be intensified by sitting up with the arms extended behind the head. The movements may be varied by raising the legs to a vertical position and also by drawing the knees as near the chin as possible. Five minutes of this work daily

WILL DO MUCH GOOD.

After getting out of bed all clothing should be removed so that the air coming in through the open windows may stimulate the skin to a healthy action while taking the following exercises. With the hands placed upon the hips or extended horizontally at the sides, turn or twist the body from side to side as far as possible. Next spread the feet, place the tips of the fingers upon the shoulder, bend to the right side, keeping the left leg straight; touch the floor with the right hand and extend the left hand toward the ceiling and repeat the exercise right and left alternately. This exercise stirs up the liver.

Take the attitude of a boxer and strike out vigorously while holding a pair of light wooden dumbbells or, better, punch the striking bag for a few minutes. Follow the above exercises with a cool sponge bath and rub dry with a moderately coarse towel. Begin the exercise slowly and gradually increase it until it can be taken in ten or fifteen minute doses.

THE BREAKFAST.

should be light, consisting principally of fruit, cereals, with skimmed milk, and in some special cases where one feels that he must have a small allowance of lean beef-steak or chops may be eaten. The best drink at all times is water, and coffee should be gradually dropped from the menu.

After breakfast a brisk walk of fifteen minutes will clear the brain for the work of the day. Fifteen minutes walk to the place of luncheon will give one an appetite for this meal, which should be more generous than the breakfast, con-

The Home

Notes of Particular Interest to Women Folks

USES FOR SOUR CREAM.

During three generations of cooks these recipes for the use of sour cream have been in use, and can always be depended on to give fine results.

Feather Cake.—One cupful of rather thick, sour cream, one cupful of sugar, two cupfuls of sifted flour, one egg, one-half teaspoonful of salt, one teaspoonful, level, of soda dissolved in a little water, one teaspoonful of vanilla, one teaspoonful of baking powder.

Nut Cake.—Three-fourths cupful of thick, sour cream, one cupful of sugar, one and one-half cupfuls of flour, one cupful of chopped English walnuts, one egg, one-half teaspoonful each of salt and soda; flavor to taste. Bake in loaf nearly an hour in moderate oven.

Layer Nut Cake.—One-half cupful of rich, sour cream, one cupful of sugar, two cupfuls of flour, measured before sifting, two eggs, one half teaspoonful each of salt and soda, one of baking powder; vanilla. Bake in three layers. Use nut fillings.

Spice Cake.—Three-fourths of a cupful of sour cream, three-fourths of a cupful of sugar, yolks of two eggs and one whole egg, two cupfuls sifted flour, one teaspoonful each of baking powder, cinnamon, cloves and nutmegs, one-half teaspoonful of salt and soda. Bake in three layers, and put together with boiled frosting.

Plain Fruit Cake.—One cupful of sour cream, one cupful of brown sugar, one-half cupful of molasses, three cupfuls of flour, one cupful of raisins, one cupful of chopped walnuts. Spice to taste; one teaspoonful of soda in tablespoonful of hot water, one-half teaspoonful of salt, one egg.

Black Cake (used since 1823).—One cupful of sour cream, one cupful of molasses, one pound of sugar, one pound of flour, one pound of currants, one pound of raisins, one-half pound of citron, one-half pound chopped figs, one-half pound almonds, three-fourths of a pound of butter, ten eggs (leaving out the white of two), one teaspoonful of soda, two of cinnamon, one of cloves, one of allspice, four tablespoonfuls of orange marmalade. Bake very slowly.

Cream Cake.—One cupful of sour cream, one cupful of sugar, two cupfuls of flour, two teaspoonfuls of baking powder, two eggs, one-half teaspoonful of salt and soda; vanilla. Bake in gem pans. Sprinkle granulated sugar over before putting in hot oven.

Gingerbread.—Three-fourths of a cupful of thick, sour cream, one-half cupful of molasses, one-half cupful of sugar, two cupfuls of flour, two eggs, one rounding teaspoonful of soda of soda, one tablespoonful of ginger, one teaspoonful of cinnamon, one of lemon extract, one-half teaspoonful of salt. Bake

marks rub them with a little sweet oil; wipe it off, then apply a few drops of spirits of wine, and finally polish with a dry cloth.

To mend a voile or other thin material which has become torn, procure a piece of court plaster slightly larger than the torn part, and as near the same color as possible to the material. Damp the plaster and place under the tear, taking care to lay the edges of the cloth neatly together, then press with a weight till dry. The rent will hardly be perceptible then.

Knives should never be put into water, as it injures the handles. The blades may be placed upright in a mug of hot soda-water, for in this way the handles will be kept dry. Should the handles come off fix them again thus: Take powdered resin, and mix it with a small quantity of powdered chalk, whitening, or slaked lime. Fill the hole with the mixture, heat the shaft of the knife, and ram it in. When cold it will be quite fast.

SELECTED RECIPES.

Quince Pudding.—It has always been claimed by the devotees of this popular pudding that although rich, it is not indigestible. Pare six large quinces and cut out all the blemishes, scrape the fruit to a pulp, and add to it one-half pint of cream and one-half pound of powdered sugar, stirring them together very hard. Beat the yolks of seven eggs and the whites of two, and stir them gradually into the mixture. Bake it in a buttered dish three-quarters of an hour, sprinkle sugar over it when cold, and serve.

Sweet-Potato Waffles.—A Southern recipe which makes an excellent accompaniment for roast duck. Mix thoroughly and beat to a cream one tablespoonful each of butter and sugar, stir in one well-beaten egg, and one pint of milk, one small cup of flour sifted with one teaspoonful of baking-powder, and enough cooked mashed sweet potato to make a smooth batter. Season with salt, cayenne pepper and nutmeg. Bake in hot waffle irons until a golden brown, dust lightly with cinnamon, and serve hot.

Lamb's Kidneys en Brochette.—Peel the kidneys and remove the strings and fat attached. Slice them crosswise, and string the slices on metal skewers, placing a small slice of bacon between each slice of kidney, and also at each end. Place the skewers on the rack in a dripping-pan and bake for about fifteen minutes, or until the bacon is crisp. The skewers will need to be turned once.

Brambles.—Use one cup of seeded raisins chopped fine with grated rind of one lemon, two common crackers rolled fine, one cup of sugar, one egg and one-quarter cup of milk. Mix the ingredients thoroughly. Cut pastry in squares, and place a tablespoonful of the mix-

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coffee should be gradually dropped from the menu.

After breakfast a brisk walk of fifteen minutes will clear the brain for the work of the day. Fifteen minutes walk to the place of luncheon will give one an appetite for this meal, which should be more generous than the breakfast, consisting of almost anything the appetite craves excepting starches, sugars and fats. After a short rest and another walk to the office the business of the afternoon may be taken up.

The above light training takes one hour each day, and while it will do much for the average business man in the way of improved health and strength it is advisable if he wishes to get the greatest benefit from exercise and to reduce his weight to indulge in some vigorous sweat producing exercise three or four times a week. For this purpose tennis, squash racquets, handball or brisk walking after business hours will bring about

THE DESIRED RESULT.

After the day's exercise a warm bath followed by a cold shower, or better still a cold plunge, will make one feel like a new man.

After a day spent in this manner there is a great temptation to eat a hearty dinner and no harm can result from such a course if pastry, gravies, condiments fat meats and the heavier kinds of fish, such as salmon, mackerel, trout and halibut, are taboo. All kinds of vegetables may be eaten excepting potatoes, sweet corn and beets, which should be eaten sparingly if at all. Ales, wines and liquors must be avoided in all training, light or heavy, if the best results are to be obtained. It is best to avoid tobacco, yet a good cigar or pipe after smoke can do little if any harm.

HUNTING CANNIBALS.

University Expedition Will Visit a South Sea Island.

An expedition has set out from Oxford University with its objective a cannibal isle in the South seas, where it expects to spend a year in studying the habits of the natives.

The party of scientists is headed by David Jenness, the anthropological expert of Balliol college. The explorers will locate on Good-enough Island, which is situated in the extreme southeasterly corner of British New Guinea. Little is known of the interior of this island, but it has been asserted that cannibalism is practiced there on an extensive scale.

Occasionally a government official pays a visit to the isle, but, being unwilling to provide the natives with a banquet, wisely confines his investigations to the coast line. For this reason the interior remains unexplored. One or two attempts have been made to map the inland, but the explorers have never returned.

Goodenough Island, which is of volcanic formation, is believed to be the highest island of its size in the world. It is 40 miles long and 30 miles across, and its highest mountain extends 8,000 feet above sea level.

If the good 'die young it's because they have no say in the matter.

Many a man's deficiency in dollars is due to his deficiency in sense.

Gingerbread.—Three-fourths of a cupful of thick, sour cream, one-half cupful of molasses, one-half cupful of sugar, two cupfuls of flour, two eggs, one rounding teaspoonful of soda of soda, one table-spoonful of ginger, one teaspoonful of cinnamon, one of lemon extract, one-half teaspoonful of salt. Bake in gem pans and frost with confectioner's sugar frosting.

Southern Gingerbread.—One cupful of thin, sour cream, two-thirds cupful of butter, one cupful of molasses, one cupful of brown sugar, two cupfuls of raisins, four eggs, one and one-half quarts of flour, one table-spoonful of ginger, one teaspoonful each of soda, cinnamon, cloves, grated lemon peel and nutmeg.

Plain Gingerbread.—One cupful of sour cream, one cupful of molasses, one-half cupful of sugar, one egg, one table-spoonful each of soda, ginger, cinnamon, allspice, salt, two cupfuls of flour. Bake in flat tin and frost.

Cookies.—One cupful of sour cream, one cupful of granulated sugar, one egg, salt-spoon of salt, one table-spoonful of soda, one of flavoring. Stir stiff with spoon, take small quantity on board, roll, sprinkle sugar and cinnamon on top.

Fresh Cookies.—Two table-spoonfuls of sour cream, two cupfuls of sugar, two cupfuls of chopped raisins, one cupful of butter, two eggs, one cupful of chopped walnut meats, one table-spoonful each of soda and cinnamon, one-half grated nutmeg. Flour to roll.

Cream Cookies.—One cupful of thick, sour cream, two cupfuls of sugar, one cupful of butter, two eggs, one table-spoonful of soda, salt and flavoring to taste. Flour to make as soft as can be rolled. Sprinkle with sugar.

HINTS FOR THE HOME.

Salt and vinegar will remove the most obstinate stains from china.

Linseed oil should be used for door hinges if you wish them silent.

Velvet coat collars will be all the better for rubbing with a flannel wrung out of ammonia and hot water.

Colored cotton goods have not always fast colors. If there is any doubt in the matter, lay them in salt and water for two hours before washing.

If lemon juice is spilled on a colored material, sponge it as soon as possible with ammonia and water, using one part of ammonia to three of water.

Brooms, when new, should be scalded in boiling suds and they will last much longer. Always hang them up, or stand on the handle, never on the bristles.

To clean a black straw hat and make it look like new, just rub it with the tiniest piece of butter on velvet, and then polish with a strip of velvet.

In combing out long, tangled hair never begin at the roots, but at the tips, and work upwards to the head. If the hair is much matted or tangled on the head, comb it with the comb held edgewise, not flat, and begin again from the tips. If done in this manner all pulling and dragging is avoided.

Mahogany tables are very frequently disfigured by white looking marks, caused by standing hot plates or dishes on them without a mat underneath. To remove the

once.
Brambles.—Use one cup of seeded raisins chopped fine with grated rind of one lemon, two common crackers rolled fine, one cup of sugar, one egg and one-quarter cup of milk. Mix the ingredients thoroughly. Cut pastry in squares, and place a table-spoonful of the mixture on each square. Moisten the edges with milk, to prevent the filling from running out, fold over, and bake in a quick oven. This recipe makes eighteen brambles.

Almond Paste for Wedding Cake.—Blanch one pound of almonds, and put them through a fine meat-chopper twice. Mix the whites of four eggs in a large bowl with three pounds of pulverized sugar, and add the nuts, with a dessert-spoonful of essence of rose, or with other flavoring to suit the taste. Knead the mixture to the consistency of a stiff dough, and spread it about an inch thick on top of the cake. Rub the top of the cake with the white of an egg before spreading the paste.

AN IMPROVED PILLOW.

When Beds Were at a Premium at An Irish Hotel.

Sleeping on a mat under the moon in a cannibal country is a pale adventure compared with a lodge in an old-time Irish inn at the height of the tourist season. A certain Master of the Galway Hunt, says a contributor to Cornhill, arrived at a small inn where all the beds were already taken.

A kitchen table was requisitioned, a heterogeneous collection of bed-clothes was arranged upon it,—into the exact nature of which it was perhaps not well to inquire too closely, as it seemed to be composed of contributions from the wardrobes of the hotel help,—and the sportsman turned in.

The pillow was an odd-shaped substance, emitting a faint and strangely familiar odor; but the Master of the Galway Blazers was too weary to concern himself over such trifles, and he slept as soundly on his makeshift couch as if it had been a canopied bed of state.

He was awakened in the morning by a gentle fumbling at the wrappings beside his head, and started up to see a gleaming knife suspended above his head.

"I'm sorry to be disturbin' ye, sir," said an apologetic voice, "but sure th' house was out iv pillows intirely, an' we put th' side iv bacon undher y'r honor's head. I was just contrivin' to get a few rashers off for th' quality's breakfast without disturbin' ye, whin y'r honor woke up."

NOT COMPLAINING.

"Horse sick!" asked the man in the buggy.

"Yep," replied the man with a spring-wagon.

"Hard luck, ain't it?"
"Oh, I dunno. It's getting so medicine is cheaper than hay!"

LOSE THEIR FREEDOM.

"All men are born free and equal," said the philosopher.

"I know," said the matter-of-fact person. "But some of 'em get married afterwards."

Johnny—"Mamma, I wish I had a little sister." Mamma—"Why do you wish that, dear?" Johnny—"Cause I'm tired of teasin' the cat."

TOLD HER TO REST BUT SHE COULDN'T

BUT MRS. CHEFF FOUND A
CURE IN DODD'S KIDNEY
PILLS.

She suffered from Rheumatism, Neuralgia and other symptoms of Diseased Kidneys—Dodd's Kidney Pills made her strong and healthy.

Peveril, Audreuil (Co., Que., Oct. 2 (Special).—One more of the tired, pain-wrecked women of Canada has found relief and new life in Dodd's Kidney Pills. She is Mrs. Jos. Cheff, of this place, and she never tires of telling her neighbors of her wonderful cure or singing the praises of the good old remedy that brought it about.

"I suffered from Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Violent Headaches and Palpitation of the Heart," Mrs. Cheff states. "My back ached. I was always tired and nervous and I had weak spells. My doctor told me to just rest, but that was just what I couldn't do, till reading of the cures of others led me to try Dodd's Kidney Pills.

From the first dose they helped me. I soon left my bed and started to do my ordinary housework.

"I took in all twelve boxes of Dodd's Kidney Pills and now my health is excellent. I recommend Dodd's Kidney Pills to all suffering women."

Thousands of Canadian women will tell you that Dodd's Kidney Pills are the one sure relief for suffering women.

FROM ERIN'S GREEN ISLE

NEWS BY MAIL FROM IRELAND'S SHORES.

Happenings in the Emerald Isle of Interest to Irishmen.

Fire destroyed a barn at Marlborough military barracks, Dublin. Four dockers were injured in Dublin by sacks of grain falling on them.

The Parnell monument in Dublin, which has cost \$45,000, is now complete.

Irish convicts are to have smart-clothes to raise the self respect of the wearer.

The town of Granard, in County Longford, is suffering from a water famine.

Kathleen Walsh, aged twenty-four, fell into the River Liffey, when bidding good-bye to her husband and was drowned.

There was a decrease of 7,000 in the total attendance at the Dublin Horse Show, the figures being 48,683, against 55,975 last year.

Owing to the drought the water supply of Belfast is cut off for thirteen hours daily. No restriction has been previously enforced for many years.

The body of John Walsh, a respected resident of Whitehall, near

CLOSE QUARTERS ;

OR, THE HOUSE IN THE
RUE BARBETTE

CHAPTER V.

Once clear of the Albert Gate mansion, the barrister was bound to confess to a sense of indefiniteness, a feeling of uncertainty which seldom characterized either his thoughts or his actions. He admitted as much to his companion, for Brett was a man who would not consent to pose under any circumstances.

"It is quite true," he explained, "that our first duty must be to find Mr. Talbot, and it is still more certain that we will be able to accomplish that part of our task; but there are elements in this inquiry which baffle me at present."

"And what are they, sir?" said the detective.

"I fail to see why Mr. Talbot was dragged into the matter at all. On the straightforward assumption that Turks were engaged in the pleasant occupation of taking other Turk's lives—an assumption to which, by the way, I attach no great amount of credence—why did they not allow Mr. Talbot to go quietly to his own home? It was not that they feared more speedy discovery of their crime. The hour was then late; it was tolerably certain that he would make no move which might prove injurious to them until next morning, and then the whole affair was bound to be discovered by the police in the ordinary course of events."

"I don't quite follow you, sir," said Winter, with a puzzled tone in his voice. They had, for the sake of quietude, turned into the Park, and were now walking toward Hyde Park Corner. "What do you mean by saying that Mr. Talbot would make no move in the matter until next morning?"

"Oh, I forgot," said Brett. "Of course, you don't know why the diamonds were stolen?"

"For the same reason that all other diamonds are stolen, I suppose."

"Oh, dear no," laughed the barrister. "This is a political crime."

"Political!" said the amazed policeman.

"Well, we won't quarrel about words, and as there are perhaps no politics in Turkey, we will call it dynastic or any other loud-voiced adjective which serves to take it out of the category of simple felony."

"What beats me, Mr. Brett," said the detective, viciously prodding the gravel path with his stick.

"Is how you ferret out these queer facts—fancies some people would call them, as I used to do until I knew you better."

"In this case it is simple enough. By mere chance I happened to read this morning that there had been some little domestic squabble in royal circles at Constantinople. I don't know whether you are acquainted with Turkish history, Mr. Winter, but it is a well-recognized principle that any Sultan is liable to die of diseases which are weird and painfully sudden; for instance, the last one is popularly supposed

"Are you going to make any inquiries in the hotel, sir?" said Mr. Winter.

"Why should I?" said Brett. "You have already ascertained from the management that no person even remotely resembling any of the parties concerned is staying at the hotel."

"Yes, confound it, I know I did," cried the other, "but I never told you so."

"That is all right," laughed Brett. "Come and see me at my chambers this evening when the inquiry is finished. Perhaps by that time we may be able to determine our plan of action."

Once left to himself, Brett did not enter the hotel. He made it an invariable rule in conducting inquiries of this nature to adopt the French method of "reconstituting" the incidents of a crime, so far as such a course was possible in the absence of the persons concerned. He reasoned that a very plausible explanation of the unexpected appearance of the three strangers in the Albert Gate mansion on Monday night had been given to Jack Talbot. This young gentleman, it might be taken for granted, had not been selected by the Foreign Office to carry to a successful issue such an important and delicate matter as that entrusted to him, without some good grounds for the faith in his qualities exhibited by his superiors. Brett thought he could understand the brother's character and attributes from his favorable analysis of the sister, and it was quite reasonable, therefore, to believe that Talbot was a man not likely to be easily duped. The principals in this crime were evidently well aware of the trust reposed in the Assistant Under-Secretary, and they, again, would not underrate his intelligence. Hence there was a good cause for Talbot to accept the explanations, whatever they were, given him during the conclave in the dining-room; the effect of which, in Inspector Sharpe's words, had been to "puzzle" the young Englishman. Further, there must have been a very potent inducement held out before Talbot would consent to drive off with a stranger at such a late hour, and when the cab was dismissed at the Carlton, the excuse given would certainly be quite feasible.

"It must surely be this," commented Brett. "The man explained that he was a stranger in London, that he lived quite close to the Carlton Hotel, and that he found it convenient not only for the purpose of giving directions that would be understood, but also for paying fares, to direct the drivers of hired vehicles to go there and not to his own exact address, which he had found by experience many of them did not recognize, whilst his knowledge of the language was not ample enough to enable him to describe the locality more precisely. It follows, then, in unerring sequence, that Talbot was conveyed to some place within a very short

Stops a Cough Quickly --Even Whooping Cough

Sixteen Ounces of the Quickest, Surest
Cough Remedy for 50c. Money
Refunded if it Fails.

If you have an obstinate, deep-seated cough, which refuses to be cured, get a 50-cent bottle of Pinex, mix it with home-made sugar syrup and start taking it. Inside of 24 hours your cough will be gone, or very nearly so. Even whooping-cough is quickly conquered in this way.

A 50-cent bottle of Pinex, when mixed with home-made sugar syrup, gives you 10 family supply of the finest cough remedy that money could buy, at a clear saving of \$3. Very easy to prepare—all directions in package.

Pinex soothes and heals the inflamed membranes with remarkable rapidity. It stimulates the appetite, is slightly laxative, and has a pleasant taste—children take it willingly. Splendid for croup, asthma, bronchitis, throat ticks, chest pains, etc., and a thoroughly successful remedy for incipient lung troubles.

Pinex is a special and highly concentrated compound of Norway White Pine extract, rich in glycol and other healing pine elements. It has often been imitated, though never successfully, for nothing else will produce the same results. Simply mix with sugar syrup or strained honey, in a 16-ounce bottle, and it is ready for use.

Anyone who tries Pinex will quickly understand why it is used in more homes in the U. S. and Canada than any other cough remedy. The genuine is guaranteed to give absolute satisfaction or money refunded. Certificate of guarantee is wrapped in each package. Your druggist has Pinex or will get it for you. If not, send to The Pinex Co., Toronto, Ont.

his face brought Brett quickly to his feet.

"What is the matter?" he cried when the door had closed behind the servant. "You have received important news?"

"I should think I have," replied the detective, dropping into a seat. "I was just writing a report in the Yard when I was sent for by the Chief, and you could have knocked me down with a feather when I heard the reason. I suppose I am acting rightly in coming at once to tell you, although in my flurry at the time I quite forgot to ask the Chief's permission, but as you are mixed up in the case at the request of the Foreign Office, I thought you ought to learn what had happened."

"Well, what is it?" cried Brett, impatient at the other's careful provisos.

"Simply this," said the detective. "Mr. Jack Talbot bolted from London on Tuesday in company with a lady. They crossed over from Dover to Calais by the midday boat, and went direct to Paris. Mr. Talbot calmly booked rooms for himself and the girl in the Grand Hotel, had the nerve to write 'Mr. and Mrs. Talbot, 118 Ulster Gardens, London, W.' in the register, and both of them disappeared forthwith. But we will soon lay hands on the gentleman, no fear. I have somehow suspected, Mr. Brett, that your notion of a political crime was all poppycock. It is a good big brazen-faced steal."

"Is it?" said Brett, his face glistening with excitement at the intelligence so suddenly conveyed to him. "Would you mind explaining to me how this precious information reached you?"

(To be continued.)

A WONDERFUL DISCOVERY.

An eminent scientist, the other day, gave his opinion that the most wonderful discovery of recent years was the discovery of Zam-Buk. Just

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48,683, against 55,975 last year.

Owing to the drought the water supply of Belfast is cut off for thirteen hours daily. No restriction has been previously enforced for many years.

The body of John Walsh, a respected resident of Whitehall, near Bagnals-town, was found hanging from a rafter in one of the out- ices attached to his house.

James Lawlor, aged nine years, while playing in a field at Flood-hall, in which a mare and foal were grazing, was attacked by the mare and received serious injuries.

Cycling at Fota, County Cork, an ex-sergeant of the Royal Irish Constabulary named David Dunlea, fell off his machine and died later in the hospital.

A Belfast house agent who called on a lady tenant for her rent got a bucket of water instead and the lady had to pay 22s. in fine and costs—in addition to the rent.

Mr. Birrell states, in answer to a question, that on April 30, 51 persons were under constant police protection in Ireland, and 950 persons were at that date under protection by patrol.

The war office has sold Dalkey Island in Dublin Bay, to the Dalkey Urban Council for the sum of \$1,725, or a little over twenty years' purchase. The council will convert the island into a public park and a holiday resort for tourists and excursionists.

SOUND SLEEP

Can Easily be Secured.

"Up to 2 years ago," a woman writes, "I was in the habit of using both tea and coffee regularly.

"I found that my health was beginning to fail, strange nervous attacks would come suddenly upon me, making me tremble so excessively that I could not do my work while they lasted; my sleep left me and I passed long nights in restless discomfort. I was filled with a nervous dread as to the future.

"A friend suggested that possibly tea and coffee were to blame, and I decided to give them up, and in fasting about for a hot table beverage, which I felt was an absolute necessity, I was led by good fortune to try Postum.

"For more than a year I have used it three times a day and expect, so much good has it done me, to continue its use during the rest of my life.

"Soon after beginning the use of Postum, I found, to my surprise, that, instead of tossing on a sleepless bed through the long, dreary night, I dropped into a sound, dreamless sleep the moment my head touched the pillow.

"Then I suddenly realized that all my nervousness had left me, and my appetite, which had fallen off before, had all at once been restored so that I ate my food with a keen relish.

"All the nervous dread has gone. I walk a mile and a half each way to my work every day and enjoy it. I find an interest in everything that goes on about me that makes life a pleasure. All this I owe to leaving off tea and coffee and the use of Postum, for I have taken no medicine." Name given by Postum Co., Rattle Creek, Mich.

"There's a reason," and it is explained in the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in nrgs.

See read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are full of human interest.

in royal circles at Constantinople. I don't know whether you are acquainted with Turkish history, Mr. Winter, but it is a well-recognized principle that any Sultan is liable to die of diseases which are weird and painfully sudden; for instance, the last one is popularly supposed to have plunged a long sharp scissors into his jugular vein; others drank coffee that disagreed with them, or smoked cigarettes too highly perfumed. In any case, the invariable result of these eccentricities has been that a fresh Sultan occupied the throne. Now, don't forget that I am simply theorizing, for I know no more of this business than you do at this moment but I still think that you will find some connection between my theory and that which has actually occurred. At any rate, I have said sufficient to prove to you the importance of not being too ready to make arrests."

"I quite see that," was the thoughtful rejoinder. "But you must not forget, sir, that we in Scotland Yard are bound by rules of procedure. Perhaps you will not mind my suggesting that a word from you to the Foreign Office might induce the authorities to communicate officially with the Home Department, and then instructions could be issued to the police which would leave the matter a little more open than we are able to regard it under the existing conditions."

"I will see to that," said the barrister. "When does the inquest take place?"

"This evening at six."

"It will be adjourned, of course?"

"Oh, yes; no evidence will be given beyond that necessary for purposes of identification, and this can be supplied by the police themselves and an official from the Turkish Embassy."

"Very well. You will mention to no one the theory I have just explained to you?"

"Not if you wish it, sir."

"I do wish it at present. Which way are you going?"

"Straight to the Yard."

"In that case I will accompany you a portion of the distance."

They had now reached Hyde Park Corner, and, hailing a hansom, Brett told the driver to stop outside the Carlton Hotel. The man whipped up his horse and drove in the direction of Constitution Hill, evidently intending to avoid the congested traffic of Piccadilly and take the longer, but more pleasant, route through the Green Park and the Mall.

"By the way," said Brett, "did the driver of the hansom which conveyed Mr. Talbot and his companion from Albert Gate on Monday night tell you which road he followed?"

"Yes," said the detective, "he went this way."

Brett rubbed his hands, with a queer expression of thoughtful pleasure on his keen face.

"Ah," he said, "I like that. It is well to be on the scent."

He did not explain to his professional confrere that it was a positive stimulant to his abounding energy and highly strung nerves to find that he was actually following the path taken by the criminal whom he was pursuing. The mere fact lent reality to the chase. For a mile, at any rate, there could be no mistake, though he might expect a check at the Carlton. Arrived there, Brett alighted.

found not recognize, whilst his knowledge of the language was not ample enough to enable him to describe the locality more precisely. It follows, then, in unerring sequence, that Talbot was conveyed to some place within a very short distance of the spot where I now stand."

He looked along Pall Mall, up the Haymarket, and through Cockspur street, and he noted with some degree of curiosity that there were very few residential buildings in the neighborhood. Clubs, theatres, big commercial establishments and insurance offices occupied the bulk of the available space. It was a part of his theory that none of the other great hotels in this district could harbor the criminals, otherwise there would have been no excuse to stop the hansom outside the Carlton.

Brett did not take long to make up his mind once he had decided upon a definite course. A call at the Foreign Office procured him an official authorization from the United-Secretary to inquire into the circumstances of Talbot's disappearance and a promise that the Home Office should be communicated with.

He desired to review the whole of the circumstances attending this strange mystery of modern life, and the result of his reflections quickly became apparent when he reached his residence, for in the first instance he dispatched a telegram, and then made several notes in his private diary.

The telegram, in due course, produced an elderly pensioned police inspector, a quiet, reserved man, whom the barrister had often employed. He explained briefly the circumstances attending Mr. Talbot's disappearance, and added—

"I want you to find out the names, and if possible the business—together with any other information you may happen to come across—of every person who lives within a distance, roughly speaking, of two hundred yards from the Carlton Hotel. The Post Office Directory and your own observation will narrow down the inquiry considerably. It is the unrecorded balance of inhabitants with whom I am particularly anxious to become definitely acquainted." The man saluted and withdrew.

Brett imagined that he would now be left in undisputed enjoyment for a few hours' rest before the Earl of Fairholme kept the appointment fixed for seven o'clock. But in this he was mistaken.

Smith brought in some tea, which was refreshing after his walk, for the engrossing nature of the morning's occupation caused him to forget lunch. A cigar and evening paper next claimed his attention, but he had barely settled down to the perusal of a garbled account of events at Albert Gate when his man again entered, announcing in mysterious tones the presence of Mr. Winter. Smith's attitude towards the myrmidons of Scotland Yard who occasionally visited the barrister on business, was peculiar. He regarded them with suspicion, tempered by wholesome awe, and he now made known the arrival of the detective in such a manner as caused his master to laugh at him.

"Show him in, Smith," he said cheerily: "he has not come to arrest me this time."

Winter entered, and a glance at

(To be continued.)

A WONDERFUL DISCOVERY.

An eminent scientist, the other day, gave his opinion that the most wonderful discovery of recent years was the discovery of Zam-Buk. Just think! As soon as a single thin layer of Zam-Buk is applied to a wound or a sore, such injury is insured against blood poison! Not one species of microbe has been found that Zam-Buk does not kill!

Then, again. As soon as Zam-Buk is applied to a sore, or a cut, or to skin disease, it stops the smarting. That is why children are such friends of Zam-Buk.

Again. As soon as Zam-Buk is applied to a wound or to a diseased part, the cells beneath the skin's surface are so stimulated that new healthy tissue is quickly formed. This is why Zam-Buk cures are permanent.

Only the other day Mr. Marsh, of 101 Delorimer Ave., Montreal, called upon the Zam-Buk Company and told them that for over twenty-five years he had been a martyr to eczema. His hands were at one time so covered with sores that he had to sleep in gloves. Four years ago Zam-Buk was introduced to him, and in a few months it cured him. To-day—over three years after his cure of a disease he had for twenty-five years—he is still cured, and has had no trace of any return of the eczema!

All druggists sell Zam-Buk at 50c. box, or we will send free trial box if you send this advertisement and a 1c. stamp (to pay return postage). Address Zam-Buk Co., Toronto.

NOT AN IRREPARABLE LOSS.

Regardless of the fact that now all young women are students of domestic science, and that all brides are accomplished house-keepers, a writer ventures to tell his story of a young bride who was especially eager to put into practise the lessons that she had taken in cooking:

Returning home one evening, her husband found her in tears. Between sobs, she managed to let him know that something horrible had happened.

"It does seem too awful," she said, "that the very first meat pie I made for you should be eaten by the cat!"

"Well, never mind, dearest," said the husband, cheerfully, patting her on the shoulder. "We can get another cat easy enough."

GROUCH.

"I like to hear a baby cry," said the crusty old bachelor.

"Why?"

"Because, then the little nuisance is taken out of the room."

It Bids Pain Begone.—When neuralgia racks the nerves or lumbago cripples the back is the time to test the virtues of Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. Well rubbed in it will still the pain and produce a sensation of ease and rest. There is nothing like it as a liniment for its curative properties are great. A

Just because a married man does what his wife tells him to do is no sign that he wants to do it.

Minard's Liniment Cures Burns, Etc.

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LETTERS OF A SON IN THE MAKING TO HIS DAD.

—By REX McEVROY

[Mr. McEvoy will write for this paper a series of letters from the west. They will appear from time to time under the above heading, and will give a picture of the great Canadian west from the standpoint of a young Ontario man going out there to make his way. These letters should be full of interest for every Ontario father.]

No. 6.

Vancouver, Sept. 21st, 1911.

My Dear Dad:—

Here I am at the end of my journey, though not as far west as I intend to go before returning east. It is only four and a half hours by boat from here to Victoria, the capital of the Province, so I shall try and get there for a day or two before starting for home. Uncle John met me at the station when I got in and took me right up to their home in Fairview for breakfast. Auntie and the cousins were there, of course, and gave me a great welcome. They certainly have been good to me, and they have given me the best bedroom in the house, with an outlook over the city to the mountains beyond.

I didn't see anything of the Fraser Valley coming here, as we passed through it at night. I am told that it is one of the best parts of the trip, so I shall arrange to go home by the Toronto Express, which leaves the C. P. R. station here at nine o'clock in the morning and goes through the valley by daylight. By taking this train I shall have seen all the mountains, as what I shall miss on this train I shall have seen coming out on the Imperial Limited.

I like Vancouver fine, what I have seen of it. The business portion of the town is well paved and has some fine, solid buildings. It has more prosperous stores for its size than any place I have been in, and they have the art of making their windows attractive down to the last word. There are one or two hills and steep streets in the downtown section, but for the most part it is level. Quite a large portion of the up-town part is cut off from downtown by False Creek, an arm of the sea which reaches inland for over two miles. At high tide there is twelve feet of water in the creek, which is crossed by three long bridges. At low tide there is practically no water in the creek at all, and the mud flats are exposed, with only puddles of water here and there. The first time I saw it, it looked quite like a harbor, for there were small boats with rafts of logs lying close to the sawmills, which line the banks of False Creek. The mills all have their piles of lumber characteristic of this lumber country, and all have great furnaces, as big as houses, where the waste from the mills is burned. Flames are constantly leaping out of the open tops of these furnaces, which are fed from a sort of spout which projects over them. There is a constant stream of splinters and lath-like pieces of wood falling from the spout to feed the flames. To the south of Vancouver on quite a hill are the residential districts known

on election day, and in the excitement down town that night I completely forgot to post it, and it has been in my pocket ever since.—J.

RULING PASSION IN DEATH.

Physician Says Real Feeling Is Shown Then Most Clearly.

"The ruling passions of men assert their power even in the face of death," declared a physician connected with a leading hospital. "They will possess the dying at the final moment as intensely as ever they did throughout life; and they prove beyond question that the thought of dissolution is subordinate to the dominant passions that control the mind. Men who have followed certain paths of life cannot depart from them even at the final moment. It is as simple a proposition as a common rule of mathematics.

"When a financier is dying, his last thought is upon the securities and funds he is to leave behind him, and until he falls into the state of coma which generally precedes death he discusses his financial affairs with members of his family. If a man's life has been devoted to thoughts of revenge upon his enemies, and death overtakes him before his mission has been accomplished, his only regret in passing is that his object in life has not been attained."

The physician illustrated this reflection in an interesting way. He said that a man was brought into the hospital one night, a victim of an incurable disease. The man gave little thought to himself, but he grieved because a certain mission in life had not been accomplished when he was stricken down.

Free Sample of Cuticura Ointment Cured Baby's Skin Humor.

That the Cuticura treatment is the most successful and economical for torturing, disfiguring affections of the skin and scalp could receive no more striking proof than the remarkable statement made by William Whyte, 325 Tudor road, Leicester, England.

"A sample of Cuticura Ointment cured my baby's face. She had the measles when one year old, and it left her with a very scurfy forehead and face. It was very irritating and would bleed when she scratched herself. I took her to the doctor and he gave her some ointment. I tried it and it did no good. One night I said to my wife: 'How would it be to send for a sample of Cuticura ointment?' I did so, used it and my baby's face grew better. She has now a lovely skin, and I can safely say that Cuticura cured her."

Although Cuticura Soap and Ointment are sold throughout the world, those wishing to try for themselves without cost their efficacy in the treatment of eczema, rashes, itchings, burnings, scalings and crustings, from infancy to age, may send to the Potter Drug and Chemical Corp., Dept 2W, Boston, U.S.A., for a liberal trial of each, with 32-page Cuticura Book, an authority on skin and scalp affections.

DISAPPOINTED.

"What's the matter, little boy?"
"M-maw's gone an' drowned all

BONDS

Safe investments having broad markets are available for any individual desirous of placing surplus funds to obtain a satisfactory return of interest—4 1/2 per cent. to 6 per cent.

There is every advantage in buying standard bonds which are readily marketable and on which income is regularly received

This company offers Bonds of such character. The prospective investor may be thoroughly informed and may personally investigate these securities by having our Statistical Department submit the results of our own investigations.

Lists of Bonds for special purposes furnished.

DOMINION SECURITIES CORPORATION-LIMITED TORONTO-MONTREAL-LONDON, ENG.

OUTRAGED VIRTUE.

A lawyer made a hard fight for a client who was charged with stealing \$16.50 from the cash drawer of a saloon, and succeeded in having him acquitted. "Now," he said, "how are you going to raise some money for me for getting you out of this?" The defendant grinned in the bland manner of the innocent. "I've still got that sixteen-fifty," he said. "You infernal scoundrel," exclaimed Mr. Johnson, "I thought you were innocent. Hand it right over."

WHAT HE WAS AFRAID OF.

Percy—"Lend me a five, old chap, and I'll be everlastingly indebted to you."
Reggie—"That's just what I'm afraid of, old fellow."

QUITE SO.

"You will generally find Maude hanging around the embroidery department in the stores."
"Yes, I know that is her stamping ground."

TRY MURINE EYE REMEDY

for Red, Weak, Watery, Watery Eyes and Granulated Eyelids. Murine Doesn't Smart—Soothes Eye Pain. Druggists Sell Murine Eye Remedy, Liquid, 25c, 50c, \$1.00. Murine Eye Salve in Aseptic Tubes 25c, \$1.00. Eye Books and Eye Advice Free by Mail.
Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago.

WAY HE SAW IT.

"Did you sell your vote?"
"No siree. I voted for that fellow 'cause I like him."
"But I understand he gave you \$10."
"Well, when a man gives you \$10, 'tain't no mor'n natural to like

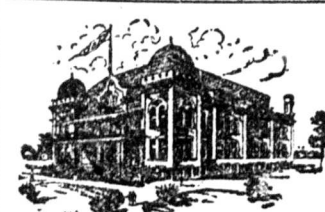
NOT TO HIS DISCREDIT.

"I know a man who will cut any of his acquaintances at sight—nay, even his best friends."
"What sort of man is he?"
"Quite a good surgeon."

Corns cause much suffering, but Holloway's Corn Cure offers speedy, sure, and satisfactory relief.

Listen, girls—Never put off till to-morrow the man you have a chance to accept to-day.

Minard's Liniment Relieves Neuralgia.



CANADA BUSINESS COLLEGE CHATHAM, ONT.

ONE OF AMERICA'S GREATEST
BUSINESS SCHOOLS

Over 2,000 choice positions filled in past four years.

Some others just filled: L. B. HANN, from Newfoundland, placed with Sask. Milling Co. Moose Jaw, as Store FERN SMITH, Steno. Peabody Overall Co. Windsor, E. C. ROBINSON, Bkpr., with Bell Furniture Co., Southampton, Ont. FLO-SIE ANDERSON, Steno. and Secy. Can. Wolverine Co., Chatham. MILORZ AND ERSON, Steno., with De Laval Separator Co., Winnipeg. R. J. SCOTT, teacher, with Drake College, Newark, N. J. The salaries of the three shown last week average over \$700 per annum. The salaries of the six here shown average close to \$700. Our students are prepared for the big positions where the big pay is offered. IT PAYS TO ATTEND THE BEST. Catalogue as tells of the work at Chatham Catalogue \$4 tells of our home courses. Address, D. McLACHLAN & CO., C. B. College, Chatham, Ont.

FARMS FOR SALE OR RENT.

ASK DAWSON, HE KNOWS.

If you want to sell a farm, consult me.
If you want to buy a farm, consult

VERY. other he most t years ik. Just hin lay- wound insured Not one a found am-Buk it, or to arting. e such k is ap- diseased skin's at new formed. are per- arsh, of onreal, Com- or over been a ls were h pres- s. Four duced it cured ars af- had for cured, any re- Buk at e trial sement n post- J., To- LOSS. at now ents of at all eep- sh his ho was a prac- taken ng, her t. Be- let him le had " she at pie ten by urest," pat- Ve can " said nuis- m." n neu- mabo me to us' Ec- it will sensa- is no- or its. A a does is no ta.

urnaces, as big as houses, where the waste from the mills is burned. Flames constantly leaping out of the open tops of these furnaces, which are fed from a sort of spout which projects over them. There is a constant stream of splinters and lath-like pieces of wood falling from the spout to feed the flames. To the south of Vancouver on quite a hill are the residential districts known as Grandview, Fairview, and Shaughnessy Heights. From the latter place you get a magnificent view all over Vancouver, and beyond Burrard Inlet, the harbor, to North Vancouver and the mountains.

We have heard of the Yellow Peril in the East, and you realize what is meant by it when you get to Vancouver, where there are 11,000 Asiatics out of a total population of 110,000. Chinamen are here in great numbers. They are employed quite a lot as house servants. Often when going through a good residential district, I have seen a Chinaman come out of the kitchen door on to the side verandah, busy on some domestic duty. They go about, some of them, as charwomen do in the East, and they get \$2 a day for such work. They are liked better than the Japanese, as they seem to be better workers. The Jap boy knows the minimum work he can do and the maximum wage he can get, so they say. The Chinese are great market gardeners, too, and all the vegetable peddlers I have seen out here have been Chinese. Some of them are very well off, and own fine horses and waggons, while there are many who carry their goods in baskets swung one at each end of a bamboo pole, just as you see in pictures of the Chinese coolies. Of course there are merchant Chinese here who are very well off. Uncle John took me to dinner with one of them who goes home to China every year. He came to Vancouver twenty-eight years ago, and was here when the place was called Gastown. He has taken advantage of his opportunities, and must be worth a great amount.

Another section of the yellow peril is formed by our fellow subjects the Hindoos. These you see everywhere, and they are easily distinguishable by their turbans, which are of all colors, some pink, some red, some white, some yellow—I don't know what color I have not seen. There were ten of these chaps in the trolley coming home from New Westminster yesterday. They seemed quite at home and were laughing and jabbering away among themselves the whole way back to Vancouver. I am told that the different colored turbans indicate different castes, and that the men work for the most part in the saw mills. They are very swarthy, and for the most part are black-bearded men.

Coming home from New Westminster I saw something that would surprise anyone from the East. Passing Hastings townsite, I saw the way they clear the land here when they are in a hurry. They have a powerful donkey engine, and by a system of pulleys they hitch cables to the trees as they stand and drag them holus-bolus to a pile in the centre of the spot they are clearing. If the tree is too large it is cut into logs, and the logs are hauled on to the pile. I saw some logs two to three feet through. Some of the piles are forty to fifty feet high. When the pile is as high as they are going to make it they start another, and so get all the timber into piles. These piles are then set on fire. There was one of these piles on Shaughnessy heights, only a few blocks from Uncle John's house, and this was set on fire one night. The spectacle was immense. The flames in a solid sheet leaped about forty feet into the air, and the glare illumined the whole district. Good-bye for the present.

JIM.

P. S.—I have opened this to explain that I have carried this letter around in my pocket for a week. You see, I wrote it

Chemical Corp., Dept 2W, Boston, U.S.A., for a liberal trial of each, with 32-page Cuticura Book, an authority on skin and scalp affections.

DISAPPOINTED.

"What's the matter, little boy?"
"M-maw's gone an' drowned all the kittens."
"Dear! Dear! Now, that's too bad!"
"Yep, she p-promised—boo hoo!"
—at I c'd do it."

BAD ENOUGH AS IT IS.

Jack—Would you like to live your life over again?
Tom—And owe twice as much as I do now? No, sir!

trial of it will establish faith in it. A pleasant medicine for children is Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator, and there is nothing better for driving worms from the system.

The trouble with the unexpected is that it happens too often.

Minard's Liniment Cures Dandruff.

ARRESTFUL.

"Do you find automobiling a restful form of exercise?"
"Sure. Very arrestful!"

Pain and Swelling seldom indicate internal organic trouble. They are usually the result of local cold or inflammation which can be quickly removed by Hamlin's Wizard Oil.

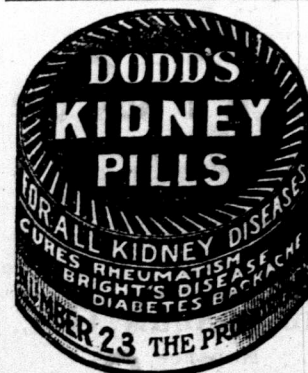
INTERESTED HER.

Polite shopman (showing goods)
Here is something I would like to call your attention to, madam; it is the very latest thing out.
Mrs. Rounder (absently)—If there's anything out later than my husband, I'll take it."

The Best Liver Pill.—The action of the liver is easily disarranged. A sudden chill, undue exposure to the elements, over-indulgence in some favorite food, excess in drinking, are a few of the causes. But whatever may be the cause, Parmelee's Vegetable Pills can be relied upon as the best corrective that can be taken. They are the leading liver pills and they have no superiors among such preparations.

TOUGH ON FIDO.

"My girl used to think a lot of her pug dog, but I've managed to get the edge on him since we married."
"How did you work it?"
"Fido wouldn't eat her cooking and I did."



WAY HE SAW IT.

"Did you sell your vote?"
"No sirc. I voted for that fellow 'cause I like him."
"But I understand he gave you \$10."
"Well, when a man gives you \$10, 'taint no mor'n natural to like him, is it?"

Comfort for the Dyspeptic.—There is no ailment so harassing and exhausting as dyspepsia, which arises from defective action of the stomach and liver, and the victim of it is to be pitied. Yet he can find ready relief in Parmelee's Vegetable Pills, a preparation that has established itself by years of effective use. There are pills that are widely advertised as the greatest ever compounded, but not one of them can rank in value with Parmelee's.

Marks—Owens isn't a bad sort. I believe he'd let you have his last dollar without a thought of repayment. Parks—Can't say as to that; but I know that's about his mental attitude when he borrows yours.

LOW COLONIST FARES TO THE PACIFIC COAST.

Via the Chicago, Union Pacific and North Western Line, daily from September 15th to October 15th from all points in Canada. Pullman tourist sleeping cars daily. Personally conducted California tours in Pullman tourist sleeping cars on through trains leave Chicago Tuesday and Thursday of each week. For rates, folders and full particulars apply to B. H. Bennett, Genl. Agt., 46 Yonge St., Toronto, Ontario.

A PAIR OF THEM.

Mamma—Now mind, Johnny, there's a ghost in that dark closet guarding the jam.
Johnny (two hours later)—O! mamma, that ghost in the dark closet has eaten nearly half the jam!

Minard's Liniment Co., Limited.
Gents.—A customer of ours cured a very bad case of distemper in a valuable horse by the use of MINARD'S LINIMENT.
Yours truly,
VILANDIE FREBES.

Little Johnnie had been reading the newspaper. "Pa," he said, as he laid the paper aside, "where is Dresden?" "Dresden?" Why, Dresden is in Germany my son," said Mr. Knowitall. "Why?" "Oh, nothin'," said Johnnie, "only this paper must be edited by an iggeramus. He speaks of Dresden China."

Cholera morbus, cramps and kindred complaints annually make their appearance at the same time as the hot weather, green fruit, cucumbers, melons, etc., and many persons are debarred from eating these tempting things, but they need not abstain if they have Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Dysentery Cordial and take a few drops in water. It cures the cramps and cholera in a remarkable manner and is sure to check every disturbance of the bowels.

What a man doesn't know about his neighbors his wife tells him.

to \$700. Our students are prepared for the big positions where the big big big is offered. IT PAYS TO ATTEND THE BEST. Catalogue at tells of the work at Chatham Catalogue 84 tells of our home courses. Address, D. McLAHLAN & CO. C. B. College, Chatham, Ont.

FARMS FOR SALE OR RENT.

ASK DAWSON, HE KNOWS.
IF you want to sell a farm, consult me.
IF you want to buy a farm, consult me.
I HAVE some of the best Fruit, Stock, Grain or Dairy Farms in Ontario, and prices right.

H. W. DAWSON, Ninety Colborne Street, Toronto.

AGENTS WANTED.

AGENTS WANTED.—A study of other Agency propositions convinces us that none can equal ours. You will always regret it if you don't apply for particulars to Travellers Dept. 223 Albert St., Ottawa.

BOY AND GIRL AGENTS! SELL twenty-four packages of postcards for us at 10c. each and receive an Air Gun or Doll free. L. Bottomley & Co., Marshall, Sask.

START TEA ROUTE TO-DAY. Send postal for circulars or 10c for samples and terms. Alfred S. Tyler, London, Ont.

MISCELLANEOUS.

HAY AND FARM SCALES. Wilson's Scale Works, 9 Esplanade, Toronto.

SAWMILL MACHINERY, PORTABLE or heavy Lathe Mills, Shingle Mills, Engines and Boilers, Mill Supplies, The E. Long Manufacturing Co., Ltd., West Street, Orillia, Ontario.

AGENTS WANTED. A LINE FOR every home. Write us for our choice list of agents supplies. We have the greatest agency proposition in Canada today. No outlay necessary. Apply B. C. I. Co., 223 Albert St., Ottawa.

AT ONCE—MEN TO LEARN BARBER trade, expert instruction, constant practice, tools free, always cure employment for a barber. Write for catalogue. Moler Barber College, 221 Queen East, Toronto.

CANCER, TUMORS, LUMPS, etc. "Incurable" and eternal, cured without pain by our home treatment. Write us before too late. Dr. Bellman, Collingwood, Ont.

6 TON SCALE GUARANTEED. Wilson's Scale Works, 9 Esplanade, Toronto.

SPECIALISTS ADVICE FREE. Consult us in regard to any disease. Lowest prices in drugs of all kinds. Trusses fitted by mail. Send measurement. Glasses fitted by age. Write today for anything sold in first-class drug stores to Dr. Bellman, Collingwood, Ont.

H. H. NIGHTINGALE STOCK BROKER Member Standard Stock and Mining Exchange LISTED STOCKS CARRIED ON MARGIN Correspondence Invited. 33 MELINDA ST., TORONTO

CARPET DYEING and Cleaning. This is a specialty with the British American Dyeing Co' Send particulars by post and we are sure to satisfy. Address Box 158, Montreal.

\$100 for this 16-in. PLUME

This plume is just the kind for which you would have to pay \$5.00 at any retail store. It is extra wide, fully 16 inches long, in all colors, with willow flues of great length that do not lose their curl easily. Send us \$1.00 to-day, for this is an opportunity not to be missed. We offer also an extra large and handsome \$7.50 plume at \$2.50. Send money by mail, express or money order. Remember that your money will be refunded if the plume is not entirely satisfactory. New York Ostrich Feather Co., Dept. 1, 813-915 5'way, N.Y.

The Soul of a Piano is the Action. Insist on the "OTTO HIGEL" Piano Action

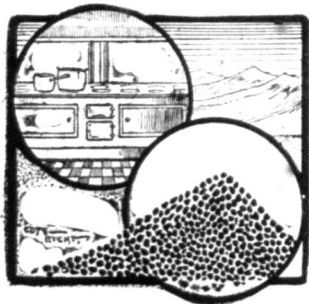


Dorothy Dodd
SHOES

SIMPLICITY of design in "Dorothy Dodd" Shoes. No striving for far-fetched effects or freaky styles.

Some attractive new patterns for indoor and outdoor wear just in. They have a charm all their own that sets them apart from the ordinary.

The J. J. HAINES Shoe Houses,
Napanee, Belleville and Trenton.



COAL FOR THE KITCHEN

should never be allowed to get too low, else you may have to go without your dinner some fine day.

WISE MEN BUY COAL AT

STEVENS' COAL YARD

'Phone 104.

The New Perfection COAL OIL HEATER

Is just the thing
these chilly days.

It is Oderless
No Dirt

FRESH HONEY

IN SECTIONS

FRANK H. PERRY.

Phone 130.

Kingston Business College (Limited) Kingston, Canada.

Canada's Highest Grade Business School offers superior courses in Book-keeping, Shorthand, Civil Service and all commercial subjects.

Our graduates secure best positions. Particulars free.

H. E. METCALF, Principal.

The regular monthly meeting of the W. C. T. U. will be held in the Board Room of the Public Library on Tuesday Oct. 30th at 3 o'clock.

Sect'y.

Remember the Thank-Offering meeting in the Sunday School room of St. Andrews Presbyterian church this evening at 7:30 p. m. Rev. Mr. Drum, of John St. Church, Belleville, will

UNDERWEAR

Our strong line, the line that draws more trade our way each succeeding year.

Not the cheap, but the best goods that are made, find favor with us, find favor with you.

We carry an Extensive Range and can give you choice of many reliable makes.

We can supply your underwear needs better than most people. If you are not already a customer would be pleased to add you to our list.

We guarantee satisfaction.

Prices run from

25c to \$2.50 per Garment.

A.E. Lazier.

F. W. SMITH,
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES.
Strictly Private and Confidential.
Smith's Jewellery Store,
Napanee.

30-3m

JOHN T. GRANGE
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES
Grange Block, John Street,
Strictly Private and Confidential.

FRED CHINNECK
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES
Chinneck's Jewellery Store
Near Royal Hotel
Napanee
Strictly Private and Confidential. 39

THE PLAZA BARBER SHOP and TOBACCO STORE.

We think we can please you.
TRY US.

Cigars, Tobaccos, Pipes, Etc.

PAUL KILLORIN, - Proprietor.

ROYAL HOTEL BARBER SHOP

HARRY SCOTT, Proprietor.

Everything Neat and Sanitary.
Best of Service Guaranteed.

GIVE US A CALL.

Opera House.

The Mummy and the Humming Bird will appear at the Opera House to-night. The advance sale of tickets has been good and a splendid show is promised.

The Best Yet.

The new vacuum washing machine is certainly the best one that has ever been put on the market. Come in and let us show it to you. Sold, and guaranteed, by

M. S. MADOLE.

Historical Meeting To-night.

Those who heard Dr. Horning lecture on his last visit to Napanee will want to hear him to-night. His subject "England and Germany" should interest all Canadians. The Entrance is free.

Church of St. Mary Magdalene.

Services Sunday, Oct. 29th : 8 a. m., Holy Communion : 10:30 a. m., Morn-

Music.

Miss Clara Bowen is prepared to receive pupils in piano and theory at her home, Dundas street.

Toothache.

Revall toothache remedy will stop it, price 10 cents. Sold in Napanee only at Wallace's Drug Store.

We Come.

Into this world naked and bare,
Life is full of trouble and care ;
When we die, we go, we know not

But it is better to use VanLoven
[where,
[coal here,
Than use the other fellow's coal there.

Livery Changes Hands.

Mr. Walter Boyes has purchased Mr. G. W. Hamilton's Livery business and will conduct it at the same stable. The new proprietor will be pleased to see any of his many friends at his new place of business.

Rapid Transit Delivery.

Mr. Alvin VanLoven, of Kingston, has purchased Mr. L. Vandewater's delivery business and Mr. A. Wolfe's new outfit and will conduct the business in future. Parcels, grips, washings, etc., promptly delivered to any part of the town. A trial will convince.

Bargains in Pianos.

Do you want a first-class piano at a low price ? You can save money by calling and examining our pianos before buying elsewhere. We handle the Karn, Morris and Wormwith Pianos and have different styles to choose from. Pianos from \$200 up. We also have some good second hand organs for sale, cheap.

C. A. WISEMAN, John St.,
Napanee.

Lennox and Addington Historical Society.

The regular meeting of the Historical Society will be held in Historical Hall, Library Building, on Friday evening, Oct. 27th, at 8 o'clock. Professor L. E. Horning, of the University of Toronto, will deliver a lecture on "England and Germany." Those who heard Dr. Horning's lecture on his last visit to Napanee, will be pleased to learn that he has again consented to come here. The meeting is open for the public, entrance free and everyone is welcome.

Return Games.

On Saturday last the return games between Napanee and Picton Collegiate Institutes were played at Napanee. In the forenoon the Junior football game was played in the park and resulted in a victory for Napanee, score 2 to 0. The Junior basketball was played on the Campus and resulted in a score of 18 to 14 in favor of Napanee. In the afternoon the senior football was played at the park and the senior basketball at the School. The Score in senior football was 4 to 0 in favor of Napanee and in Senior basketball the score was 6 to 3 in favor of Picton Collegiate, but on the results of both games the Napanee girls were victorious. A large crowd of interested spectators watched the various events. The Steamer Brockville brought the Picton teams to Napanee and brought a good crowd with them.

New Skating Rink.

Napanee is going to have a first-class skating rink this winter. True it will be an open one, but the accommodations will be far ahead of anything we have had in some years. Mr. Isaac Brisco has leased, for a period of five years, the property just north of the opera house, and will use it for the purposes above mentioned. There is a fine dwelling on the property which runs on East street and runs easterly almost to Adelphi street, allowing ample room for the building of a standard size rink. The building will be utilized as a waiting room for the patrons of the rink. Mr. Brisco is to be commended for his enterprise and

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Wed
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Is just the thing
these chilly days.

It is Oderless
No Dirt

Can be moved from
room to room


and just what you want to warm
up the spare room this winter.
Made in two sizes.

\$4.00 and \$4.50

Sold by

M. S. MADOLE,

Napanee's Leading Hardware Store.
Phone, 13.



It's time you owned a
WALTHAM
Our stock is complete in
all grades.

THE ELGIN
The master Watch for
Railroad Men.

THE HOWARD
The finest time-pieces
ever produced.

We are agents for them
all. Come in and talk
watch with us.

Smith's Jewelry Store

15 Cases of Granite
Just in from
Scotland.

MORE TO FOLLOW.

New and Elegant Designs
Some plain, all polished.
Few are beautifully carved

I have the largest stock ever shown in
Napanee.
Will save you travelling expenses and
commission.
Our patrons have confidence and look
for us.

V. KOUBER, Napanee

Lax-ets 5 C Sweet to Eat
A Candy Bowl Laxative.

The regular monthly meeting of the
W. C. T. U. will be held in the Board
Room of the Public Library on Tues-
day Oct. 30th at 3 o'clock.

Sect'y.

Remember the Thank-Offering meet-
ing in the Sunday School room of St.
Andrews Presbyterian church this
evening at 7.30 p. m. Rev. Mr. Drum,
of John St. Church, Belleville, will
speak. A good musical programme
and refreshments. Voluntary offer-
ing.

If you wish to use something on
your stove pipes and stoves that will
keep its gloss, without the annoyance
of smoke and smell, and is easily ap-
plied, use "Sherwin Williams' new
stove pipe enamel," in both black and
aluminum, and "Big Black Cat" stove
polish. They beat them all. The
Medical Hall—Fred L. Hooper, sole
agent for Napanee.

Solomon Waddron Pringle, an aged
and well-known citizen of Napanee,
passed away at his home on Centre
street, on Sunday morning. Mr.
Pringle had been in poor health for
some time and his death was not un-
expected. Deceased was past 78 years
of age and leaves besides his widow
two children, Mrs. C. I. Maybee and Mr.
Jas. A. Pringle, both of Napanee. The
funeral took place from his late resi-
dence on Tuesday.

Nelson Doller, one of Napanee's old-
est and most respected residents pass-
ed away at his home on Dundas street
on Thursday evening last. Some
weeks ago Mr. Doller was taken ill and
his age made recovery hopeless. De-
ceased was for a long number of years
president of the Conservative Associa-
tion, President of the Napanee Driving
Park and Treasurer of the Lennox
Farmers' Institute. He leaves besides
his aged widow, one son, Mr. W. J.
Doller. The funeral took place on
Saturday afternoon last from his late
residence to the family plot at Morven
cemetery.

Extraordinary Sale of Fine China

Having decided to close out my entire
line of Fine China I will offer any article
in my store of all my excellent assortment
of Fine China

At Actual Cost

All not sold by November 6th will be
put up for sale by PUBLIC AUCTION at
my store beginning

Monday Eve., Nov. 6

at 7.30

and each evening during the week.
I have good reasons for this sale and
everybody wanting some of the finest qual-
ity of China will do well to remember this
sale.

Everything Must Go.

A. E. PAUL. Here is a New One

Paul's Bookstore.

**PRESSED HAY AND
STRAW**

WOOD OF ALL KINDS.
The Best in Groceries
Flour, Feed, Etc.

S. CASEY DENISON.

Centre Street, North.

Phone 101.

Historical Meeting To-night.

Those who heard Dr. Horning lec-
ture on his last visit to Napanee will
want to hear him to-night. His sub-
ject "England and Germany" should
interest all Canadians. The Entrance
is free.

Church of St. Mary Magdalene.

Services Sunday, Oct. 20th: 8 a. m.,
Holy Communion; 10.30 a. m., Morn-
ing Prayer; 7 p. m., Evensong.
Thanksgiving services, special music.
Missionary offerings requested. Rev.
H. F. D. Woodcock, M. A., Brantford,
preacher.

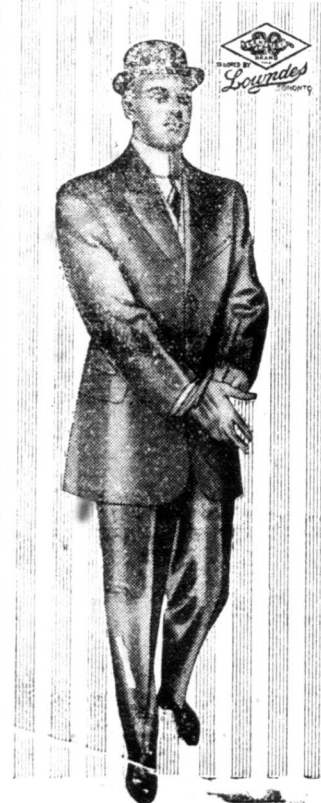
W. E. KIDD, M. A.,
Vicar.

Pianos.

The place to select your piano is
from VanLuvén Bros. stock at Paul's
music store, Napanee. We have
several makes, including the celebrated
Gerhard Heintzman and Newcombe.
You can see the different styles, hear
the different tones, and take your
choice. We trade for anything, we
want twenty horses on deal and give
very easy terms of payment. We also
sell Organs sewing machines, separa-
tors, and the celebrated Fairbanks and
Harris Gasoline engines. We have
two large farms sale. Will be at Mr.
Pauls store Saturdays.

VANLUVEN BROS.,
Moscow and Yarker.

Itch, Mange, Prairie Scratches, Bar-
ber's itch, and every form of con-
tagious Itch on human or animalst
ured in 30 minutes by Wolford's
Sanitary Lotion. It never fails. Sold
by—T. B. Wallace.



had in some years. Mr. Isaac Brisco
has leased, for a period of five years,
the property just north of the opera
house, and will use it for the purposes
above mentioned. There is a fine
dwelling on the property with a front
on East street and runs easterly al-
most to Adelphi street, allowing ample
room for the building of a standard
size rink. The building will be utiliz-
ed as a waiting room for the patrons
of the rink. Mr. Brisco is to be com-
mended for his enterprise, and it is
hoped that the hockey enthusiasts
will now get together and form a good
team for the winter. Lovers of skat-
ing will also have a splendid opportu-
nity of enjoying themselves with all
the comforts of a first-class rink.

Sunday Night Blaze.

With a high wind blowing an alarm
of fire was sounded Sunday evening
about 9.30 o'clock from box 23, causing
a thrill of anxiety to creep into the
hearts of all who heard it. The fire-
men made a record run and found the
residence occupied by Mrs. K. Evans
and family, on Water Street in flames.
Two streams of water were quickly
turned on the burning building, and
in a few minutes all danger of a con-
flagration was passed. The origin of
the fire is not known. It started in
the north portion of the residence
used by the family as a kitchen. There
was a coal fire in the building
where the fire started, but it is not
thought that caused the fire as the
stove had been properly looked after
and closed for the night about thirty
minutes prior to the alarm being given.
The kitchen part of the dwelling was
totally destroyed, but the main part
suffered but little except that caused
by water. There was no insurance on
the building or contents. The loss on
the contents will be about one hun-
dred dollars, or a little more. It was
indeed very fortunate that a good
shower of rain fell about an hour
previous to the fire, otherwise a fire
of serious proportions might have de-
veloped as the high winds carried the
sparks at least a couple of blocks in an
easterly direction.

The Private Secretary.

Years do not make The Private
Secretary old, and the audience that
last evening greeted with laugh after
laugh enjoyed it fully as much as
when the very funny comedy was first
put on. It was a brilliant audience
that filled the Russell Theatre, many
doubtless going for the reason that it
was to be the last Ottawa theatrical
attraction Their Excellencies Earl and
Countess Grey would grace. As they
entered the orchestra played the
national anthem. At the close, in-
stead of the first bars being a signal
for a hurried donning of wraps and a
rush for the exits, the entire audience
stood and faced the vice-regal box.
The national anthem was followed by
Auld Lang Syne, after which someone
called for three cheers for Their Excel-
lencies. The response was decidedly
enthusiastic. And yet, no matter
why the people went, they were glad
that they did so, for the merits of the
production alone. It is a delightful
comedy, with typical humor and
eccentricities and with mirthful play
on words. Mr. C. James Bancroft
was again in the title role of the timid
curate and was responsible for a laugh
practically every time he did anything.
His characterization caught the fancy
of the audience from the first. Joseph
Clancy, as the cranky old uncle, with
a character that seemed to strike
home to many, was a great favorite,
while Mr. Shirley Braithwaite, as the
tailor, also scored big. The ladies in
the cast were all pleasing in their parts.
Miss Nell Cave, as the spiritualist, be-
ing exceptionally good. The produc-
tion was excellently staged. The
Private Secretary will appear at the
Brisco Opera House, on Tuesday even-
ing, Oct. 31st.

Quick as a lightning flash pain dis-
appears when you take Merrill's Wis-
ard Lightning. Clear to use exter-
nally, but pleasant internally.
Price 25c.

Sold and recommended by T. B.
Wallace, Druggist.

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Granite

One Dollar

will put a
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Velvet Collar
on your Over-
coat.

It will greatly
improve its ap-
pearance.

JAMES WALTERS,

Merchant Tailoring, Napanee.

The Electric Plant.

The Seymour Power Co. have notified the town of their intention to take over the town's plant on or about Nov. 1st.

Richmond Taxes.

Tax payers may pay their taxes at the Crown Bank, Napanee, who will give receipt for same.

JAS. MCKITTERICK
Collector.

Horticultural Society.

The Annual Meeting of the Napanee Horticultural Society for the election of Officers and other business, will be held in the Board Room of the Library Building on Monday, November 6th, 1911, at the hour of 7.30 o'clock p. m.

J. E. HAM, Sec. 45-b

Card of Thanks.

Mrs. K. Evans and family wish to thank, through the columns of The Express, their many friends who so kindly assisted them in so many ways since the unfortunate circumstances of their having their home burned on Sunday evening last. The financial assistance and other acts of kindness are very much appreciated.

New Law Office.

Mr. Ernest Madden's new law office on John Street is completed and Mr. Madden is occupying it. The building is built of cement brick and the interior finish of Georgia pine with maple floors all in natural finish. Mr. Madden is now possessor of one of the finest suites of law offices in the district.

The Napanee Ladies' Musical Club.

The Napanee Ladies' Musical Club held their fifth annual meeting in the Board Room of the Public Library, on Monday, October 22nd, the reports given showing a most successful season. The following ladies were elected officers for the ensuing year.

President—Mrs. G. C. T. Ward.
1st Vice-Pres—Mrs. F. E. VanLoven.
2nd Vice-Pres—Mrs. J. W. Robinson.
Treasurer—Mrs. C. M. Stratton.
Secretary—Mrs. J. L. Boyes.

They trust this season will be as successful as the past and that the members will show the same interest in the club work which will commence in early November.

An Attempt at Burglary.

Wednesday evening about 11.30 o'clock, while nightwatch E. B. Perry was making his rounds through the

Put in New Bell.

A 1,500 pound bell was installed, on Tuesday, in the new handsome belfrey recently added to St. Matthew's church, Marlbank, by Rural Dean Jones. The congregation is delighted with its tone and carrying power.

Rummage Sale.

The annual rummage sale of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union will be held about the middle of November. Will the housekeepers of the town kindly have their contributions ready. Further notice will be given as to date.

Sect'y.

Trinity Ladies' Aid.

Annual Thanksgiving supper and concert, Monday evening, October 30th. Good programme will be presented. Tickets 35 cts.

PROGRAMME.

Selection, S. S. orchestra.
Chorus, "A Red, Red Rose", Hadley.
Solo, "Ave Maria," Miss Cairns with violin, organ, piano, Mrs. Wilson, Mrs. Smith, Miss L. Hall.
Recitation, selected, Mrs. Alice Gibson.

Solo, selected, Mr. Dyer, Belleville.
Chorus, "Cradle Song."
Trio, "Hymne A Sainte Cecile," Gounod, violin, organ, piano, Mrs. Wilson, Mrs. Smith, Miss L. Hall.
Solo, selected, Miss Cairns.
Solo, "Kamemioi Ostrow," Rubinstein, Miss McCall.

Quartet, "Dry Yo Eyes," Landsberg, Mrs. Herrington, Mrs. C. Smith, Misses Cairns, Grange, Herrington, Shannon, Hall, French.
Solo, selected, Mr. Dyer.
Chorus, "Good Night Farewell," Garrett.

A. S. Kimmerly will sell Five Roses Flour, \$2.70, Harvest Queen Flour, \$2.50, Plenty Bran and Shorts, 1 pay 24c. Cash for eggs. Our celebrated 25c. Tea beats the World. 8 lbs. Sulphur, 25c.

Women In Business.

"Women," said the bromide sentimentally, "ought to live at home and attend to their housework. They can't stand the killing pace of business life."

"Oh, can't they?" asked the man who had made a few observations. "They seem to do fairly well in business. You never find any of them in sanitariums. You'll find lots of business men there. You also will find many married women there, and as a rule those who have had the least to do with business. The sanitariums of the country find their most numerous patrons to be society women, who never have given business a thought in their lives. You know, of course, that farmers' wives fill the insane asylums. Don't you worry about women in business. It is good for them. They are not likely to push it to an insane limit. All they ever will learn of it never will hurt them. It will do them and the rest of the world more good than harm."

He Found His Equal.

The merchant was busy and was having a troublesome time at the telephone. Central, who tried to get the number for him, appeared to be inexperienced or asleep. Ordinarily the most patient of men, he finally lost his patience.

"Look here," he shouted, "either get me 1234 or give me some place where I may at least talk to my intellectual equal!"

Silence for a moment, and then over the wire came a loud "Hello!" in a man's voice.

Mr. Brownlow was much relieved.

"What place is that?" he asked.

"The hospital for the insane," came the answer.

Pitchers.

Said the head of the crockery and chinaware department: "Every day

TRINITY METHODIST CHURCH

Napanee.

Sunday Services at 10 30 a. m., and 7 p. m.
Rev. G. W. McColl, B. A., Pastor.

PERSONALS

Mr. Davis. Steam boat inspector, Kingston, was in town on Tuesday.

Miss Annie Coxall, Toronto, is the guest of her sister, Mrs. F. James Roblin.

Messrs. Kerry and Colville, of the Electric Power Co., were in town on Tuesday attending a meeting of the Napanee River Improvement Co.

Miss Florence Caulfield, of Kingston, spent Friday last the guest of Mrs. Walter Thompson.

Miss Olive Switzer is spending a week with her parents in Switzerland.

Miss Cairns arrived home Saturday after spending five months in the West.

Mrs. A. T. Harshaw spent a few days last week in Toronto.

Mrs. F. F. Miller spent a few days this week in Toronto.

Mr. and Mrs. Judge Deroche and family Belleville were guests of Mr. H. M. Deroche a few days last week.

Mrs. Conway Cartwright, Vancouver is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Dr. R. C. Cartwright.

Mrs. L. H. Bennitt has returned home after spending the summer in the West.

Mrs. Geo. Bristol, London, is the guest of Mrs. G. D. Hawley.

The Rev. Arthur McGreer of Barriefield has received the appointment of curate of Christ's Church Cathedral, Montreal. Mr. McGreer is an old Napanee boy and his many friends here are delighted at his advancement.

Miss Sarah Hamm and Mrs. Pringle are spending this week at Hawley, visiting friends.

Mrs. M. N. Hawley returned Saturday last after spending several months visiting friends in Toronto and Kingston.

Mr. and Mrs. Jas. A. Ferguson spent last week in Oswego the guest of Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Sewell.

Mrs. Jas. A. Ferguson will spend the next few weeks visiting friends in Oswego, Syracuse and other American cities.

Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Daly have returned to town for the winter, after spending the summer in the West.

Mr. and Mrs. Alex. Magee, Pines, were callers at our office on Wednesday.

Mr. Chas. Smith underwent an operation in Kingston General Hospital on Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Thos. M. Caton, Cherry Valley are visiting Mrs. Sidney Warner this week.

Mr. R. W. Kimmerly, Flinton, was in town a couple of days this week.

BIRTHS.

BOYES—At Napanee, on Wednesday, Oct. 25th, 1911, to Mr. and Mrs. Frank Boyes, a son.

MAHRIAGES.

AMEY—CRAIG—At the Western Methodist parsonage, on October 25th, 1911, by Rev. J. P. Wilson, B. A., Harry M. Amey to Celia M., daughter of John M. Craig, Esq., all of the Township of Ernestown.

LEARY—THOMPSON—By the Rev. G. S. White, at Piety Hill, Napanee, on October 23rd, 1911, Mr. John Leary and Miss Nettie Viola Thompson, all of Napanee.

RESTRICK—PERKINS—By the Rev. G. S. White, at Piety Hill, Napanee, on October 25th, 1911, Mr. David Wallace Restrict, of Hungerford, to Miss Annie Elizabeth Perkins, of Matilda.



YOU have probably been intending to try Red Rose Tea for some time but from "force of habit" have just kept on using another tea.

Break the Habit
and buy Red Rose next time.



Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Stevens spent a few days this week attending the S. S. Convention in Brockville.

Mr. and Mrs. David Wilson left on Thursday for their home in Victoria, B. C.

Mr. Lot McGowan, Belleville, was in town on Thursday looking for men for sewer work.

Mrs. M. B. Demming has returned to Napanee after spending the summer in England.

Mrs. Nelson Walker is visiting her daughter in Cleveland.

Mrs. W. A. Daly returned from Toronto on Friday last.

Mrs. Will Kimmerly has returned from a six weeks visit in Watertown and Syracuse.

Miss Flo. Williams, of New York, is visiting her mother, Mrs. L. D. Williams, Camden East.

Mrs. H. B. Sherwood and Miss Leslie are spending a few days in Ottawa the guest of Mr. Luman Sherwood, C. E.

Miss Maud Stevens, Peterborough, is the guest of Miss Florence Stevens.

Mr. and Mrs. Darnell, Glen Island, left this week for their winter home in Florida.

Mr. Chas. D. Black left on Monday for Weyburn, Sask., to take a position with Mr. Fred Smith. Previous to his departure his fellow clerks in the Robinson Co's store, presented him with a purse of gold and a pin. Mr. Black has been for some years a teacher and assistant superintendent in Trinity Sunday School, where his vacant place will be hard to fill.

**Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA**

Mourning Rings.

In the seventeenth century a somewhat morbid taste in rings was evinced by the custom of wearing memorial or mourning rings bearing the name and date of the death of the departed. These were often of elaborate design, enameled in black and white, and a pleasantly suggestive ring of this type at one time very popular was formed of two skeletons

Secretary—Mrs. J. L. Boyes.
They trust this season will be as successful as the past and that the members will show the same interest in the club work which will commence in early November.

An Attempt at Burglary.

Wednesday evening about 11:30 o'clock, while nightwatch E. B. Perry was making his rounds through the back yards of the business section, he discovered a man perched upon a ladder evidently with the purpose of forcing an entrance into F. Chinneck's jewelry store. Mr. Perry placed him under arrest and he was locked up in the police cells. When questioned as to what he was doing on the ladder the man said he thought he had heard someone in the store, and was endeavoring to see who it was. He said his name was Charles Totton, and told several stories as to his place of residence. He appeared before Magistrate Rankin on Thursday morning and was remanded to jail for eight days, to allow an enquiry to be made with an idea of finding out, if possible, the past history of the man.

Bath Room Fixtures.

When you clean up your room and want to add fixtures better see our stock.

BOYLE & SON.

Golf.

The Kingston and Napanee Golf Clubs have played home and home matches this week and Kingston won both. The first match was played on the local links on Monday afternoon with the following result:

KINGSTON.

McIntyre.....	2
Davis.....	3
Laird.....	2
Hague.....	2
Boak.....	9
Elkins.....	1
Smaill.....	3
	13

NAPANEE.

Smith.....	1
Reiffenstein.....	0
Travers.....	0
Warner.....	0
German.....	3
Leonard.....	2
Daly.....	0
	6

The second match was played at Kingston on Wednesday with the following result:

KINGSTON.

McIntyre.....	3
Davis.....	3
Laird.....	3
Hague.....	3
Boak.....	0
Farrell.....	2
Smaill.....	3
Elkins.....	2
Swift.....	1
	20

NAPANEE.

Smith.....	0
Reiffenstein.....	0
Travers.....	0
Warner.....	0
German.....	2
Robinson.....	1
Daly.....	0
Leonard.....	1
Ham.....	1
	5

On each day the visiting team was entertained at dinner and the two matches were very keenly contested.

In Buying a Monument.

Don't for one moment think that size or weight are the sole consideration. Perfection as to color, cutting and brilliancy determines the price more than anything else. Only monuments of the highest quality are admitted to our stock—and no where else can as great price savings be made. The Napanee Marble and Granite Works.

M. PIZZARELLO, Prop.
Opposite Campbell House.

where I may at least talk to my intellectual equal!"

Silence for a moment, and then over the wire came a loud "Hello!" in a man's voice.

Mr. Brownlow was much relieved. "What place is that?" he asked. "The hospital for the insane," came the answer.

Pitchers.

Said the head of the crockery and chinaware department: "Every day we have to test pitchers with water to prove that liquids will not run back from the pitcher's mouth. If the housewife will only make sure to get a pitcher whose mouth curves down slightly she will have no trouble."

The Way He Looked at It.

Willis—Do you think a man should be allowed to hold the highest honor in the United States more than four years?

Gillis—Sure thing! I say, if a man can top the league in batting for 10 or even 15 years, let him stay in the game for the good of the sport.

Russian Excavations at Olbia.

The site of the ancient Greek colonial City of Olbia is on the southern bank of the Bug and is partially covered by the modern Russian Village of Parutino. Renewed excavations are now proceeding under the supervision of Prof. Parmakovsky of the Imperial Archaeological Society. During the last fortnight many interesting finds have been made in the old city necropolis of terra cotta statuettes and masks, and personal ornaments in gold and silver, rings, beads, necklaces, ear pendants, bracelets, etc. The most valuable objects, however, is a second Eros in bronze, of superb workmanship and artistic merit, standing at about fifteen inches with its small pedestal. The greater and more valuable results of the researches desultorily made during the last few years are now in the Hermitage Museum at St. Petersburg. Olbia was originally founded by a Greek colony from Miletus, and became about 600 B. C., the greatest civilized and trading centre in southern Scythia.—London Standard.

The Chinese Language.

The Chinese language is the chief among that small class of languages which include the Tibetan, Cochinese, Burmese, Korean and Chinese and which is usually described as monosyllabic. It is language in its most primitive form. Every word is a root, and every root a word. It is without inflection or even agglutination. Its substantives are indeclinable, and its verbs are not to be conjugated. It is destitute of an alphabet, in the sense in which other languages have an alphabet, and finds its expression on paper in thousands of distinct symbols or picture forms.

Handling Baked Fish.

Place in bottom of pan two strips of cheesecloth, three or four inches wide and long enough to extend three inches over side of pan, first dipping cloth in melted butter (or olive oil) and being careful to keep the ends extending over pan clean. Place fish on this and when done take hold of ends of cloth and lift fish out of pan on to platter. The cloth can then be easily pulled from under, leaving the fish in perfect shape.

Too Quickly.

"Sir, I wish to marry your daughter Susan."
"You do, eh? Are you in a position to support a family?"
"Oh, yes, sir!"
"Better be sure of it. There are ten of us."

Shake the bottle and take as directed and in 48 hours Four T's will shake your cold. Look for the four red T's. Price 25c.

Sold and recommended by T. B. Wallace, Druggist.

Harry M. Aimey to Celia M., daughter of John M. Craig, Esq., all of the Township of Ernestown.

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RAMSAY—CRAIG—At the Western Methodist parsonage, on October 20th, 1911, by Rev. J. P. Wilson, B. A., Alfred Ramsay to Elsa Florence, daughter of John Craig, Esq., all of the Township of Richmond.

DEATHS

CARSCALLEN—At Richmond, on Oct. 21st, 1911, Anna Carscallen, aged 68 years.

DOLLER—At Napanee, on Thursday, Oct. 19th, 1911, Wm. Nelson Doller, aged 88 years, 5 months, 15 days.

HESS—At Switzerville, on Monday, October 23rd, 1911, Archibald Hess, aged 54 years.

JONES—In Richmond, on Sunday, October 22nd, 1911, Eliza Jane Long, relict of the late Gilbert H. Jones, aged 86 years, 3 months, and 18 days.

PRINGLE—At Napanee, on Sunday, October 22nd, 1911, Solomon Waldron Pringle, aged 78 years, 7 months and 22 days.

PRICE—At Oakland, Cal., on Sept. 25th, 1921, Dr. W. E. Price, aged 72 years, 6 months.

SHOREY—At Toronto, on Sunday, October 15th, 1911, Emma Bristol, beloved wife of E. R. Shorey, formerly of Napanee, aged 70 years and 6 months.

Mourning Rings.

In the seventeenth century a somewhat morbid taste in rings was evinced by the custom of wearing memorial or mourning rings bearing the name and date of the death of the departed. These were often of elaborate design, enameled in black and white, and a pleasantly suggestive ring of this type at one time very popular was formed of two skeletons bent along the hoop and holding a coffin on which the name and date were engraved.

Good Stunt.

At a military drill the command was given to raise the left leg. One man, however, raised his right leg, and, perceiving this, the officer exclaimed, "What idiot has raised both his legs?"—London Mail.

He Had Called It Off.

"Shure, Bedalia and me won't be marrying the day. Oi've bruk the ingame."

"An' fer phwy did ye do that?"
"Bedad, she ran away an' married McNulty yisterday."

Notice to Poultry Raisers.

Messrs. Robert Nevens & Son, who have bought dressed poultry here for the last two seasons, will be here again in November and will be prepared as usual to pay the highest price. For further particulars apply to

C. A. WISEMAN, John St., Napanee.

Chase's Kidney and Liver Pills, 20c, at Wallace's Drug Store.

REMOVAL SALE!

Special Private Sale

to continue the clearance of our stock of

Watches, Rings, Jewellery,

and whatever else is left.

All must go to make room for a complete new stock in our new premises, next door to Wallace's Drug Store.

Prices are Slaughtered.

Call and see for yourself.

F. Chinneck's Jewelry Store

Open every evening until we move, the end of next week.